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SHUTTLE ACTIVE THERMAL CONTROL SYSTEM
DEVELOPMENT TESTING

VOLUME III

MODULAR RADIATOR SYSTEM
TEST DATA CORRELATION WITH
THERMAL MODEL

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To

THE NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION
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FOREWORD

This volume is one of a series of reports describing the development tests conducted on a candidate Shuttle heat rejection system at the National Aeronautics and Space Administration - Johnson Space Center during the period from March to July 1973. The complete test series are reported in the following volumes:

- Volume I Overall Summary
- Volume II Modular Radiator System Tests
- Volume III Modular Radiator System Test Data
Correlation With Thermal Model
- Volume IV Modular Radiator System Test Data
- Volume V Integrated Radiator/Expendable Cooling System
Tests
- Volume VI Water Ejector Plume Tests
- Volume VII Improved Radiator Coating Adhesives Tests
- Volume VIII Tube Anomaly Investigation

The tests were conducted jointly by NASA and the Vought Systems Division of LTV Aerospace Corporation under Contract NAS9-10534. D. W. Morris of the NASA-JSC Crew Systems Division was the contract technical monitor. Mr. R. J. Tufte served as the VSD Project Engineer.

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1.0

SUMMARY

This volume presents the results of an analysis which compares the performance predictions of a thermal model of a multi-panel modular radiator system (MRS) with thermal vacuum test data. The correlation of the thermal model is one of the objectives of the MRS test phase of the Shuttle heat rejection system development tests conducted at NASA-JSC from March to July 1973.

Comparisons between measured and predicted individual panel outlet temperatures and pressure drops and system outlet temperatures have been made over the full range of heat loads, environments and plumbing arrangements expected for the Shuttle radiators. Both two sided and one sided radiation have been included. The model predictions show excellent agreement with the test data for the maximum design conditions of high load and hot environment. Predictions under minimum design conditions of low load-cold environments indicate good agreement with the measured data, but evaluation of low load predictions should consider the possibility of parallel flow instabilities due to main system freezing. Performance predictions under intermediate conditions in which the majority of the flow is not in either the main or prime system are adequate although model improvements in this area may be desired. The primary modeling objective of providing an analytical technique for performance predictions of a multi-panel radiator system under the design conditions has been met.

2.0 INTRODUCTION

Accurate predictions of the Space Shuttle radiator system performance is of prime importance in the design and development of this heat rejection system. The proposed location of the radiators attached to and/or deployed from the cargo bay doors introduces many design variables such as radiation from one side only, two-sided radiation or back-to-back panels. The worst case orbit and vehicle attitude must be determined analytically for each of these configurations to optimize the radiator design. The use of flow reversal or flow proportioning valves introduces more variables which must be considered. Due to the size of the radiator system (up to 1440 ft²) it is impractical to determine the optimum radiator system by test. An accurate model is needed to parametrically study all design variables and insure optimum radiator performance.

The uniqueness of the modular panel concept, the valve stagnation method of heat load control and the large size of the radiator system present several modeling criteria not encountered in previous radiator systems. The multi-panel configuration proposed for use on the Shuttle requires that the model predict interaction between the panels; thus, dictating a separate model for each panel. In order to maintain similarity between the models, accurate predictions are required over a wide range of inlet temperatures in addition to the usual environment and flow variations. The downstream panel performance predictions must be as good as the upstream panel predictions and the individual panel errors must not accumulate to compromise the total radiator system performance.

The developmental testing of the Modular Radiator System (MRS) discussed in Volume II, Modular Radiator System Tests, of this report provides approximately 300 hours of thermal vacuum test data for thermal model correlation. The test panels are of a different size (6' x 12') than the anticipated baseline panels (approximately 11' x 15') and the baseline panels will probably have a different number of tubes, tube spacing and fin thickness. However, the modeling techniques developed from the test panel correlation analyses can be used for the baseline system model, thus improving the confidence of baseline system performance predictions.

This volume of the report presents the results of an analysis to correlate the system thermal model with the test data. A description of the

model is given in Section 3.0. Comparisons of pre-test predictions with test data and a discussion of the selection criteria for post test correlation are given in Section 4.0. Sections 5.0 and 6.0 present a discussion of the results and conclusions about the model adequacy.

3.0 MODEL DESCRIPTION

The primary objective of the thermal model is to provide a tool for performance predictions of the radiator system under the design conditions of maximum and minimum heat rejection. The maximum heat rejection capability must be in the most severe environment and the minimum heat rejection must be in the most favorable environment for heat rejection. Predictions of intermediate heat loads and environments are desirable, but are of secondary importance.

Each of the eight modular test panels consists of 12 tubes arranged in a "U" shaped pattern as shown in Figure 1. The innermost tube is designated the prime tube and the other eleven tubes comprise the main system. The heat rejection of the panel is regulated by controlling the flow split through the main system and the prime tube. At high heat loads approximately 99% of the flow is routed to the bank of main tubes and essentially all of the panel heat rejection is from the main system. The minimum panel heat rejection occurs when approximately 99% of the flow is routed to the prime tube. With a low flow and cold environment the main tubes begin to sequentially stagnate (freeze) with the outermost tube flow stoppage occurring first. In the minimum heat rejection condition most of the main system tubes are frozen and nearly all of the panel heat rejection is from the prime system. During the transition from the minimum to maximum heat load the stagnated tubes sequentially thaw from the inside to the outside tube as the heat load demands until all tubes are flowing and the maximum heat rejection is obtained.

The model objectives and system operating characteristics discussed above have been used in the construction of the thermal model. A single tube is used to model the bank of eleven main tubes as depicted in Figure 2. The single tube fluid-to-tube heat transfer and pressure drop characteristics are based on tube number 6 of the main system with a factor of 11 applied so that the total area for heat transfer between the fluid and tube in the model matches the main bank of tubes. Table 1 summarizes the test panel dimensions and the model parameters used. In order to conserve the number of nodes required in the model, only tube nodes are used. A tube node is defined as any node in contact with the fluid. Thus the tube node includes the tube and the radiating fin between each tube. The fluid-to-tube heat transfer computation uses the

tube temperature.

$$Q = h A_T (T_T - T_F) \quad (1)$$

where Q = heat transfer rate BTU/hr
 h = fluid heat transfer coefficient, BTU/hr-ft²-°R
 A_T = fluid-tube heat transfer area, ft²
 T_T = tube temperature, °R
 T_F = fluid temperature, °R

However, use of the tube temperature in computing the net radiation heat transfer from the panel requires that the fin effectiveness be considered.

$$Q = \epsilon \sigma A T_T^4 - \eta A Q_{ABS} \quad (2)$$

where ϵ = panel emissivity, dimensionless
 σ = Stephan Boltzmann constant, BTU/hr-ft²-°R⁴
 η = fin radiation effectiveness, dimensionless
 A = area for radiation, ft²
 Q_{ABS} = heat absorbed from the environment, BTU/hr-ft²

Therefore, the product ηA is input to the model rather than the radiation area. As previously discussed, in some operating conditions one or more of the main tubes can stagnate, thus reducing the fin effectiveness. For the model to predict accurate results under all operating conditions a variable fin effectiveness is required. It is not practical to obtain performance data, by either testing or prediction with a detailed model, which would give the test panel effectiveness variation over a wide range of inlet temperatures, flowrates and environments. A main system η of 0.90 was calculated for the maximum heat load condition with all tubes flowing. This constant value was input to the model in accordance with the primary objective of providing a model for maximum heat load predictions.

For low load conditions the majority of heat rejection is from the prime tube with most of the main tubes stagnated. This condition is modeled

by inputting an nA product for the entire panel with the majority of the flow in the prime tube. The η calculated for this condition is 0.063.

The resulting model thus consists of two separate models - one for the main system for maximum heat rejection conditions and one for the prime system for minimum heat rejection conditions. There are no thermal connections between the two systems. It is realized that this technique will result in temperature predictions of the main system tube below -211°F (freezing point of R-21). This is due to the constant high main system fin effectiveness in the model, whereas the actual fin effectiveness is reduced as tubes stagnate. The frozen main tube should not have an adverse effect on steady-state low load predictions; however, transient predictions between maximum and minimum heat rejection is not possible since once the main tube stagnates the model will not predict destagnation. Figure 3 shows a typical system model schematic.

In order to correlate the model to the test data it is necessary to predict the flow split among the panels. The panel flows are influenced by the panel supply and return lines, valves and flowmeters as well as the panel characteristics and temperature. During the test the valves were manually adjusted (partially closed) at ambient conditions to give equal flow in each parallel path since there are different numbers of valves, flowmeters, and line lengths in each path. The thermal model includes the actual line lengths and estimated full open valve pressure drop characteristics. However the approach used in the correlation analysis was to artificially make the flow distribution match the test values. This was done since the flow distribution was manually adjusted during the test and the modeling of the partially closed test valves is not an objective of this analysis.

During the third week of testing the radiators were allowed to radiate from both sides with a simulated Shuttle cargo bay door on one side (see Figure 4). The test configuration was designed to yield an effective radiation area from the cavity, formed by the panel and simulated door of 0.67 times the panel area. This factor is based on analysis of the Shuttle configuration considering reflection between the curved radiator and door. The thermal model also used this factor. Verification of the model under the test conditions does not verify the model for flight use because the test configuration is based on analysis only.

4.0 CORRELATION ANALYSES

Pretest analyses were conducted for the originally planned 56 test points. This data was used for real time evaluation of the test conditions and results during the test. For most of the test points, deviations from the planned test flow rates, inlet temperatures and environments prevent the use of the pre-test analysis for correlation purposes. Also, as discussed in Volume II, several of the test conditions were altered considerably due to operational difficulties with the environment simulators. Figures 5 thru 14 show a comparison of test results and predictions for several test points for which the test conditions were close to those planned. As indicated, the model predictions agree well with the data with differences attributed to different test conditions. Appendix A presents the complete pre-test predictions, including a definition of the planned conditions. This data is of interest even though many of the test points were never run since it gives MRS performance predictions under typical Shuttle conditions.

The test points used for post test correlation were chosen to give comparisons over a wide range of operating conditions. It is not practical to run the entire test sequence; however proper selection of the test points for correlation will yield a model of known accuracy for any anticipated operating condition. The most important operating condition is at the maximum heat load and maximum design environment. Accurate performance predictions for this condition are required to insure that the radiator system capacity is sufficient to meet the load. A high heat load with a cold environment condition is best to determine model adequacy and highlight possible sources of error. Table 2 lists the test points chosen for correlation and the range of variables covered. As indicated low and high heat loads, low and high environments, skewed environments, various plumbing configurations, and one and two sided radiation conditions are considered in the correlation analyses.

The correlation analysis concentrated on steady state performance predictions. Transient predictions have been made for the two-sided radiation set point change test points to show the effect of transient inlet temperatures and panel flow rates. No correlation was done for the transient environment test points because only steady state environment data is available at this time.

Recovery transients (minimum-maximum) heat load transients were also not correlated since the model does not predict tube freezing.

5.0 RESULTS

5.1 High Load - Hot Environment

Figures 15 through 18 present temperature maps comparing the correlation analysis results and the test data for the four test points with high heat loads and a hot environment. Three different panel flow arrangements were examined with 2, 4 and 8 parallel flow paths. For these test points the majority of the flow is through the main system. Individual panel flows ranged from approximately 230 to 590 lb/hr. A nominal environment of 130 BTU/hr-ft² was imposed on all panels during these test points. This is representative of the maximum absorbed heat expected for the Space Shuttle radiators with a solar absorptivity of 0.25 and an emissivity of 0.90.

As shown on the temperature maps, the analysis and test data for the main system temperatures show excellent agreement. The maximum difference is 4.7°F with most of the differences 3.0°F or less. All mixed main system outlet temperatures agree within 2.0°F. The predicted prime system temperatures are consistently lower than the test temperatures. This is attributed to the modeling technique which does not account for the thermal interaction between the prime and main system. The test data indicate that with full main system flow the hot innermost main tube (adjacent of the prime tube) affects the prime tube temperature. The test conditions had the prime inlet lower than the main system inlet resulting the prime system having a temperature rise in the first panels. For example TP-1A has a prime inlet temperature of 91.5°F and the prime outlet of panels 1 and 5 are 105°F and 108°F. The model does not consider the hot main tube adjacent to the prime tube and thus predicts a lower prime temperature. However, due to the low prime flow, the prime temperatures do not influence total system performance as indicated by the mixed prime and main temperatures of Figures 15 through 18. Thus prediction of the prime temperatures under these conditions are not important. This is further illustrated by the heat rejection rates presented in Tables 3 through 6. Individual panel and total system heat rejection computed from the predicted and test data are compared for the four test points of interest. This data indicates that although the predicted prime heat rejection is in considerable error, there is negligible effect on the total panel heat rejection. The panel and system heat rejection data also indicate the good agreement between the analysis and test.

5.2 High Load - Cold Environment

Correlation to the high load - cold environment test results is a good indication of model adequacy since large temperature drops with relatively high flow rates occur under these conditions. The environment does not have a strong effect on panel temperatures and small model errors are amplified. Figures 19 and 20 present the comparative temperature maps for test points 10 and 51. Good correlation is shown for the main system with the exception of panel 1 outlet temperature for test point 10. No explanation is offered for the approximately 9°F difference between the predicted and measured temperature other than a possible measurement error. The reported environment for panel 1 was higher than the other panels suggesting a possible error in the computed environment. However, the results of an environment perturbation analysis shown in Figure 21 indicates that environment errors much greater than 5% would be required to account for the temperature differences.

The prime system temperatures do not show as good agreement as the main system especially for test point 51. The discussion of the prime system predictions given in paragraph 5.1 also applies to this case. Although the prime system flow is high the temperature drop is small and the contribution to total heat rejection is small.

Although the predicted and measured main and prime system outlets of test point 10 are nearly identical, the measured prime and main mixed temperature is 5.7°F below the predicted value. This is attributed to either a measurement error or heat transfer to the system return line which is not considered in the model.

Tables 7 and 8 compare the panel and system heat rejection computed from the analysis and test data. The prime system predicted heat rejection deviates considerably from the test data, especially for test point 51. The main system heat rejection compares favorably and the prime system error is damped out in the total heat rejection. The predicted system heat rejection is within 4% of the test data for test point 51 and within 0.3% for test point 10.

5.3 Low Load - Cold Environment

As discussed in paragraph 3.0, the modeling technique does not allow accurate main system predictions under low load conditions. The correlation analysis under low load conditions was conducted to determine the severity of the low load modeling restrictions and to give an indication of when the low load predictions become unacceptable. The general poor correlation of the main system is reflected in the temperature maps shown in Figures 22 through 24

for test points 17, 17A and 36. The main system temperatures are consistently predicted lower than the test values. Predictions for test points 17A and 36 show main panel outlets below the freezing point of R-21 (-211°F). This is because the main panel efficiency is input at a constant value to obtain accurate predictions for the high heat load case. The test panel effectiveness is greatly reduced due to low flow in the outer tubes; thus, the test temperatures are above the predicted values. For test point 17A the panels with a predicted outlet below -211°F are in series and the only effect is a high panel pressure drop in addition to the cold temperature predictions. Test point 36 however, has 3 parallel flow paths and the prediction of frozen panels results in a main system flow instability with all main flow routed to one leg.

The predicted prime temperatures are in fair agreement with the test data. The predicted values are generally higher than the test values indicating that the previous agreement that the hot main temperatures caused the prime predictions to be low is valid. Under the low load conditions the main system has less effect on the prime system.

Since the prime system has a small temperature drop, even small differences in predicted and measured temperatures can cause large percentage differences in the heat rejection. This is illustrated by the heat rejection data in Tables 9 through 11. Test point 17A prime system outlet is predicted only 0.4°F higher than the measured temperature but the predicted heat rejection is 11% lower than the test data. However, the heat rejection is only 115 BTU/hr lower than the test. The total system predicted and test heat rejection rates compare favorably for test points 17 and 17A even though the main system predicted heat rejection is high.

5.3 High Load - Skewed Environment

Figures 25 through 31 present temperature maps comparing the predicted and measured data for high load conditions with hot environments on some panels and cold environments on others. This data is also for two sided radiation, except for Figure 30, with a simulated cargo bay door on one side as shown in Figure 4. The predicted temperatures are in fair agreement for all test points in this group. Test points 53-56 and 59 are part of the transient correlation analysis (paragraph 5.5). For these test points the predictions used a temperature control valve to predict the flow split between the prime and main systems. All other analysis used test values for the main and prime systems flow since correlation under known conditions is required. The flow

split predictions are dependent on the temperature predictions and small errors tend to be amplified by different flow rates. The predicted flows are in general agreement with the test values, but errors as large as 117 lb/hr do occur (Figure 27 , test point 55 total main flow). It should be noted that the individual leg measured flow rates do not sum to the total measured flow. The correlation analysis assumed the total flow measurements were more accurate and the leg flow rate measurements were used only to estimate the percentage of the total flow in each leg.

The main temperature predictions correlate adequately with the test data with the best agreement for test points 27 and 49. The prime temperature predictions are low for the reasons previously discussed in addition to the fact that the prime tube is located at the junction of the radiator and cargo bay door simulator and the effective radiation area may be less than the analytically determined factor of 0.67.

Tables 12 through 18 show the heat rejection computed from the predicted and test data. The predicted main system heat rejection agrees closely with the test data. The prime heat rejection is in considerable error. As in previous cases the prime system has a small affect on the total heat rejection and the total predicted and test values show good agreement.

5.4 Low Load - Skewed Environment

During some Shuttle operating conditions, it is possible that some radiator panels could absorb heat while others are rejecting heat. A comparison of predicted and test temperature maps under this condition are shown in Figures 32 and 33 . The temperature map for test point 14 (Figure 32) indicates the same general trend for those panels with a low environment as previously discussed, i.e., the main and prime temperature predictions are low. Panels 4 and 2 have a high environment (180 BTU/hr-ft^2) and absorb heat. As indicated, the temperature rise across panel 4 (33.5°F predicted vs 32.8°F measured) and panel 2 (26°F predicted vs 25.3°F measured) shows good correlation.

The temperature map for test point 47 (Figure 33) is another illustration of the low load prediction capabilities of the model. The cold environment on panels 5, 7, 8 and 6 results in a predicted main system outlet below -211°F and flow stoppage in this leg. The prime temperature predictions are in good agreement with the measured data for this test point.

Tables 19 and 20 show the comparative heat rejection of the individual panels and systems. The total main heat rejection for test point 14 is in considerable error, but panels 2 and 4 predictions match the test data indicating the model correctly predicts heat absorption. As in previous analyses the prime system heat rejection for both test points have large percentage errors even though the prime temperatures agree.

5.5 Transient Correlation

Transient environment data was not available at the time of this analysis, so the model could not be verified in this area. However, test points 53-56 and 59 examined the radiator response to changes in the outlet temperature control point, which resulted in transient prime and main system flows. Between test points 55 and 56 there was also a transient in the prime inlet temperature (from approximately 162 to 135°F in a 1.5 hour period). The main inlet remained constant during this time. Figures 34 and 35 compare the analysis and test data for these test points. The predicted flow rates and outlet temperatures show good agreement throughout the transient. The outlet temperature transients for these test points are of the same order as expected for the orbital environment variations indicating that the model should provide good predictions with cyclical orbital environments.

5.6 Pressure Drop Correlation

The test systems contained numerous valves to allow the plumbing arrangements to be changed during the test. These valves and unequal supply and return lines resulted in unequal pressure drop characteristics of parallel flow paths. Also, flowmeters in some flow paths increased the flow resistance. During the test each flow system was artificially balanced under ambient conditions by partially closing one or more of the flow control valves. The correlation analysis was also conducted with artificially balanced flows to match the test data; thus the model flow distribution prediction has not been verified. Individual measured panel pressure drops can be compared to predicted values to verify the model. If panel pressure drops can be accurately predicted, the correct flow distribution should follow since pressure drop predictions of flow in adiabatic supply and return lines is straight forward.

A survey of all predicted and measured pressure drops shown on the temperature maps of Figures 15 through 33 indicates good correlation. Table 21 summarizes this data and gives the percentage error for each panel. Panel 1 measured pressure drop was consistently much higher than the other panels and the predicted values. This panel had a different tube restrictor design than the other panels and is not included in the pressure drop correlation analysis. The predicted pressure drops for those points which the model predicts a main system freeze-up are in considerable error as expected. Test points 53-59 pressure drops do not show as good agreement also because of differences in the main flow rates. For all other test points the maximum error is less than 1.0 psi. Panel flow rates ranged from approximately 800 to 6 lb/hr.

6.0 CONCLUSIONS

A thermal model of the Modular Radiator System proposed for use on the Space Shuttle has been developed and verified by comparison to thermal-vacuum test data. The test panel configuration is thermally similar to the anticipated flight hardware configuration, and application of the test panel modeling techniques to the flight panel should provide an accurate model for the radiator system performance evaluation.

The model predictions show excellent agreement with the test data for the high heat load-hot environment conditions; thus indicating that one of the primary objectives of the model (providing good predictions under maximum load design conditions) has been met. The second primary objective of providing good performance predictions under the minimum load design conditions has also been met, although low load correlations were generally not as good as the high load. Careful evaluation of the low load predictions are required to insure that flow instability in parallel flow paths caused by erroneous panel freeze predictions do not cause large errors in system performance. As expected, predictions under conditions in which the majority of the flow is not routed to either the prime or main system are the least accurate, but are considered adequate.

Transient performance predictions have been verified by comparisons to test data in which the flow split between the prime and main systems varied due to changes in the mixed outlet temperature control point. These flow variations are similar to expected orbital variations caused by changing environments.

Comparison of predicted and measured panel pressure drops over a wide range of flows and temperatures indicates accurate model predictions and should insure accurate panel flow rate predictions in any panel plumbing arrangement.

The correlation analyses indicated that improvements in the predictions of intermediate load and/or environment conditions could be made by considering the thermal interface between the prime and main system. The present model is adequate for the stated objectives and revisions for test panel correlation were not considered necessary at this time. As the flight

configuration evolves and performance prediction criteria are more firmly established, consideration should be given to accounting for the prime/main interaction and developing a technique for modeling the variable panel effectiveness if so required.

TABLE 1
TEST PANEL DIMENSIONS AND MODEL INPUT PARAMETERS

TUBE NO.	TUBE LENGTH FT		WETTED PERIMETER FT		CROSS SECTIONAL FLOW AREA - FT ²		FLUID-TUBE AREA FOR HEAT TRANS. FT ²	
	PANEL	MODEL	PANEL	MODEL	PANEL	MODEL	PANEL	MODEL
1	3		.0327		8.52x10 ⁻⁵		.0981	
2	5						.1635	
3	7						.2289	
4	9						.2943	
5	11						.3597	
6	13	13		.36			.4251	4.68
7	15						.4905	
8	17						.5559	
9	19						.6213	
10	21						.6867	
11	23		.0327		8.52x10 ⁻⁵			

TABLE 2 STEADY STATE CORRELATION TEST POINTS

CONDITIONS		NO. OF SIDES RADG.	TEST POINT	FLOW CONFIG.	INLET TEMP.			FLOW		PANEL ENVIRONMENT							
LOAD	ENVIRON.				MAIN	PRIME		MAIN	PRIME	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
High	Hot	1	1A	α	178.3	91.5		1094.	13.2	135.	136.6	133.6	135.6	136.4	136.6	135.4	135.5
		1	45	ϵ	150.8	128.7		2198.	16.	129.4	129.	130.1	128.9	128.3	127.2	129.3	128.1
		1	32	γ	165.25	111.5		2223.	47.1	130.5	129.3	130.8	130.2	129.1	128.5	130.8	129.6
		1	4	α	116.	86.		1106.	13.4	132.6	140.5	135.5	134.7	134.5	139.5	134.9	134.4
High	Cold	1	10	$1/2 \alpha$	163.6	161.8		283.	268.	45.1	-	34.8	30.			32.6	
		1	51	γ	159.	158.5		1379.	884.	16.5	16.8	8.8	9.2	16.0	16.3	9.0	9.1
Low	Cold	1	17	$1/2 \alpha$	55.3	53.2		17.1	549.	28.8		26.6	21.2			21.8	
		1	17A	β	51.6	52.6		11.6	1169.	26.4	5.1	25.1	3.4	22.0		21.7	
		1	36	γ	57.7	53.5		52.	1053.		4.8		2.9	4.8	4.6	3.0	3.1
High	Skewed	2	53	γ	164.1	134.25		974.	1268.9	126.5	125.7	120.7	114.2	14.	14.	7.4	7.2
		2	54	γ						130.2	128.6	124.1	123.4	17.5	17.6	10.7	10.6
		2	55	γ						129.9	128.2	123.7	123.8	17.6	18.2	10.5	10.5
		2	56	γ						124.8	124.8	119.8	121.5	13.9	13.7	7.3	7.0
		2	59	γ						130.2	128.6	124.1	123.4	17.5	17.6	10.7	10.6
		1	49	γ	100.	89.5		2161.	44.8	127.5	128.4	29.5	29.5	128.8	129.3	78.2	75.
		2	27	γ	164.6	114.5		2200.	16.4	170.	170.	172.	174.	66.	67.	68.8	67.
Low	Skewed	1	14	α	18.4	152.4		1615.	626.	30.	190.	30.	180.	30.	30.	30.	30.
		1	47	α	49.5	51.5		111.	988.	126.2	126.6	125.	129.6	5.8	2.8	3.5	2.95

TABLE 3
HEAT REJECTION
TEST POINT α 1A

		BTU/HR		
<u>PANEL</u>		<u>PRIME</u>	<u>MAIN</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
1	Predicted Test	4.4 -23.9	5540.3 6100.5	5544.7 6076.6
2	Predicted Test	0.8 5.3	1200.0 991.1	1210.3 996.4
3	Predicted Test	3.8 8.9	3492.7 3064.5	3496.5 3073.4
4	Predicted Test	2.0 1.8	1997.1 1863.5	1999.1 1865.3
5	Predicted Test	3.7 -26.7	5481.0 5776.2	5484.7 5749.5
6	Predicted Test	1.2 9.7	1175.4 984.6	1176.6 994.3
7	Predicted Test	3.3 11.4	3337.0 3241.2	3340.3 3252.6
8	Predicted Test	2.3 -1.6	1941.5 1996.0	1943.8 1994.4
<u>SYSTEM</u>				
	Predicted Test	21.1 38.4	24126.4 24245.6	24147.5 24284.0

TABLE 4
HEAT REJECTION

TEST POINT ε 45

		BTU/HR		
<u>PANEL</u>		<u>PRIME</u>	<u>MAIN</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
1	Predicted Test	16.9 3.1	3436.9 3515.9	3506. 3519.
2	Predicted Test	17.2 2.6	3442.6 3735.4	3459.8 3738.
3	Predicted *			
	Test			
4	Predicted *			
	Test			
5	Predicted Test	16.8 4.6	3441.4 3695.2	3458.2 3699.8
6	Predicted Test	17.2 0.5	3477.1 3777.5	3494.3 3778.
7	Predicted*			
	Test			
8	Predicted*			
	Test			
<u>SYSTEM</u>				
	Predicted	128.3	28031.1	28159.4
	Test	53.8	29175.4	29229.2

*Data wasn't available for Panels 3,4,7,8, since flow splits were not measured.

TABLE 5
HEAT REJECTION

TEST POINT Y 32

BTU/HR

<u>PANEL</u>		<u>PRIME</u>	<u>MAIN</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
1	Predicted Test	20.4 -4.3	4911.9 4869.2	4932.3 4864.9
2	Predicted Test	20.4 -7.2	4958.9 5229.0	4979.3 5221.8
3	Predicted Test	12.4 25.6	2963.6 3006.9	2976. 3032.5
4	Predicted Test	12.7 25.7	2978.7 3012.3	2991.4 3038.
5	Predicted Test	21.7 -11.5	4997.4 5397.8	5019.1 5386.3
6	Predicted Test	21.8 -18.2	5029.7 5407.7	5051.5 5389.5
7	Predicted Test	14.4 32.9	2985.5 3084.1	2999.9 3417.
8	Predicted Test	14.6 26.4	3030.6 2957.9	3045.2 2984.3
<u>SYSTEM</u>				
	Predicted Test	137.8 104.1	31856. 32465.1	31993.8 32569.2

TABLE 6
HEAT REJECTION

TEST POINT α 4

BTU/HR

<u>PANEL</u>		<u>PRIME</u>	<u>MAIN</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
1	Predicted Test	3.1 -7.9	1999.1 1941.4	2002.2 1933.5
2	Predicted Test	- .8 1.6	209.9 140.	209.1 141.6
3	Predicted Test	1.2 -7.9	1090.4 846.9	1091.6 839.
4	Predicted Test	1.2 6.3	730.6 560.2	731.8 566.5
5	Predicted Test	2.2 -11.	1854.1 1743.9	1856.3 1732.9
6	Predicted Test	-0.7 0.0	267.8 0.0	267.1 0.0
7	Predicted Test	1.7 3.7	1155.3 1147.	1157. 1150.7
8	Predicted Test	1.4 3.7	764.2 710	765.6 713.7
<u>SYSTEM</u>				
	Predicted Test	9.8 30.4	7989.7 7433.4	7999.5 7463.8

TABLE 7
HEAT REJECTION

TEST POINT α 10

BTU/HR

<u>PANEL</u>		<u>PRIME</u>	<u>MAIN</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
1	Predicted Test	297.9 213.9	6641.9 7251.5	6939.8 7466.4
2	Predicted Test			
3	Predicted Test	310.4 424.7	4034.4 3695.	4344.8 4120.7
4	Predicted Test	302.8 212.	2348.6 2267.	2651.4 2479.
5	Predicted Test			
6	Predicted Test			
7	Predicted Test	149. 150.1	1342.7 1008.7	1491.7 1158.5
8	Predicted Test			
<u>SYSTEM</u>				
	Predicted Test	1199.5 1199.5	13952.5 13994.7	15152. 15194.2

TABLE 8
HEAT REJECTION

TEST POINT Y 51

		BTU/HR		
<u>PANEL</u>		<u>PRIME</u>	<u>MAIN</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
1	Predicted Test	535.0 264.6	11111.6 11536.2	11646.6 11800.8
2	Predicted Test	534.0 440.3	11102.8 10802.5	11636.8 11242.8
3	Predicted Test	518.5 233.6	5577.5 5431.9	6096. 5665.5
4	Predicted Test	519.4 58.2	5561.3 5079.8	6080.7 5138.
5	Predicted Test	537.9 231.8	11234.0 11499.6	11771.9 11731.4
6	Predicted Test	537.9 166.2	11225.1 11499.6	11763. 11665.8
7	Predicted Test	516.1 229.7	5578.9 5776.0	6095. 6005.7
8	Predicted Test	516.1 303.8	5653. 5583.7	6169.1 5887.5
<u>SYSTEM</u>				
	Predicted Test	4207.8 1969.4	66791.0 66400.0	70998.8 68369.4

TABLE 9
HEAT REJECTION

TEST POINT a 17

BTU/HR

<u>PANEL</u>		<u>PRIME</u>	<u>MAIN</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
1	Predicted Test	135.3 0.0	571.4 551.	706.7 551.
2	Predicted Test			
3	Predicted Test	135.3 715.8	49.8 10.2	185.1 726.
4	Predicted Test	148.6 134.8	73.8 27.4	222.4 162.2
5	Predicted Test			
6	Predicted Test			
7	Predicted Test	135.1 0.0	-3.9 -7.4	131.2 -7.4
8	Predicted Test			
<u>SYSTEM</u>				
	Predicted Test	553.7 850.8	691. 424.4	1244.7 1275.2

TABLE 10
HEAT REJECTION

TEST POINT B 17A

		BTU/HR		
<u>PANEL</u>		<u>PRIME</u>	<u>MAIN</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
1	Predicted Test	142.5 213.1	212.5 106.1	355. 319.2
2	Predicted Test	172.5 287.6	-7.0 87.6	165.5 375.2
3	Predicted Test	142.7 596.7	2.1 15.9	144.8 612.6
4	Predicted Test	172.5 -287.6	273.9 138.9	446.4 -148.7
5	Predicted Test	130.9 218.7	220. 197.1	350.9 415.8
6	Predicted Test			
7	Predicted Test	145.4 769.6	7.0 33.3	152.4 802.9
8	Predicted Test			
<u>SYSTEM</u>				
	Predicted Test	920.2 1035.3	714.2 548.7	1634.4 1584.

TABLE 11
HEAT REJECTION
TEST POINT γ 36
BTU/HR

<u>PANEL</u>		<u>PRIME</u>	<u>MAIN</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
1	Predicted Test			
2	Predicted Test	172.9 27.4	4.6 672.7	117.5 700.1
3	Predicted Test			
4	Predicted Test	172.6 673.9	0.4 144.5	173. 818.4
5	Predicted Test	173.1 117.8	4.6 776.3	177.7 894.1
6	Predicted Test	173.1 117.8	1998.2 653.6	2171.3 771.4
7	Predicted Test	172.7 529.1	0.4 182.4	173.1 711.5
8	Predicted Test	172.7 176.5	708.7 157.2	881.4 333.7
<u>SYSTEM</u>				
	Predicted Test	1036.1 1709.7	2739.8 2468.8	3775.9 4178.5

TABLE 12
HEAT REJECTION
TEST POINT Y 53

		BTU/HR		
<u>PANEL</u>		<u>PRIME</u>	<u>MAIN</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
1	Predicted Test	311.3 103.0	6316.2 6593.7	6628.2 6696.7
2	Predicted Test	311.3 53.6	6343.9 6472.7	6655.2 6526.3
3	Predicted Test	297.4 123.6	2193.6 1898.5	2491.0 2022.1
4	Predicted Test	314.5 90.7	2371.6 2069.3	2686.1 2160.0
5	Predicted Test	484.3 200.1	9517.8 9257.2	10002.1 9457.3
6	Predicted Test	484.3 111.2	9517.8 9976.3	10002.1 10087.5
7	Predicted Test	466.7 44.3	4002.3 3761.1	4469.0 3805.4
8	Predicted Test	466.7 -536.5	4008.1 3996.4	4474.8 3459.9
<u>SYSTEM</u>				
	Predicted Test	3157.3 945.9	44007.0 43911.3	47164.3 44857.2

TABLE 13
HEAT REJECTION

TEST POINT γ 54

BTU/HR

<u>PANEL</u>		<u>PRIME</u>	<u>MAIN</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
1	Predicted	301.7	8945.3	9247.0
	Test	105.5	9435.9	9541.4
2	Predicted	304.2	8991.9	9296.1
	Test	78.8	8833.6	8912.4
3	Predicted	279.8	4444.5	4724.3
	Test	185.1	4449.9	4635.
4	Predicted	279.8	4410.2	4690.
	Test	194.9	4394.7	4589.6
5	Predicted	444.3	13113.4	13557.7
	Test	126.4	13053.7	13180.1
6	Predicted	446.4	13088.9	13535.3
	Test	87.8	13708.1	13796.7
7	Predicted	413.5	7311.2	7724.7
	Test	223.1	7204.5	7427.6
8	Predicted	413.5	7337.7	7751.2
	Test	79.3	7296.8	7376.1
<u>SYSTEM</u>				
	Predicted	2856.0	66757.7	69613.7
	Test	1411.8	67791.4	69203.2

TABLE 14
HEAT REJECTION

TEST POINT γ 55

BTU/HR

<u>PANEL</u>		<u>PRIME</u>	<u>MAIN</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
1	Predicted Test	362.0 116.6	8531.2 9100.7	8893.2 9217.3
2	Predicted Test	361.6 123.6	8547.3 8411.5	8908.9 8535.1
3	Predicted Test	340.5 196.3	3967.3 3929.2	4307.8 4125.5
4	Predicted Test	340.1 190.7	3921.7 3885.2	4261.8 4075.9
5	Predicted Test	517.4 123.3	12537.9 12616.1	13055.3 12739.4
6	Predicted Test	517.4 123.3	12528.2 13135.9	13045.6 13259.2
7	Predicted Test	492.8 278.2	6690.9 6623.7	7183.7 6901.9
8	Predicted Test	492.8 -33.6	6710.8 6581.6	7203.6 6548.
<u>SYSTEM</u>	Predicted Test	3399.7 1703.1	62872.9 63774.6	66272.6 65477.7

TABLE 15
HEAT REJECTION
TEST POINT γ 56
BTU/HR

<u>PANEL</u>		<u>PRIME</u>	<u>MAIN</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
1	Predicted Test	301.3 156.4	6278.4 8831.3	6579.7 8987.7
2	Predicted Test	301.3 17.4	6291.1 7901.7	6592.4 7919.1
3	Predicted Test	291.4 43.3	2131.1 2419.4	2422.5 2462.7
4	Predicted Test	291.4 181.7	2143.0 2492.2	2434.4 2673.9
5	Predicted Test	470.0 243.1	9506.1 12666.9	9976.1 12910.0
6	Predicted Test	470.0 156.8	9467.9 13207.2	9937.9 13364.0
7	Predicted Test	465.8 43.2	3946.1 5164.1	4411.9 5207.3
8	Predicted Test	465.8 -541.2	3963.8 5329.5	4429.6 4788.3
<u>SYSTEM</u>				
	Predicted Test	3043.7 1136.3	43460.0 43366.9	46503.7 44503.2

TABLE 16
HEAT REJECTION

TEST POINT γ 59

		BTU/HR		
<u>PANEL</u>		<u>PRIME</u>	<u>MAIN</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
1	Predicted Test	307.9 110.2	8994.5 9494.5	9302.4 9604.7
2	Predicted Test	307.9 82.7	9043.7 8791.8	9351.6 8874.5
3	Predicted Test	280.0 175.2	4470.7 4411.8	4750.0 4587.0
4	Predicted Test	285.1 186.2	4528.3 4347.2	4813.4 4533.4
5	Predicted Test	452.5 138.1	13240.9 12999.0	13693.4 13137.1
6	Predicted Test	452.5 100.3	13240.9 13511.1	13693.4 13611.4
7	Predicted Test	417.0 233.0	7372.2 7125.6	7789.2 7358.6
8	Predicted Test	417.0 110.3	7372.2 7324.7	7789.2 7434.7
<u>SYSTEM</u>				
	Predicted Test	2909.6 1416.9	67489.6 68104.3	70399.2 69521.2

TABLE 17
HEAT REJECTION

TEST POINT γ 49

BTU/HR

<u>PANEL</u>		<u>PRIME</u>	<u>MAIN</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
1	Predicted Test	7.3 1.3	1330. 1130.5	1337.3 1131.8
2	Predicted Test	6.8 -1.3	1288.9 1101.8	1295.7 1100.5
3	Predicted Test	60.7 46.9	5543.5 4946.3	5604.2 4993.2
4	Predicted Test	60.7 46.9	5556.9 5783.5	5617.6 5830.4
5	Predicted Test	6.6 -1.5	1269.4 1091.6	1276. 1090.1
6	Predicted Test	6.3 -4.6	1255.4 1101.8	1261.7 1097.2
7	Predicted Test	31.1 36.6	3240.6 3116.1	3271.7 3152.7
8	Predicted Test	33.0 30.5	3384.9 3545.0	3417.9 3575.5
<u>SYSTEM</u>				
	Predicted Test	212.2 175.3	22817.6 22055.2	23029.8 22230.5

TABLE 18
HEAT REJECTION

TEST POINT Y 27

BTU/HR

<u>PANEL</u>		<u>PRIME</u>	<u>MAIN</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
1	Predicted Test	28.7 -4.1	8310.7 8581.7	8339.4 8577.6
2	Predicted Test	28.7 -6.4	8310.7 7628.0	8339.4 7531.6
3	Predicted Test	18. 45.7	4020.7 3783.9	4038.7 3829.6
4	Predicted Test	17.3 48.1	3942. 3554.2	3959. 3602.3
5	Predicted Test	62.8 19.6	12309.5 11857.3	12372.3 11976.9
6	Predicted Test	62.5 15.8	12265.3 12629.3	12327.8 12545.1
7	Predicted Test	40.2 48.4	6595.5 6261.1	6635.7 6309.5
8	Predicted Test	41.1 43.6	6705.2 6447.9	6746.3 6491.5
<u>SYSTEM</u>				
	Predicted Test	299.4 236.9	62128.4 60464.	62427.8 60700.9

TABLE 19
HEAT REJECTION

TEST POINT a 14

BTU/HR

<u>PANEL</u>		<u>PRIME</u>	<u>MAIN</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
1	Predicted Test	307.5 234.3	2951.5 2245.7	3259. 2480.
2	Predicted Test	43.2 -170.8	-1982.9 -1910.	-1939.7 -2080.8
3	Predicted Test	296. 404.3	2394.6 2133.3	2690.6 2537.6
4	Predicted Test	52.1 170.8	-6393.5 -6189.8	-6341.4 -6019.
5	Predicted Test	306.5 159.9	2953.8 2347.5	3260.3 2507.4
6	Predicted Test	282.8 262.1	1428.2 1354.9	1711. 1617.
7	Predicted Test	296.2 415.2	2405.8 3787.	2702. 4202.2
8	Predicted Test	336.7 -8.8	3726. 1807.7	4062.7 1798.9
<u>SYSTEM</u>				
	Predicted Test	1910.9 2445.	4168.6 2054.3	6079.5 4499.3

TABLE 20
HEAT REJECTION
TEST POINT α 47

		BTU/HR		
<u>PANEL</u>		<u>PRIME</u>	<u>MAIN</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
1	Predicted Test	- 48.6 -203.4	-414.5 -370.1	-463.1 -573.5
2	Predicted Test	- 24.4 -371.	25. 63.8	0.6 -307.2
3	Predicted Test	- 24.4 251.3	- 99.4 0.0	-123.8 251.3
4	Predicted Test	- 0.1 0.0	-124.8 - 63.8	-124.9 - 63.8
5	Predicted Test	157.9 49.5	7.5 1658.6	165.4 1708.1
6	Predicted Test	169.8 135.7	-0.02 65.7	169.78 201.4
7	Predicted Test	170.1 259.6	0.2 553.4	170.3 813.
8	Predicted Test	169.8 0.0	-.12 224.6	169.7 224.6
<u>SYSTEM</u>				
	Predicted Test	534.7 607.6	-523. 1543.	11.7 2150.6

TABLE 21 COMPARISON OF PRESSURE DROPS

PANEL NO. :	2		3		4		5		6		7		8	
	ERROR		ERROR		ERROR		ERROR		ERROR		ERROR		ERROR	
TEST POINT	PSI	%	PSI	%	PSI	%	PSI	%	PSI	%	PSI	%	PSI	%
1A	-0.4	- 7.5	0.0	0	-0.3	- 5.6	0.0	0	-0.3	- 5.6	-0.1	- 1.8	0.3	5.6
45	-0.1	- 7.8	0.4	10.3	-0.3	-23.1	-0.1	- 7.8	-0.1	- 7.8	-0.4	-28.6	-0.4	-40.0
32	0.0	0	-2.5	-44.6	-0.7	-12.5	-1.0	-17.0	0.8	13.6	0.2	35.1	0.6	10.5
4	-0.7	-13.0	-0.2	- 3.6	-0.4	- 7.2	-0.3	- 5.4	0.0	0	-0.4	- 7.3	-0.4	- 7.3
10	-	-	-0.2	-14.3	0.1	7.7	-	-	-	-	-0.6	-50.0	-	-
51	-1.2	-54.6	-0.7	-36.8	-0.7	-36.8	-0.7	-30.4	-0.3	-13.0	-0.8	-40.0	-0.8	-40.0
17	-	-	-0.2	-	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-0.2	-	-	-
17A	25.6	99.3	-0.2	-	6.5	100.0	0.0	0	-	-	-0.2	-	-	-
36	0.0	0	-	-	0.0	0	0.0	0	-0.3	-300	0.0	0	0.0	0
53	-0.5	-45.5	-0.4	-40.0	-0.8	-80.0	-0.7	-63.6	-0.3	-36.4	-0.8	-80.0	-0.4	-40.0
54	-1.4	-35.8	-1.3	-34.2	-1.5	-39.5	-1.0	-24.4	-1.0	-24.4	-1.0	-25.6	-1.2	-30.8
55	-1.2	-38.7	-1.0	-300.0	-1.3	-43.3	-1.0	-31.2	-0.6	-18.8	-1.2	-40.0	-1.2	-40.0
56	-0.5	-45.5	-0.4	-40.0	-0.8	-80.0	-0.5	-45.5	-0.3	-27.3	-0.6	-60.0	-0.4	-40.0
59	-1.7	-42.5	-1.3	-34.2	-1.7	-44.7	-1.0	-24.4	-0.8	-19.5	-1.2	-30.8	-1.2	-30.8
49	-0.2	- 3.9	-2.6	-51.0	-0.8	-15.7	0.8	15.1	0.0	0	1.0	18.9	0.2	3.8
27	-1.0	-10.2	-0.8	-15.1	-0.8	-15.1	0.0	0	0.0	0	-0.5	- 9.3	-0.5	- 9.3
14	-1.2	-11.0	-0.9	- 8.5	-1.0	- 9.3	-1.1	-10.0	-1.4	-13.1	-1.4	-12.8	-1.5	-13.9
47	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.2	-	-0.2	-100.0	-0.1	-33.3	-0.1	-33.3	0.1	33.3

ERROR = PREDICTED - MEASURED

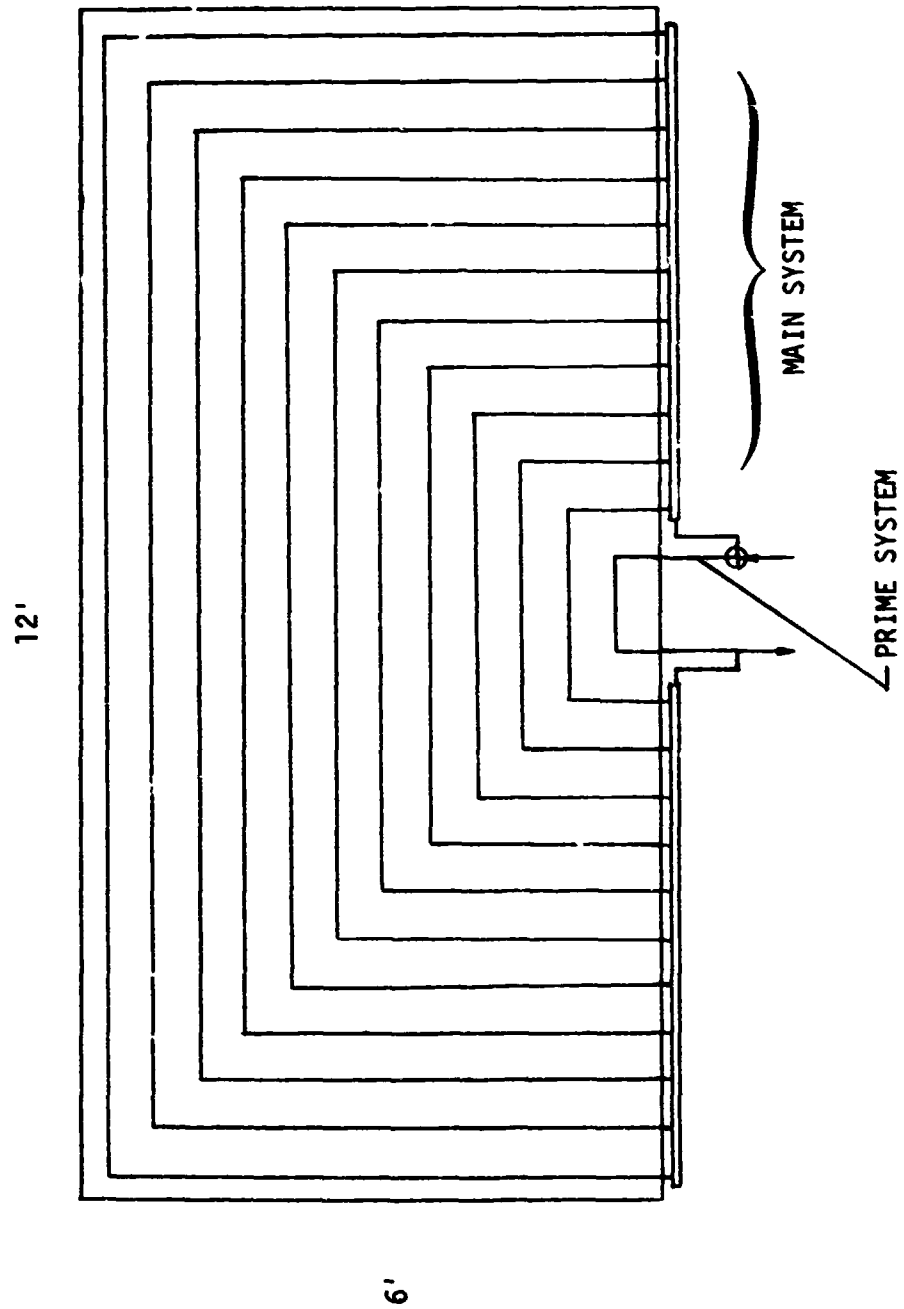


FIGURE 1 MODULAR RADIATOR PANEL CONFIGURATION

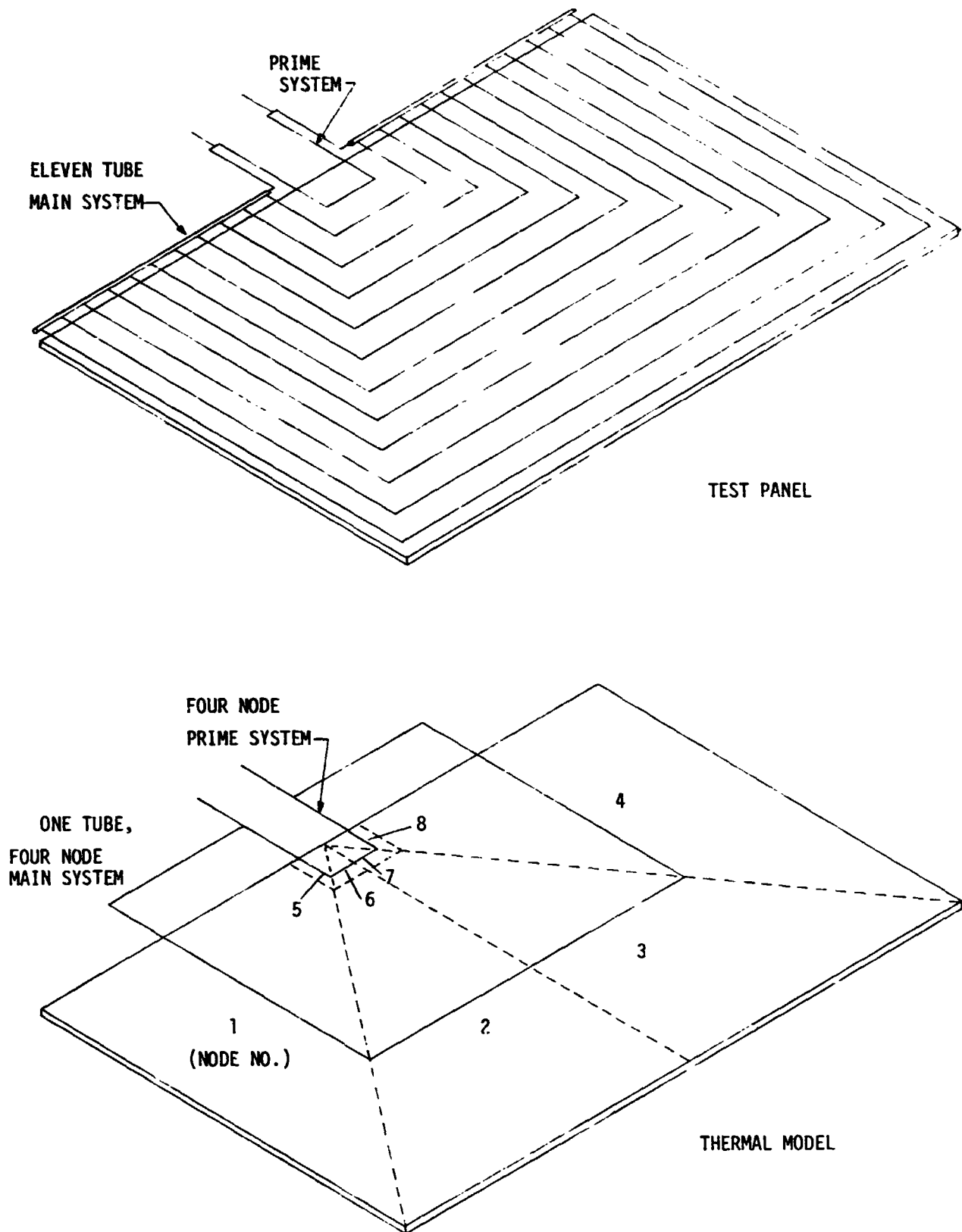
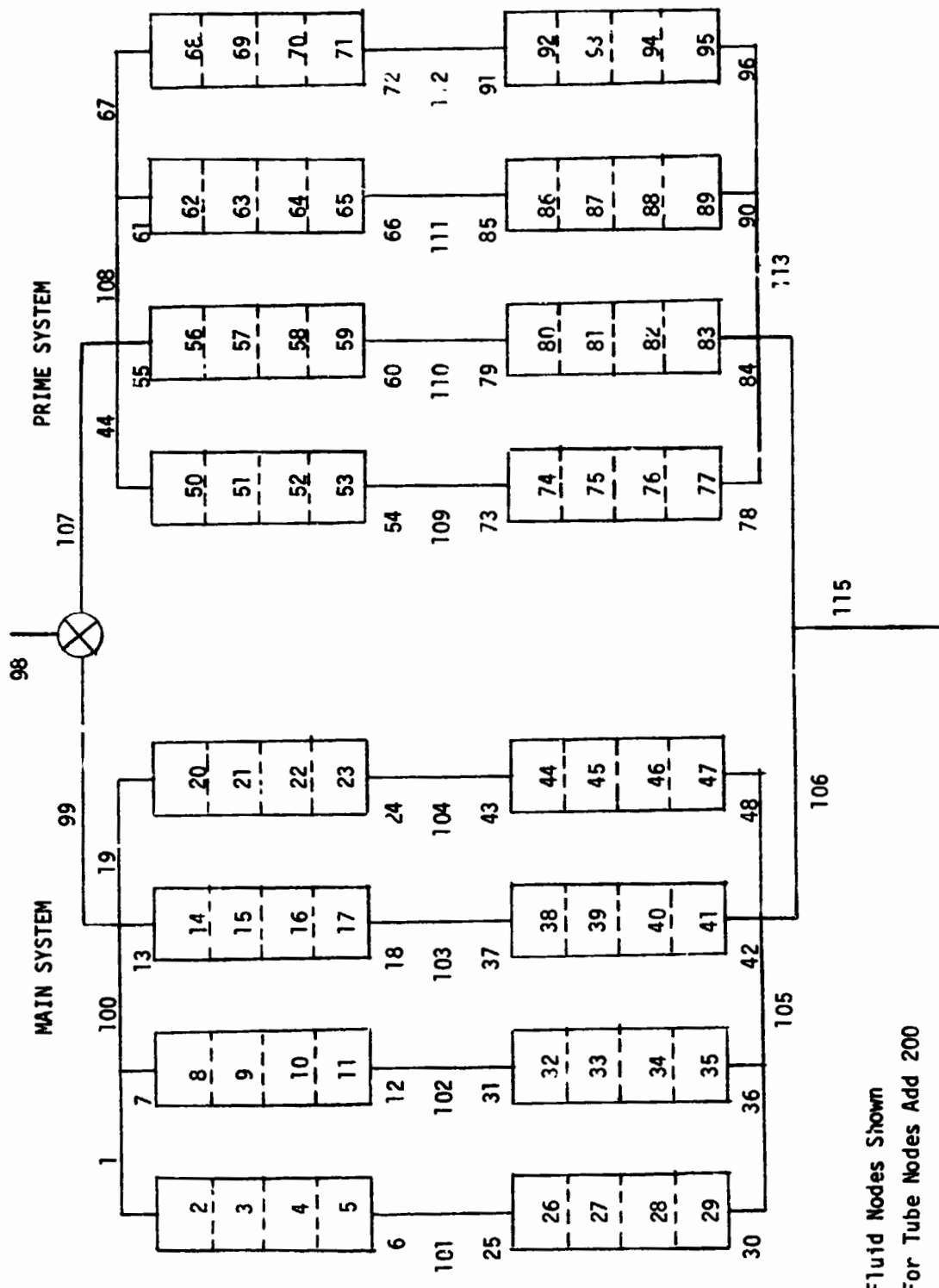


FIGURE 2 PANEL THERMAL MODEL



Fluid Nodes Shown
For Tube Nodes Add 200

FIGURE 3 TYPICAL SYSTEM MODEL SCHEMATIC

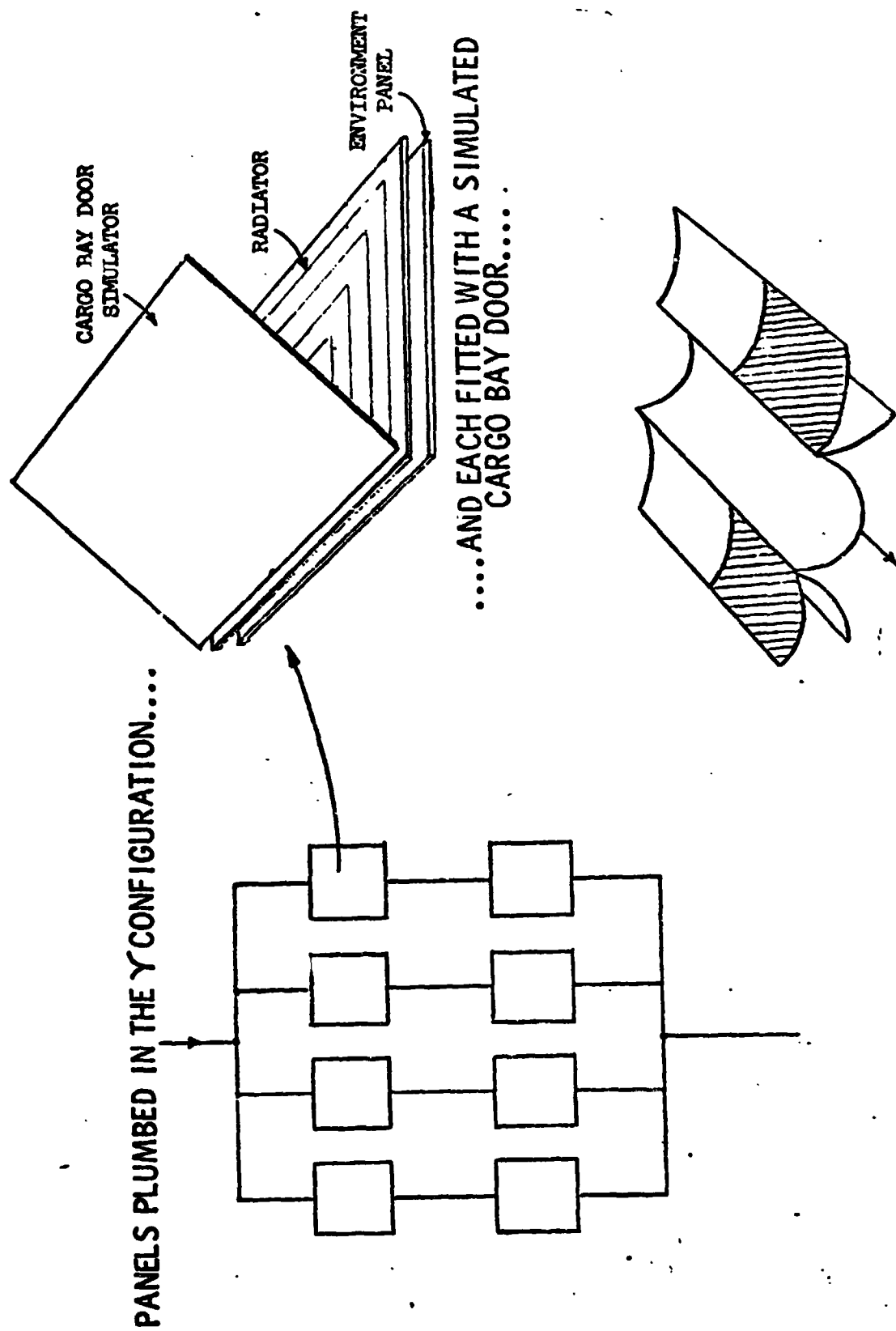
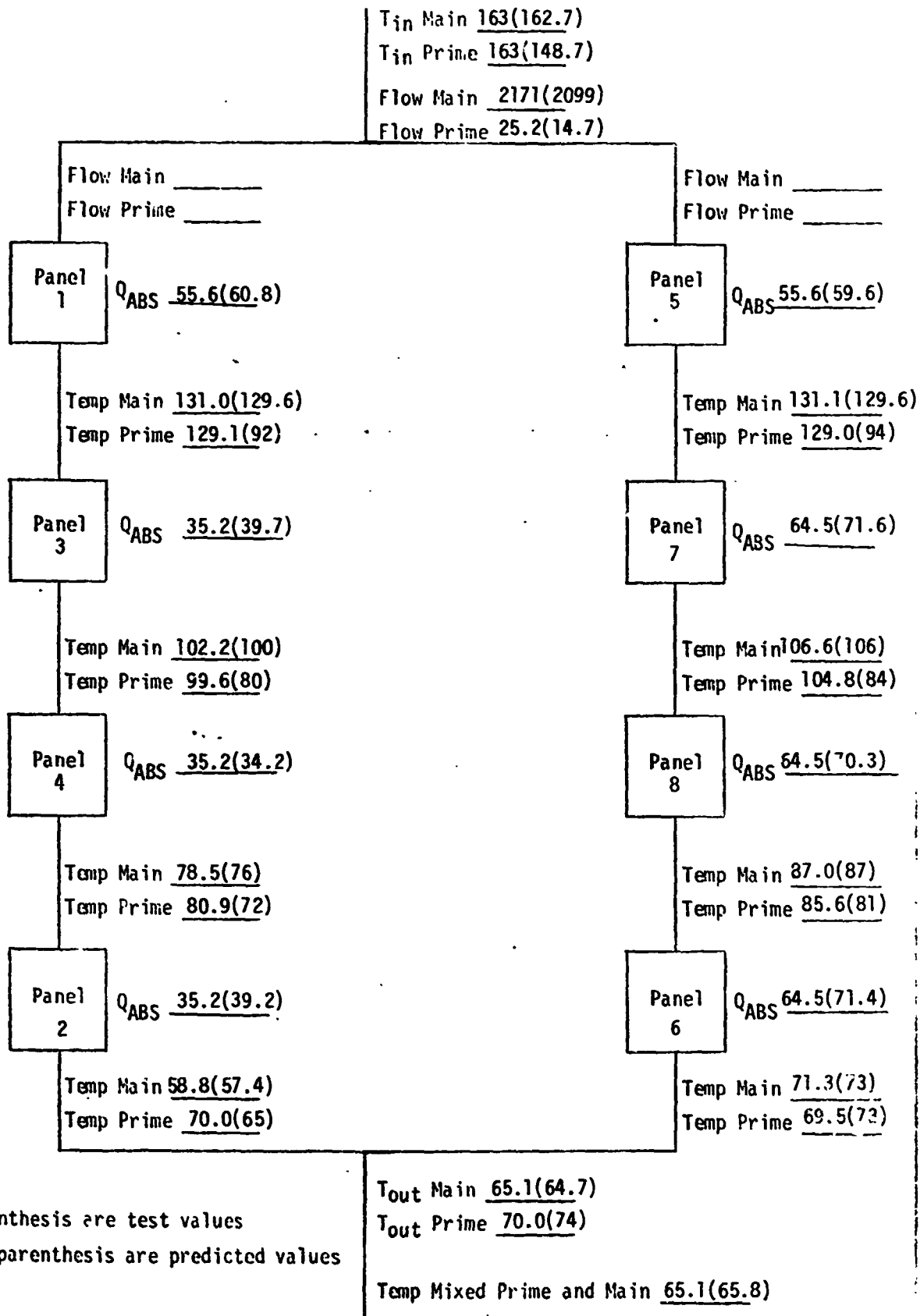


FIGURE 4 TWO-SIDED RADIATOR CONFIGURATION

FIGURE 5 COMPARISON OF PRE-TEST PREDICTIONS AND TEST DATA
TEST POINT 2-1



Numbers in parenthesis are test values
 Numbers not in parenthesis are predicted values

FIGURE 6 COMPARISON OF PRE-TEST PREDICTIONS AND TEST DATA
TEST POINT 10

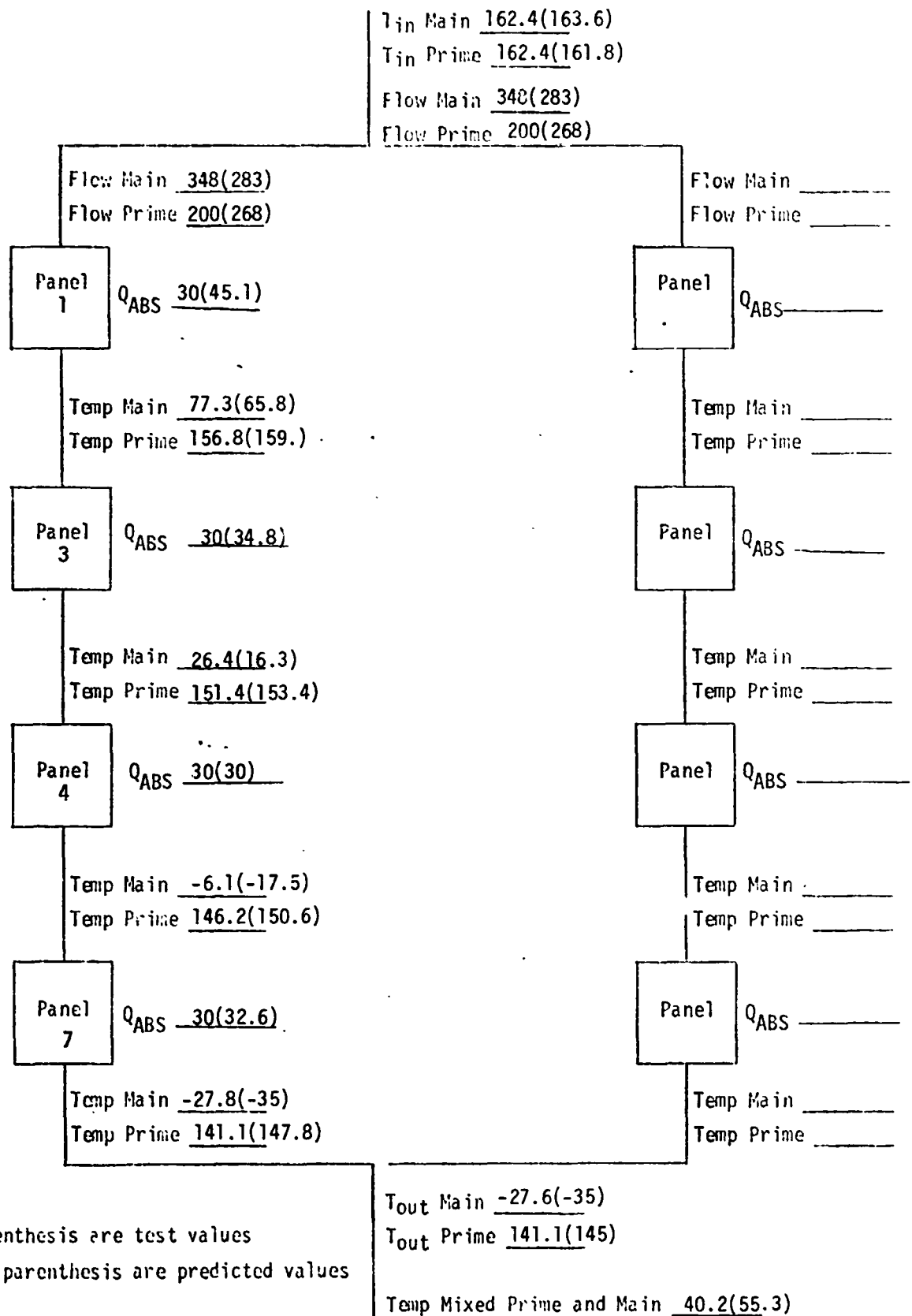
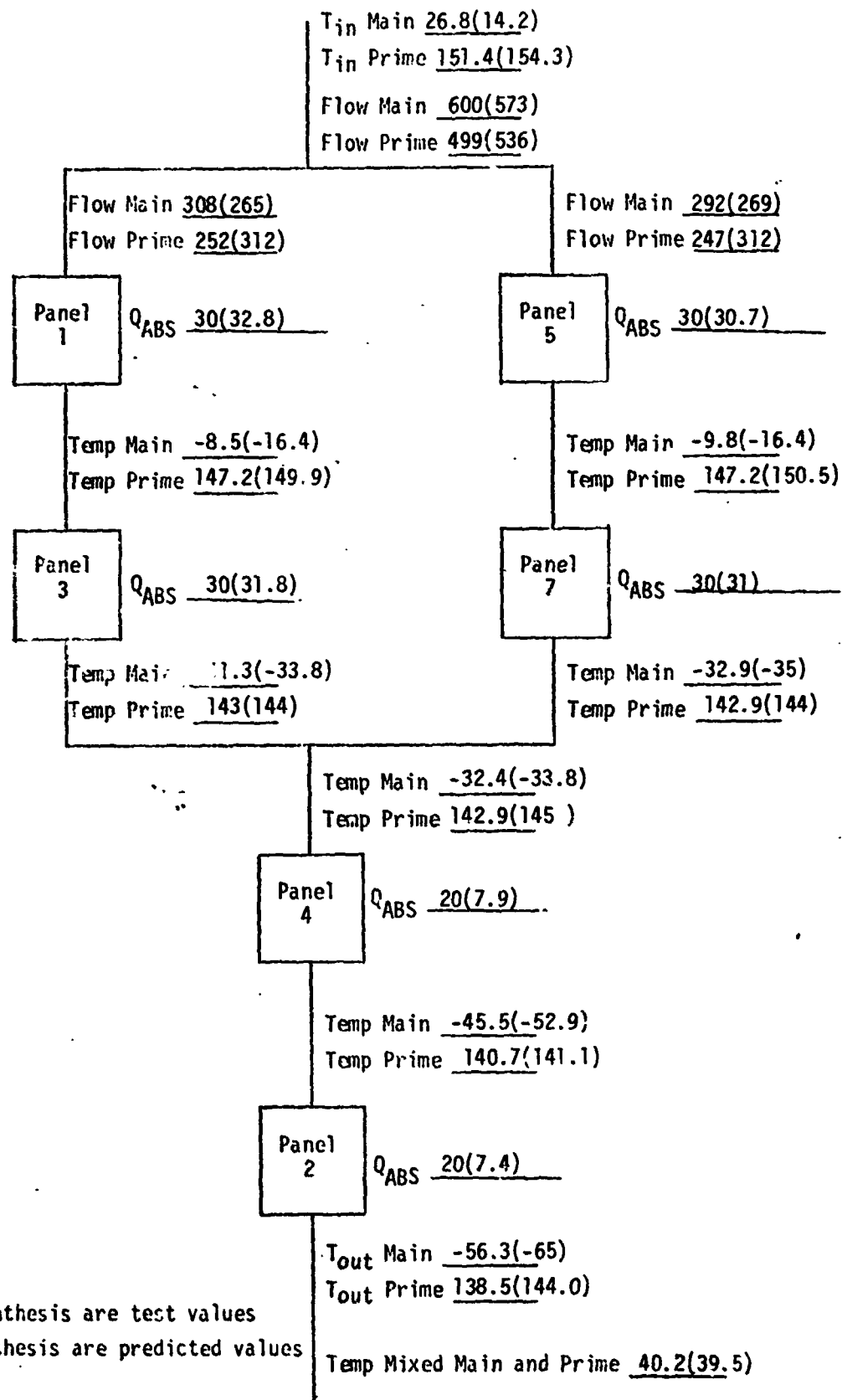
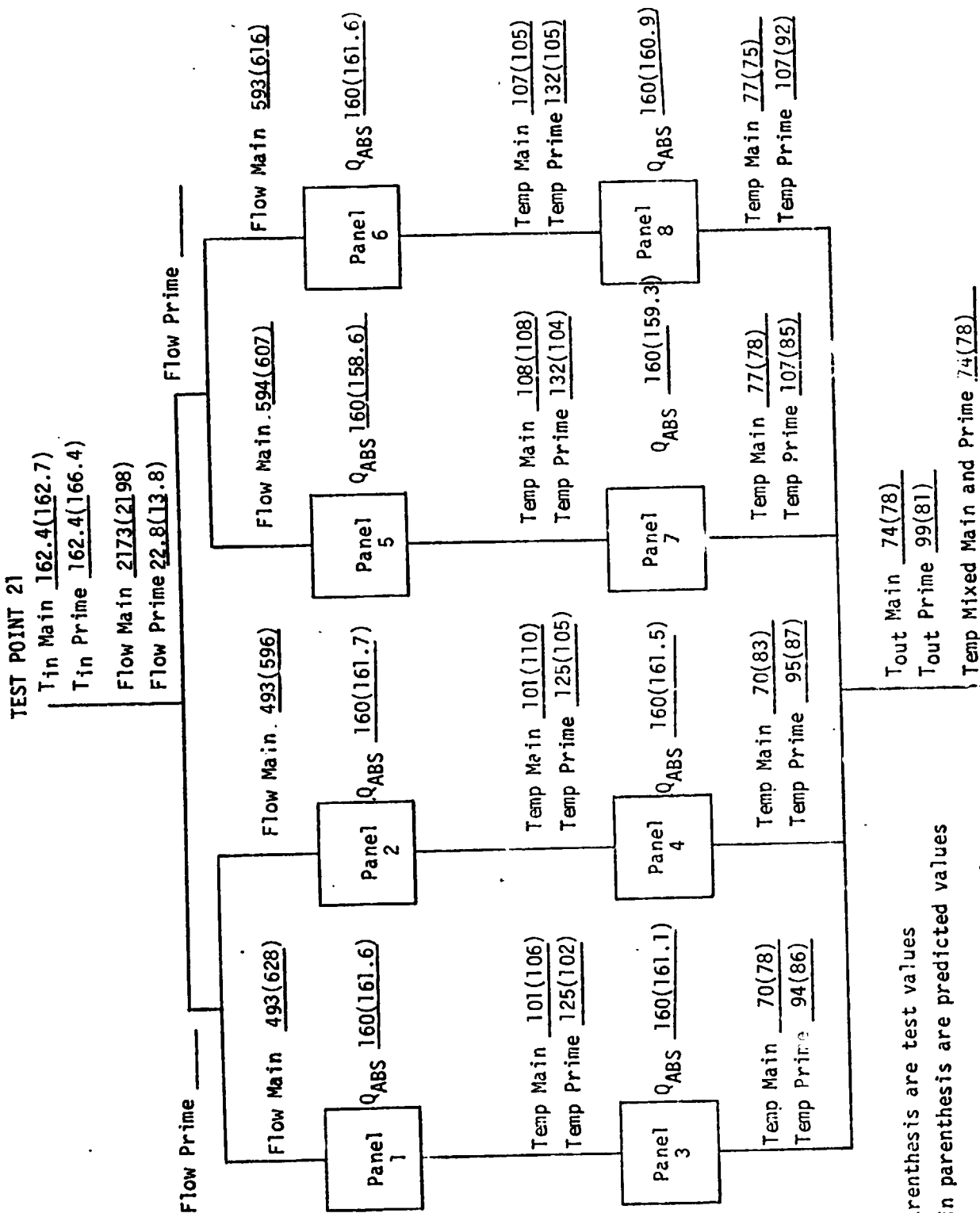


FIGURE 7 COMPARISON OF PRE-TEST PREDICTIONS AND TEST DATA
TEST POINT 12



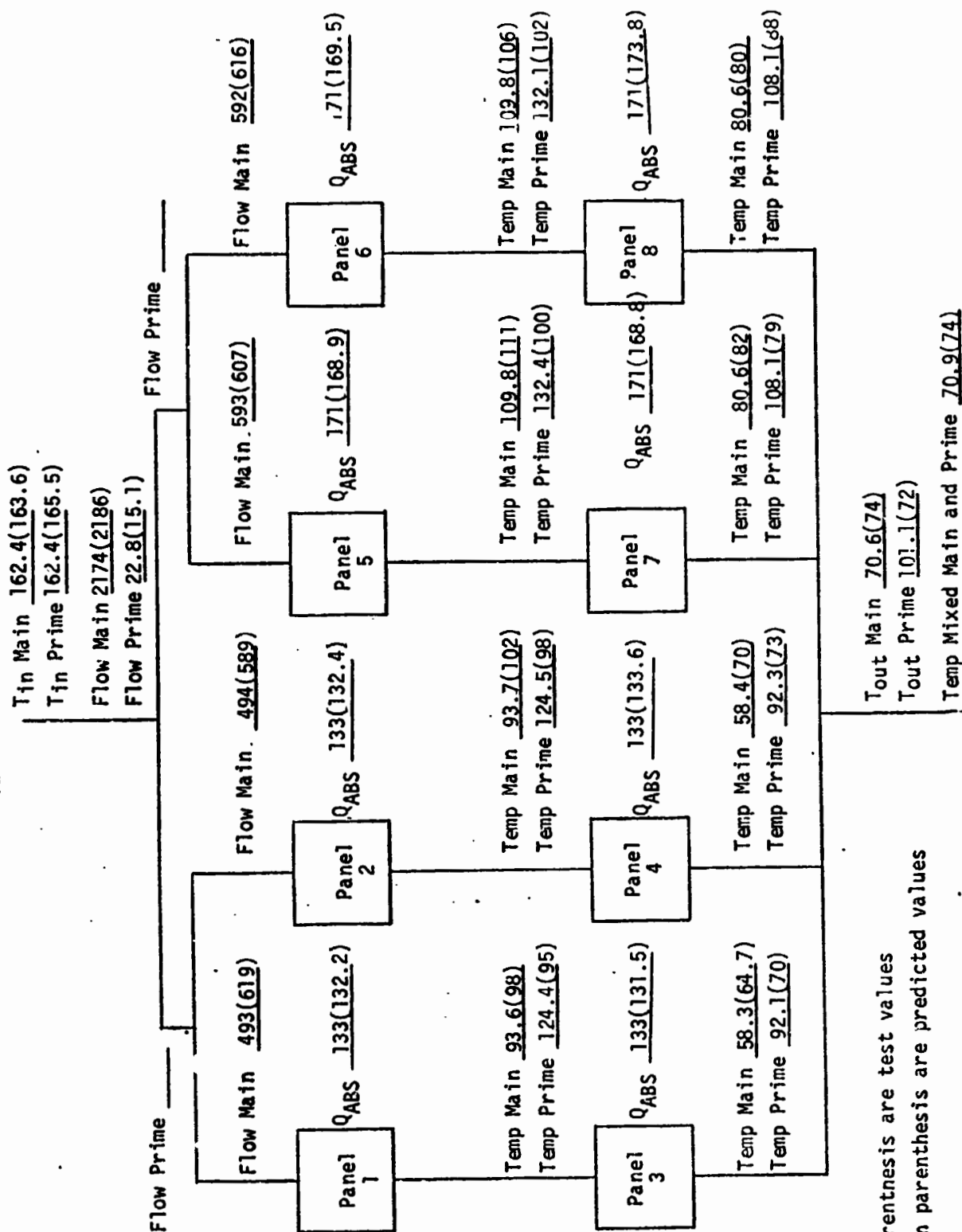
Numbers in parenthesis are test values
Numbers not in parenthesis are predicted values

FIGURE 8 COMPARISON OF PRE-TEST PREDICTIONS AND TEST DATA



Numbers in parenthesis are test values
 Numbers not in parenthesis are predicted values

FIGURE 9 COMPARISON OF PRE-TFST PREDICTIONS AND TEST DATA
TEST POINT 22-2



Numbers in parenthesis are test values
Numbers not in parenthesis are predicted values

FIGURE 10 COMPARISON OF PRE-TEST PREDICTIONS AND TEST DATA
TEST POINT 23-1

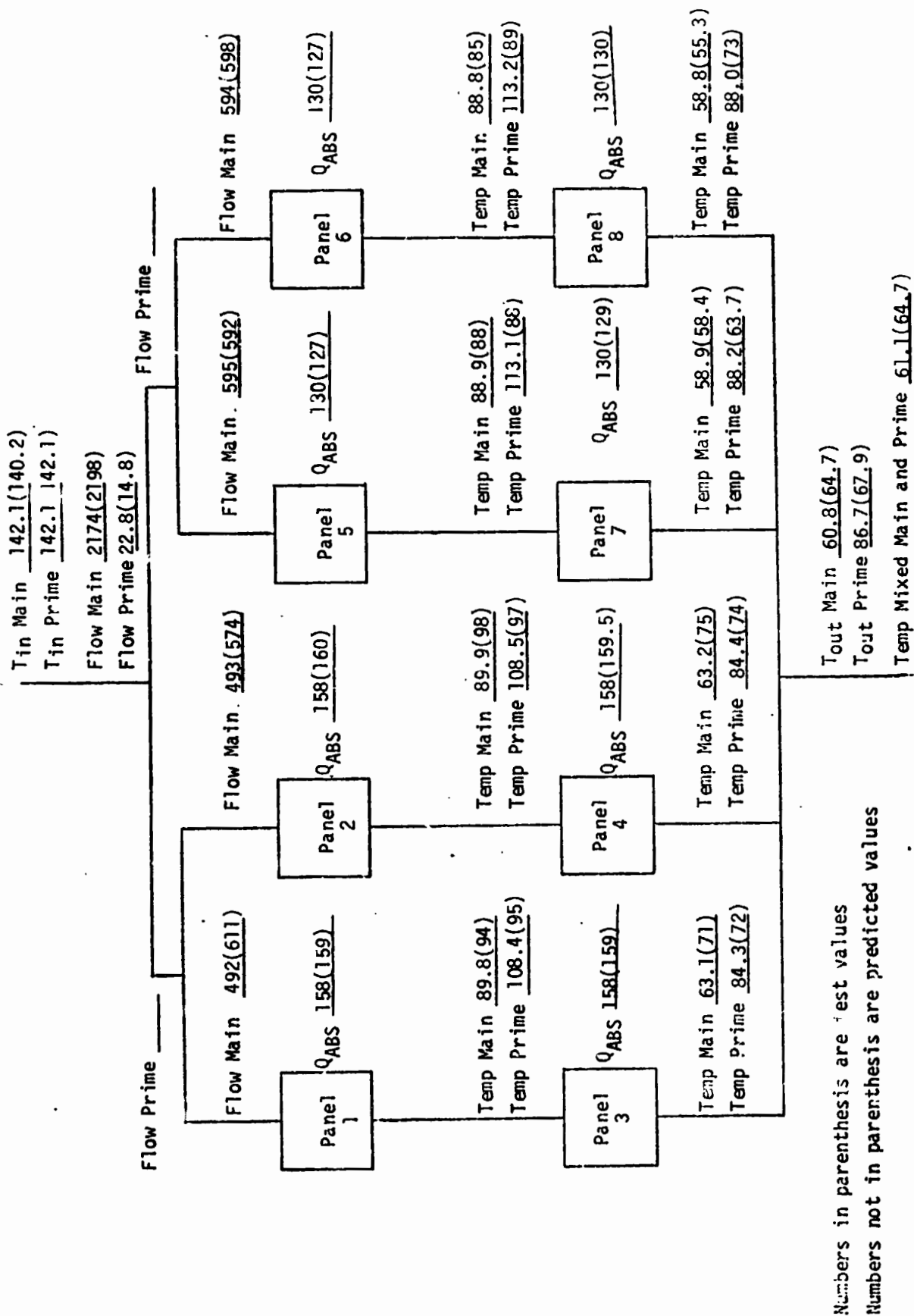
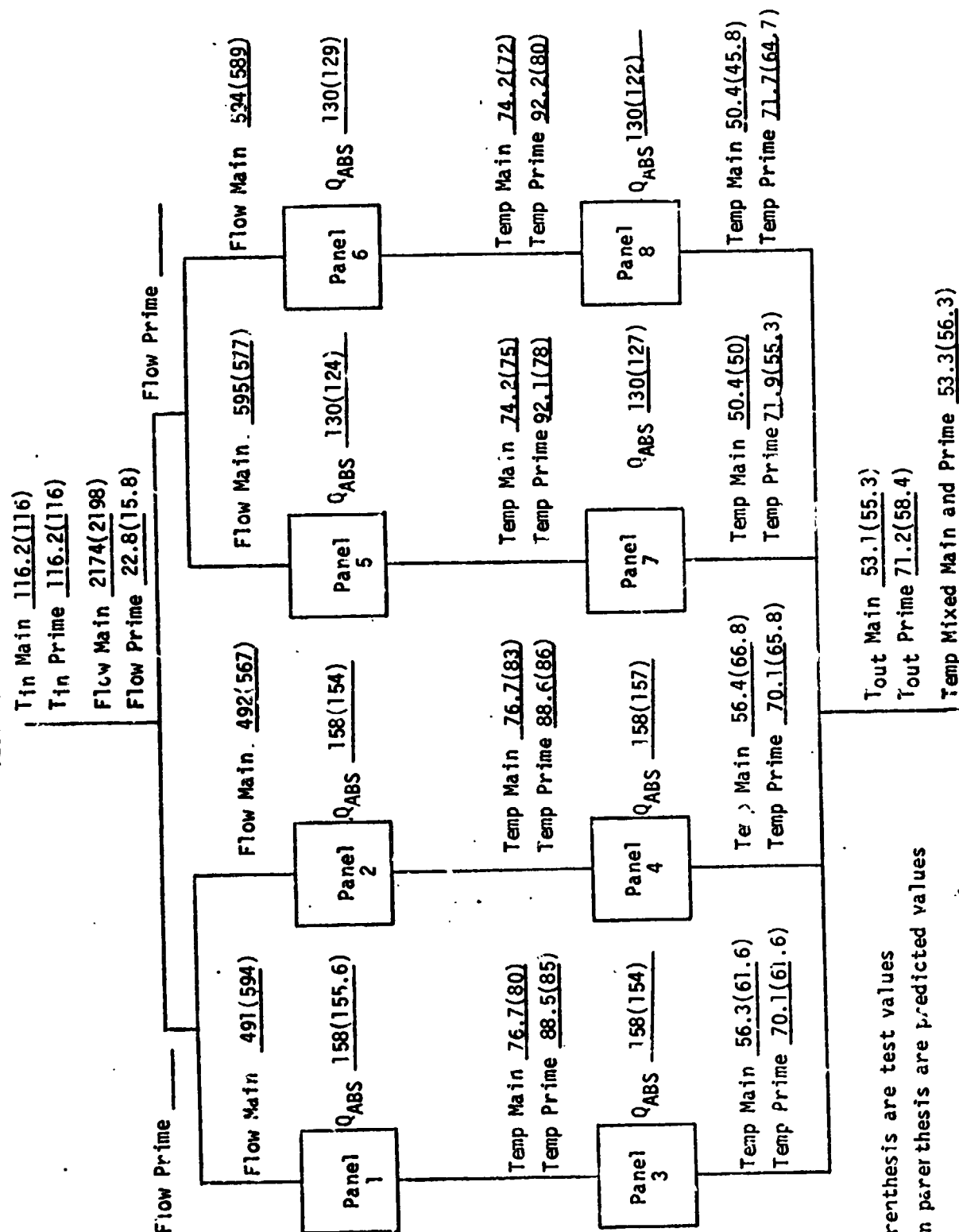
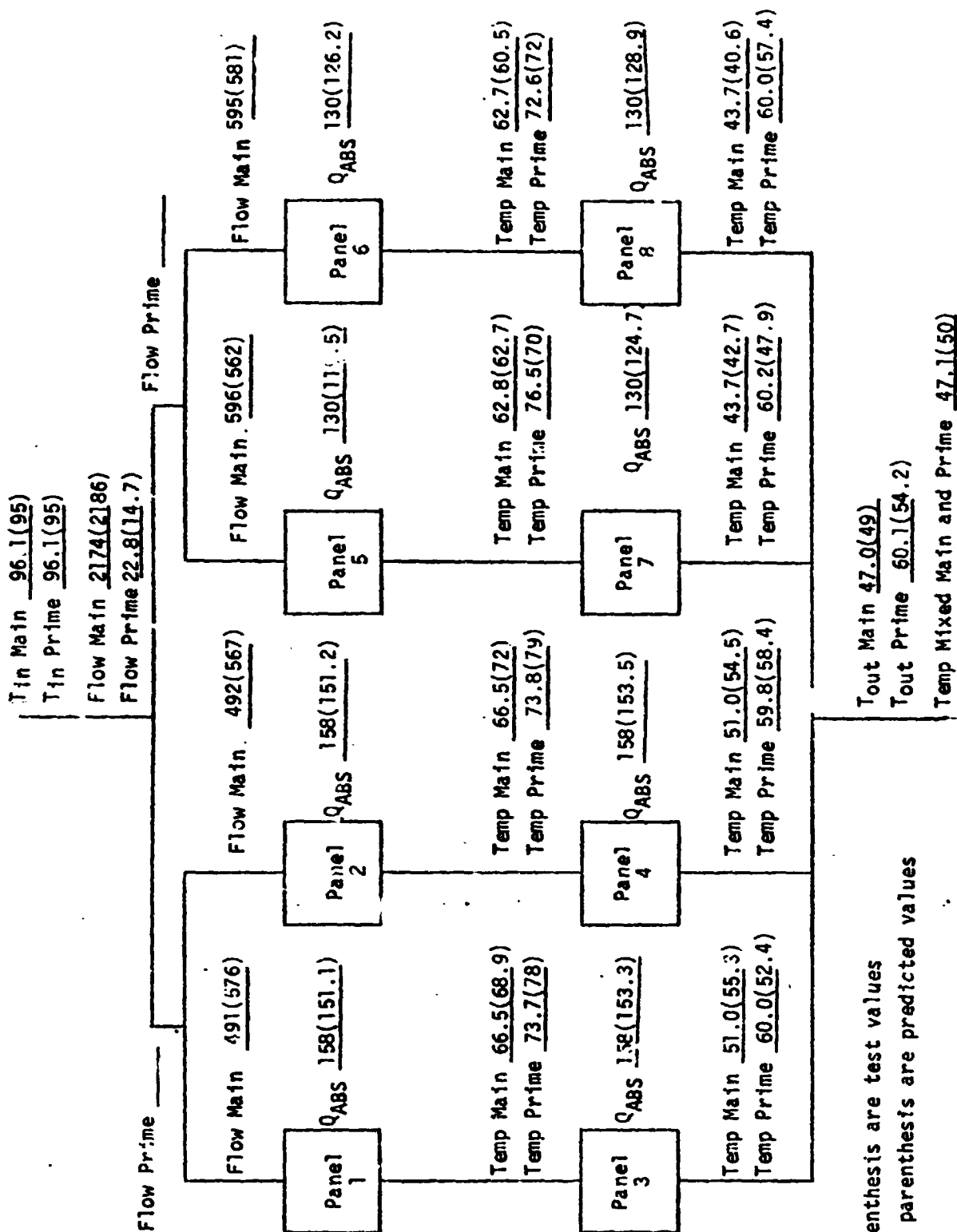


FIGURE 11 COMPARISON OF PRE-TEST PREDICTIONS AND TEST DATA
TEST POINT 24-1



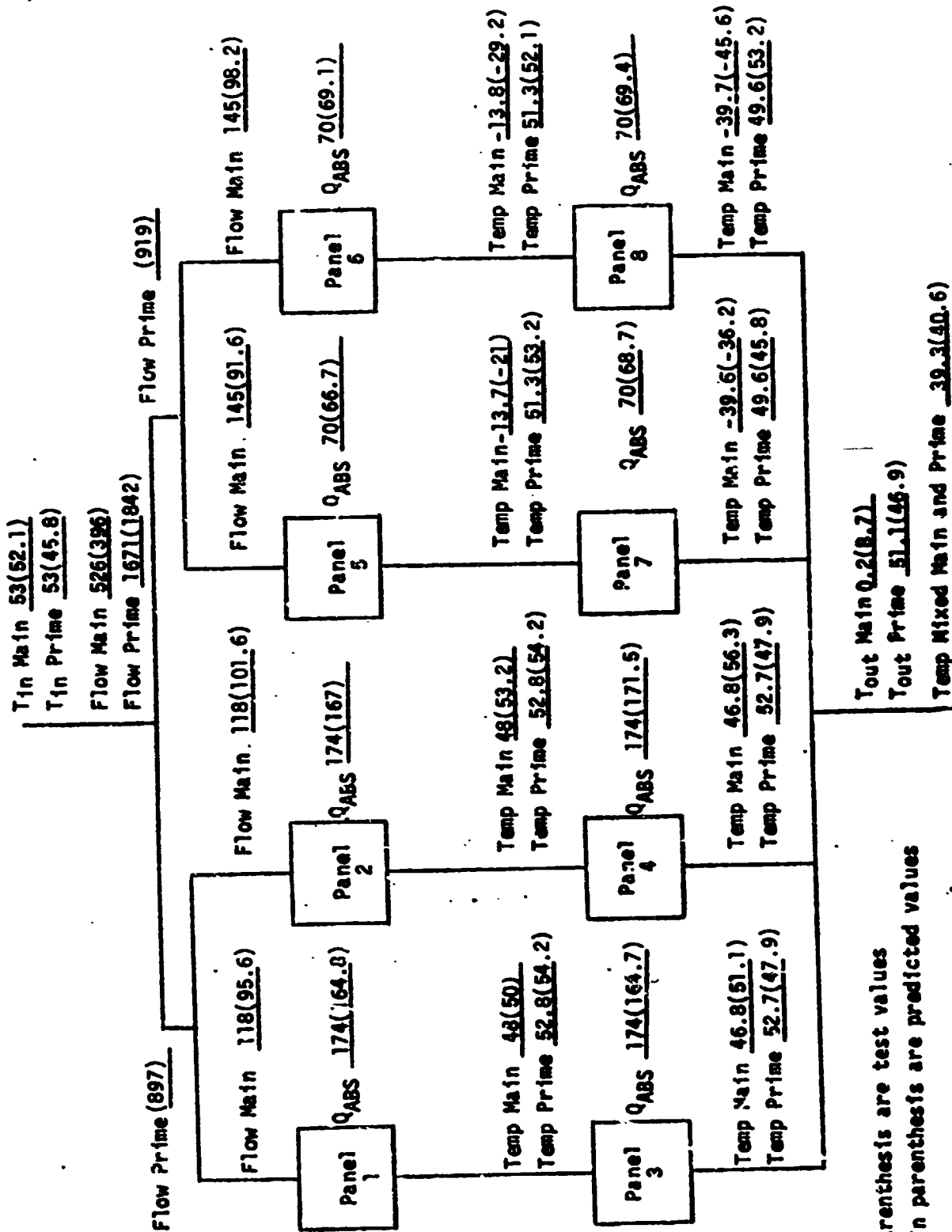
Numbers in parenthesis are test values
Numbers not in parenthesis are predicted values

FIGURE 12 COMPARISON OF PRE-TEST PREDICTIONS AND TEST DATA
TEST POINT 25-1



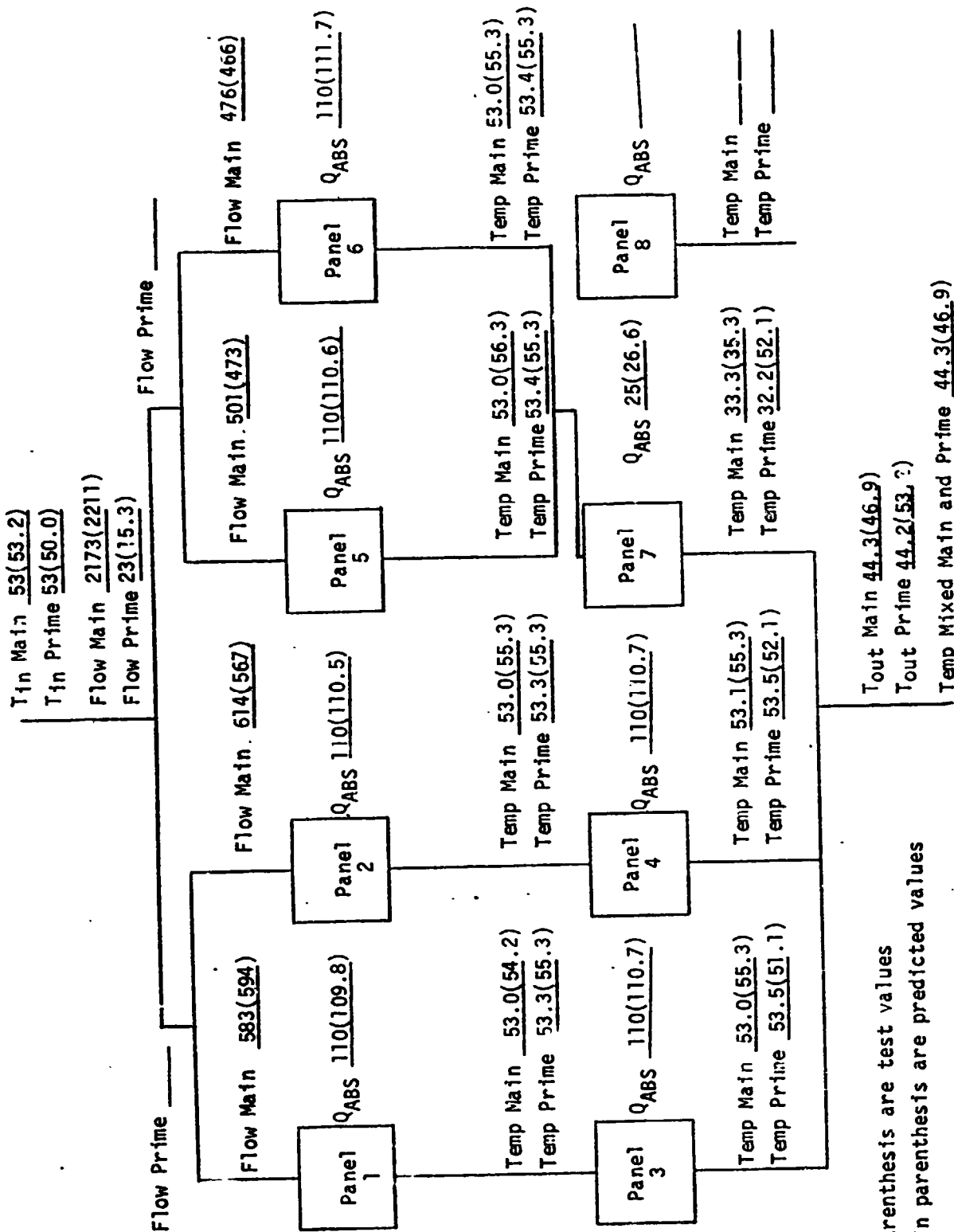
Numbers in parentheses are test values
Numbers not in parentheses are predicted values

FIGURE 13 COMPARISON OF PRE-TEST PREDICTIONS AND TEST DATA
TEST POINT 28



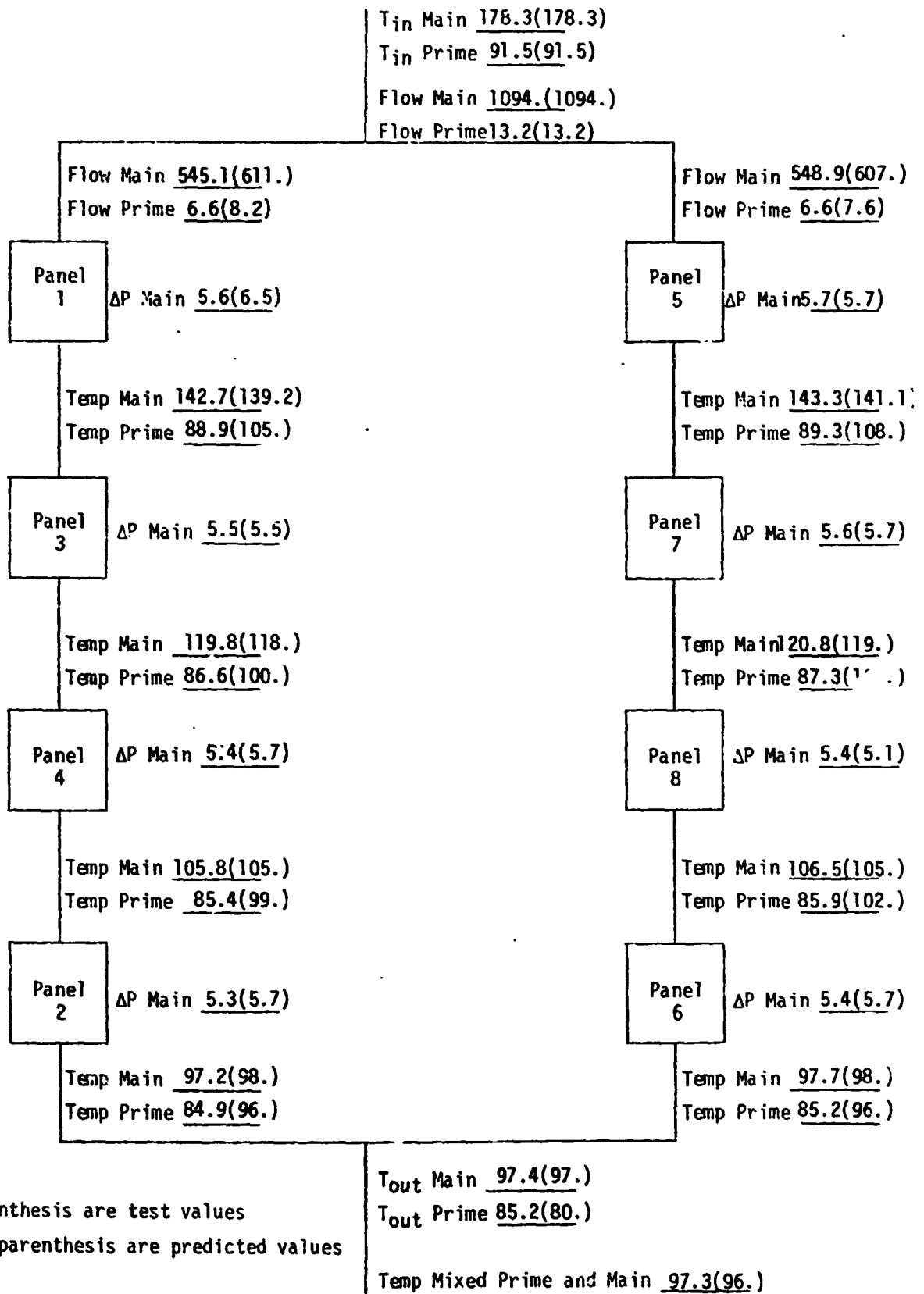
Numbers in parenthesis are test values
Numbers not in parenthesis are predicted values

FIGURE 14 COMPARISON OF PRE-TEST PREDICTIONS AND TEST DATA
TEST POINT 29



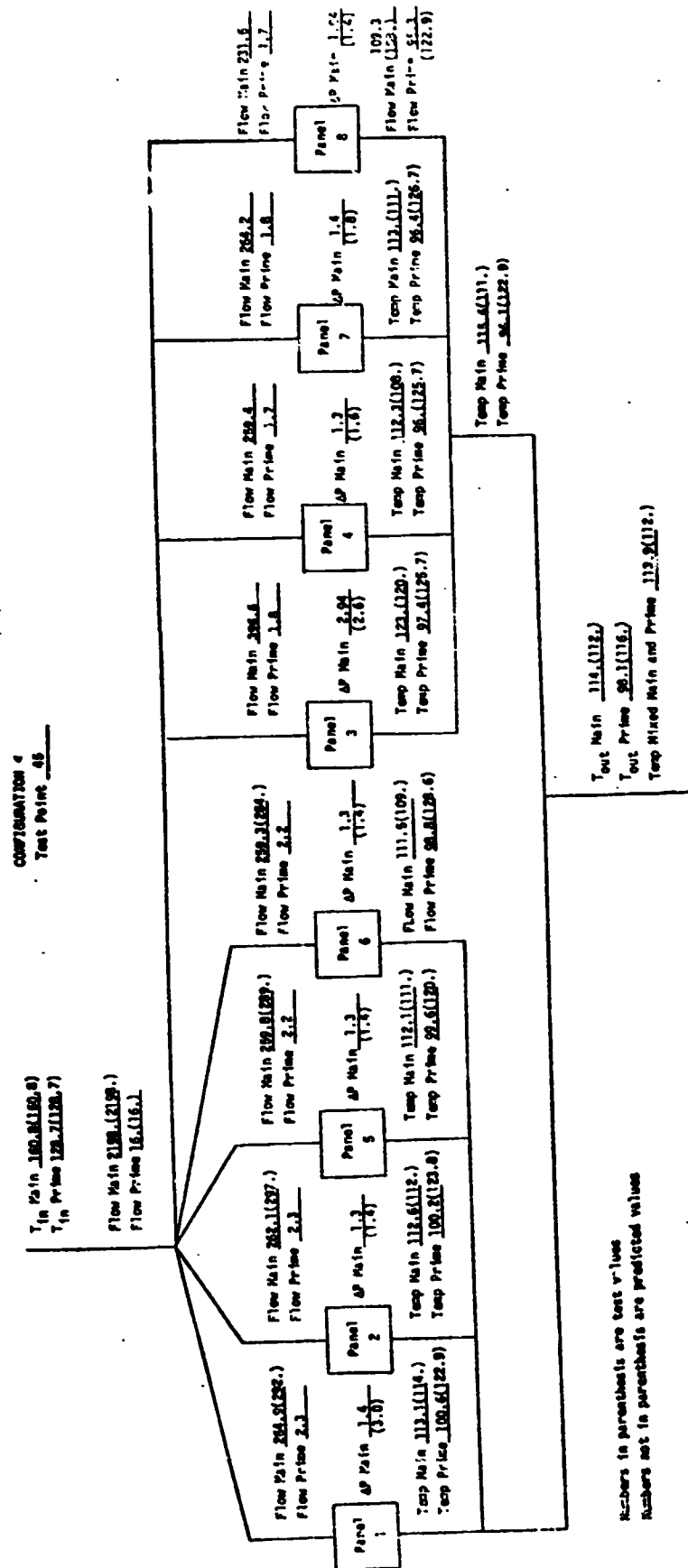
Numbers in parenthesis are test values
Numbers not in parenthesis are predicted values

CONFIGURATION α
 FIGURE 15 TEST POINT 1A CORRELATION



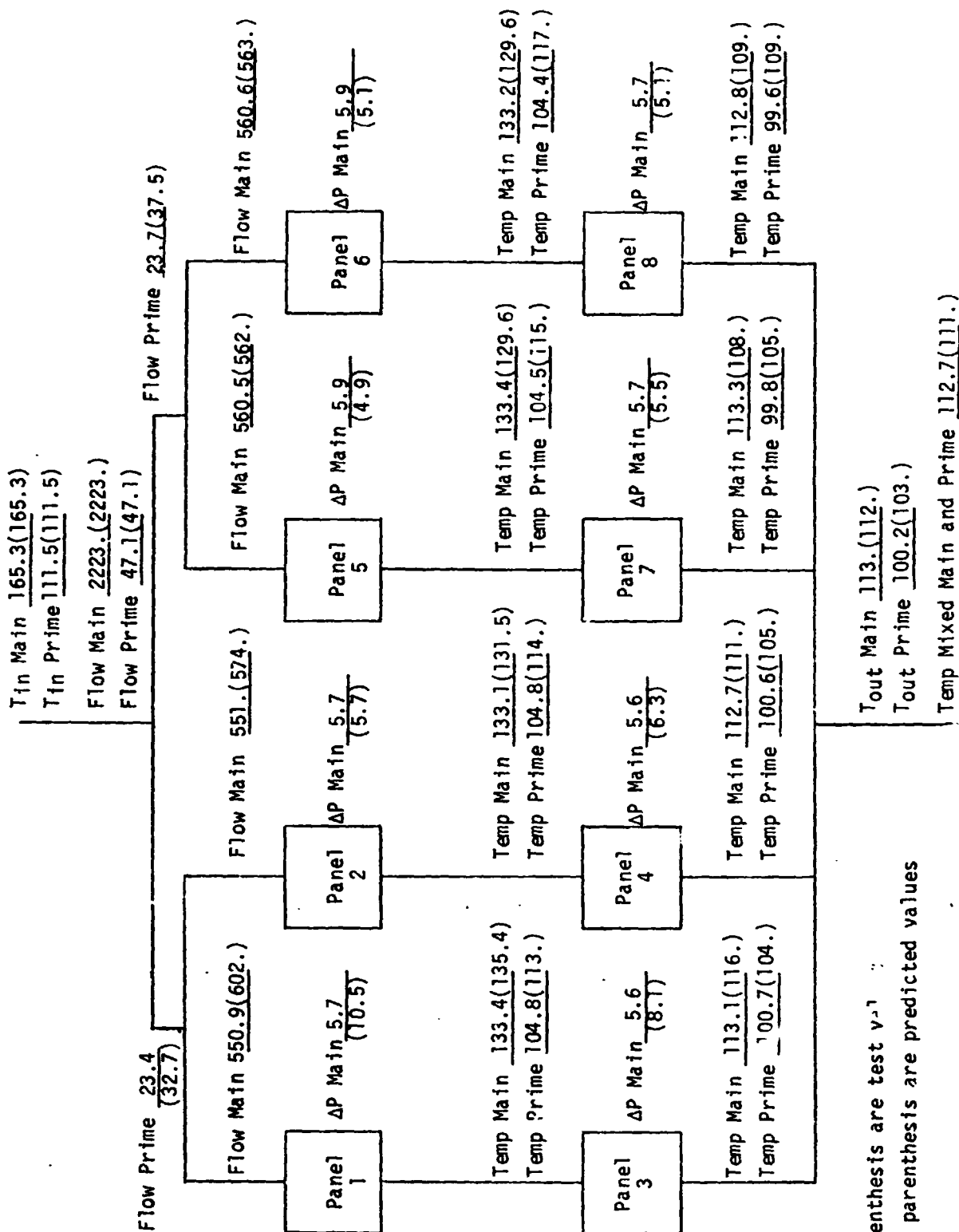
Numbers in parenthesis are test values
 Numbers not in parenthesis are predicted values

FIGURE 16 TEST POINT 45 CORRELATION



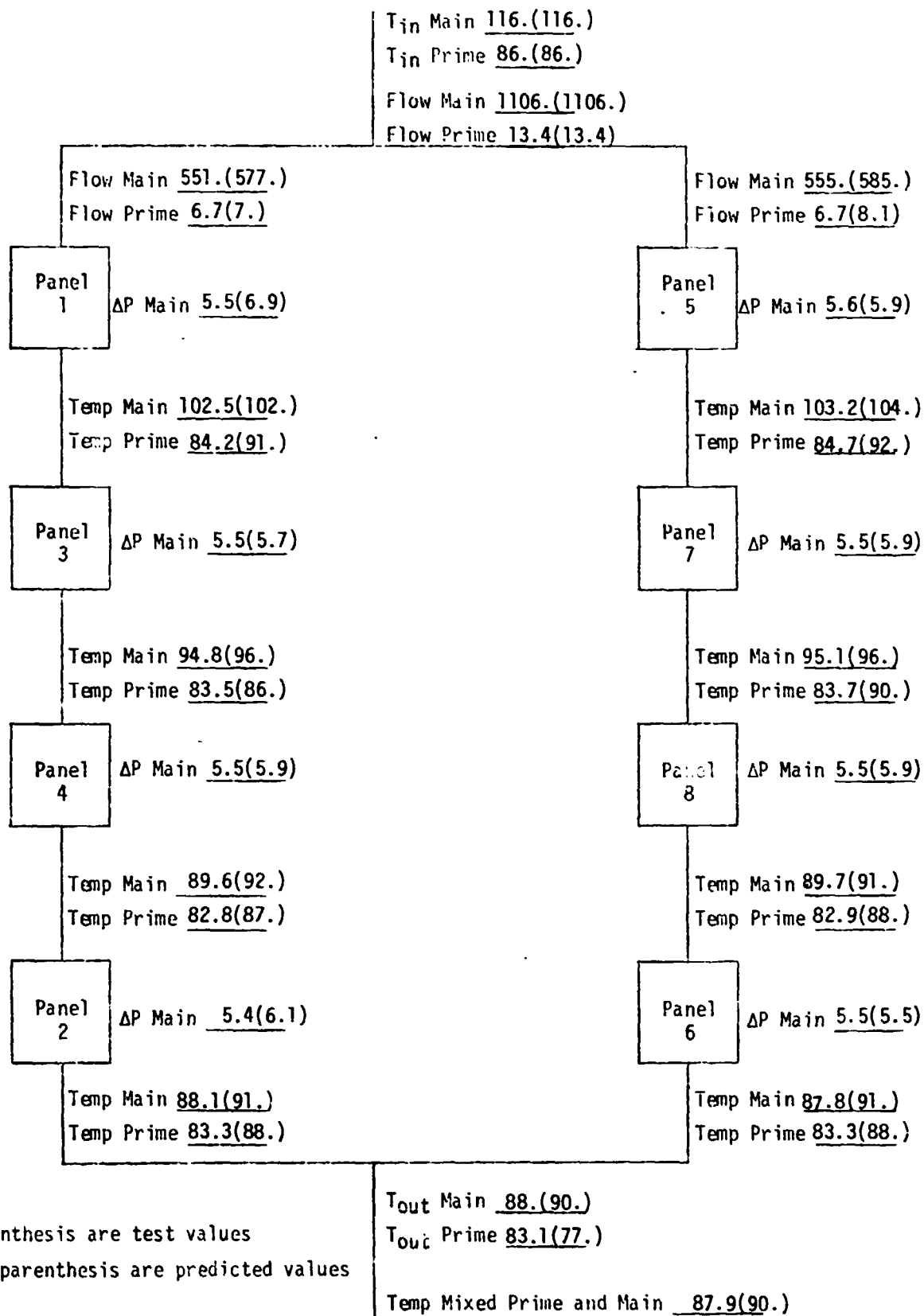
CONFIGURATION Y

FIGURE 17 TEST POINT 32 CORRELATION



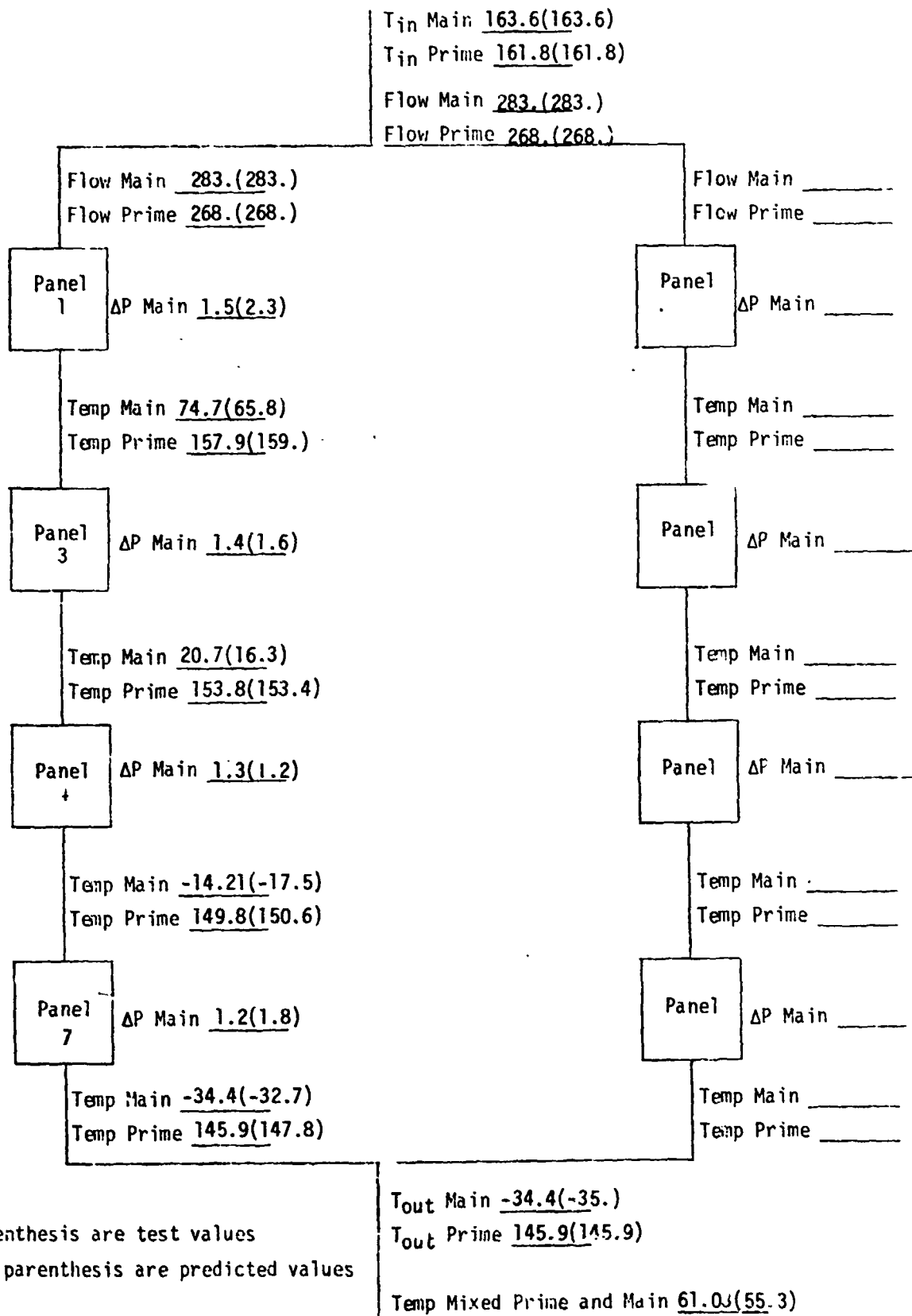
Numbers in parenthesis are test values
Numbers not in parenthesis are predicted values

CONFIGURATION α
 FIGURE 18 TEST POINT 4 CORRELATION

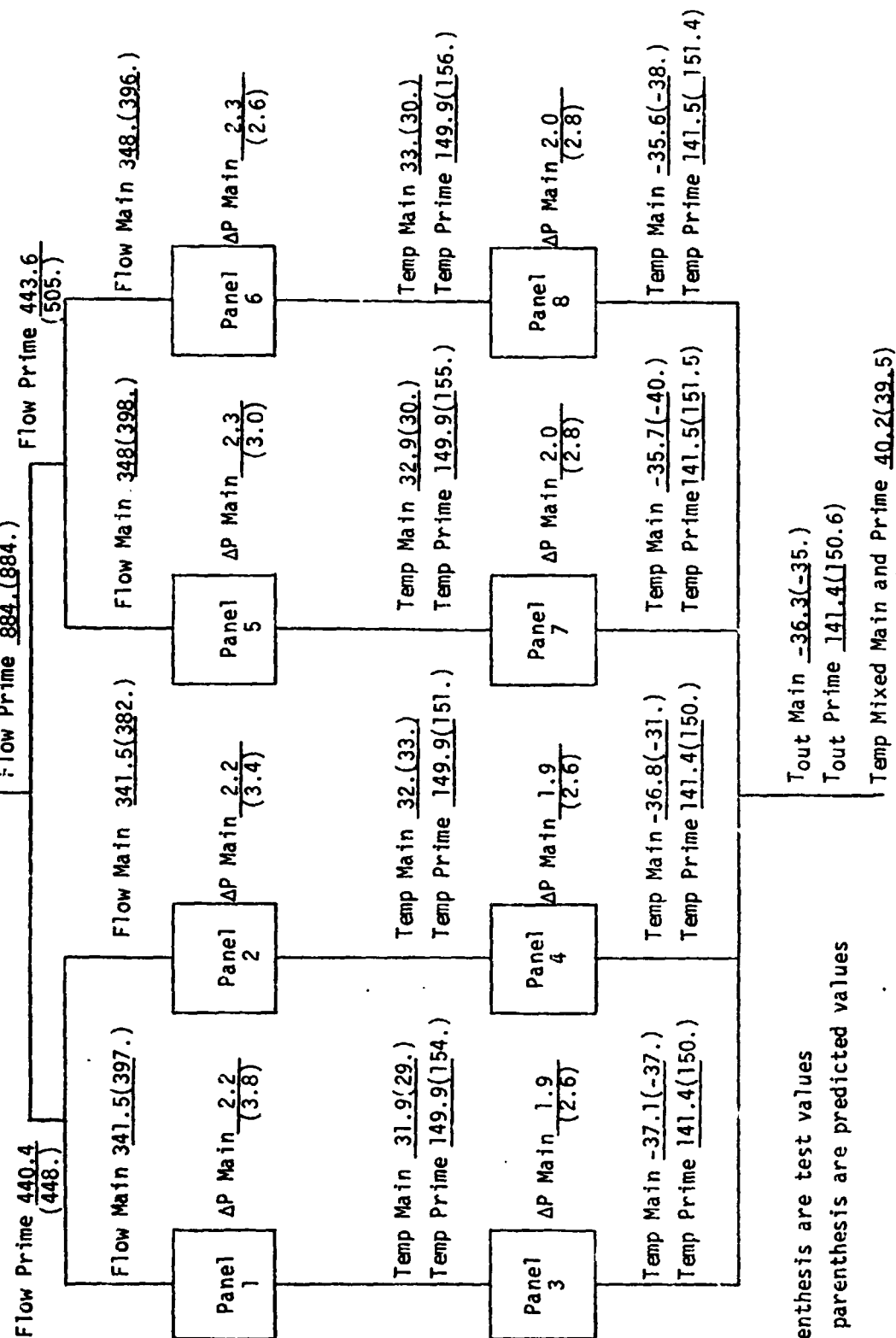


Numbers in parenthesis are test values
 Numbers not in parenthesis are predicted values

CONFIGURATION α
FIGURE 19 TEST POINT 10 CORRELATION

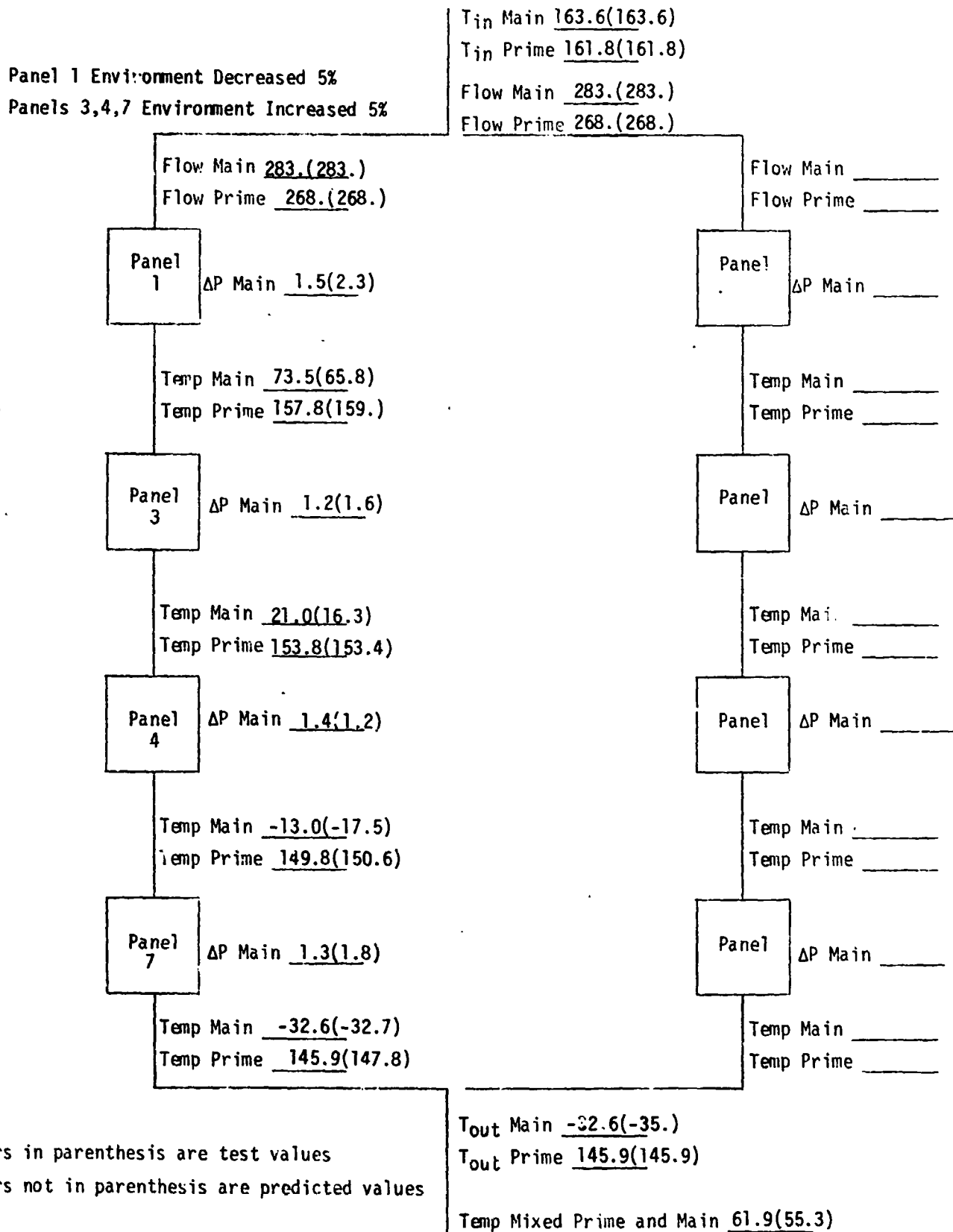


CONFIGURATION Y
FIGURE 20 TEST POINT 51 CORRELATION

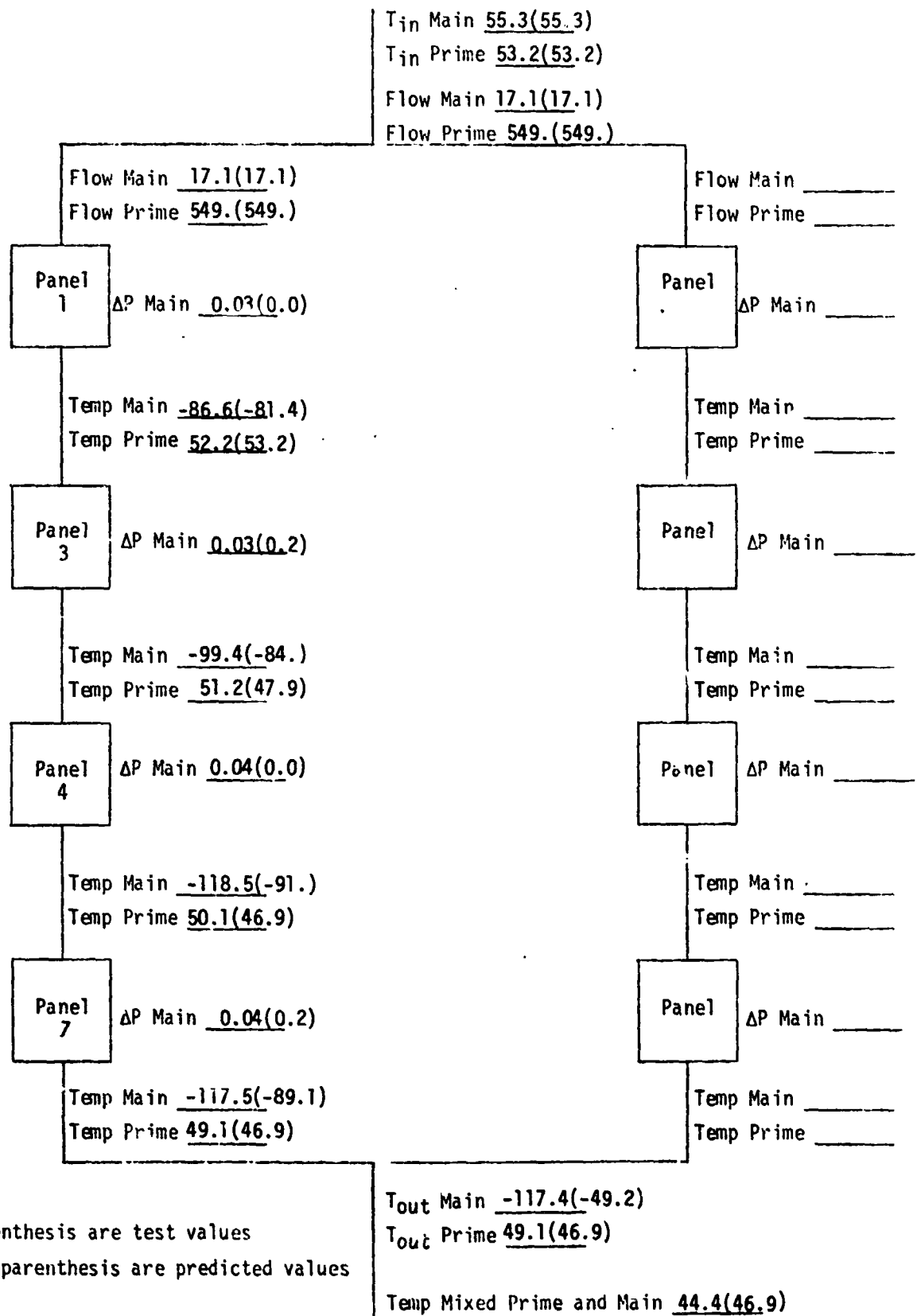


Numbers in parenthesis are test values
Numbers not in parenthesis are predicted values

CONFIGURATION α
 FIGURE 21 TEST POINT 10 CORRELATION

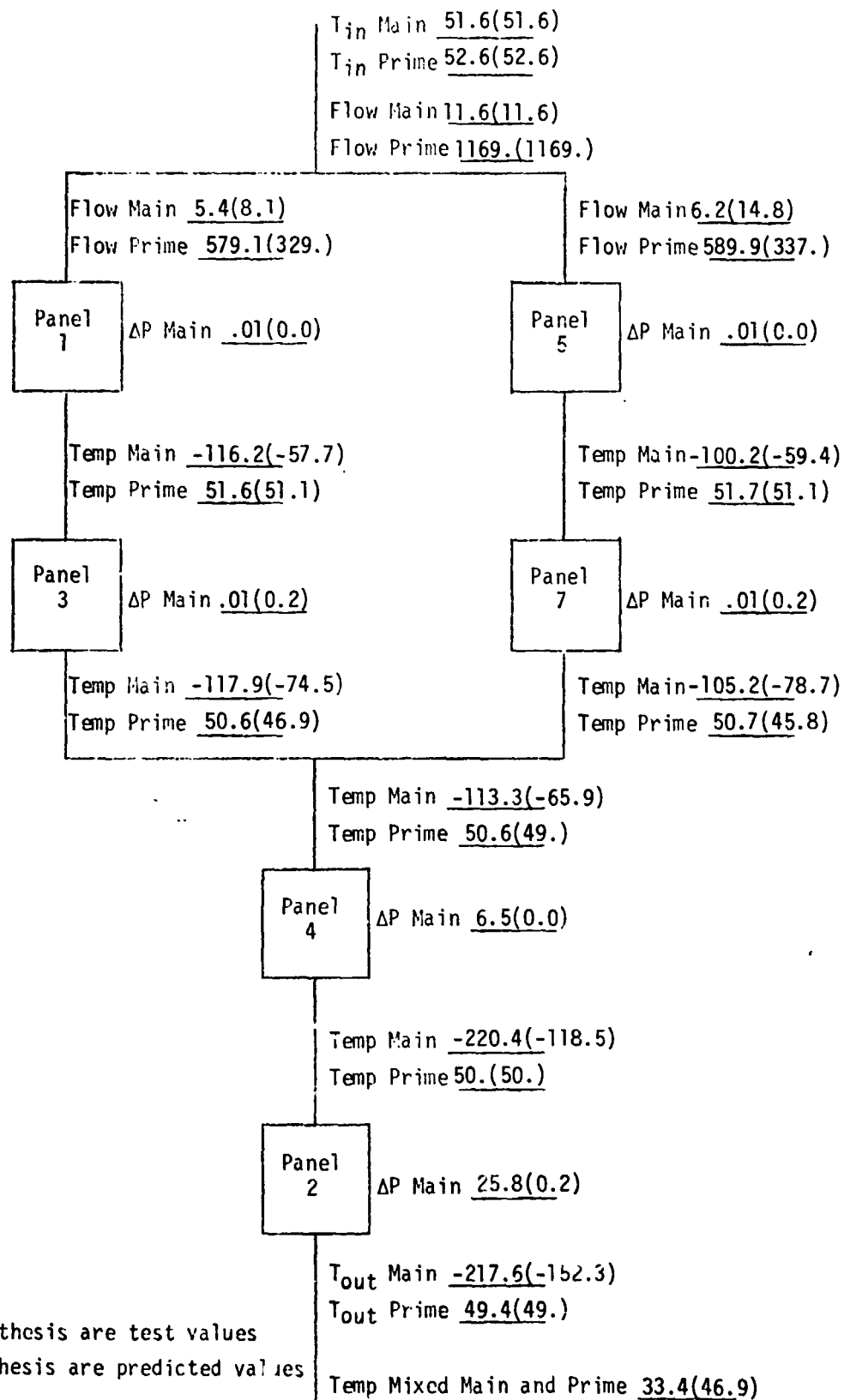


CONFIGURATION α
 FIGURE 22 TEST POINT 17 CORRELATION



Numbers in parenthesis are test values
 Numbers not in parenthesis are predicted values

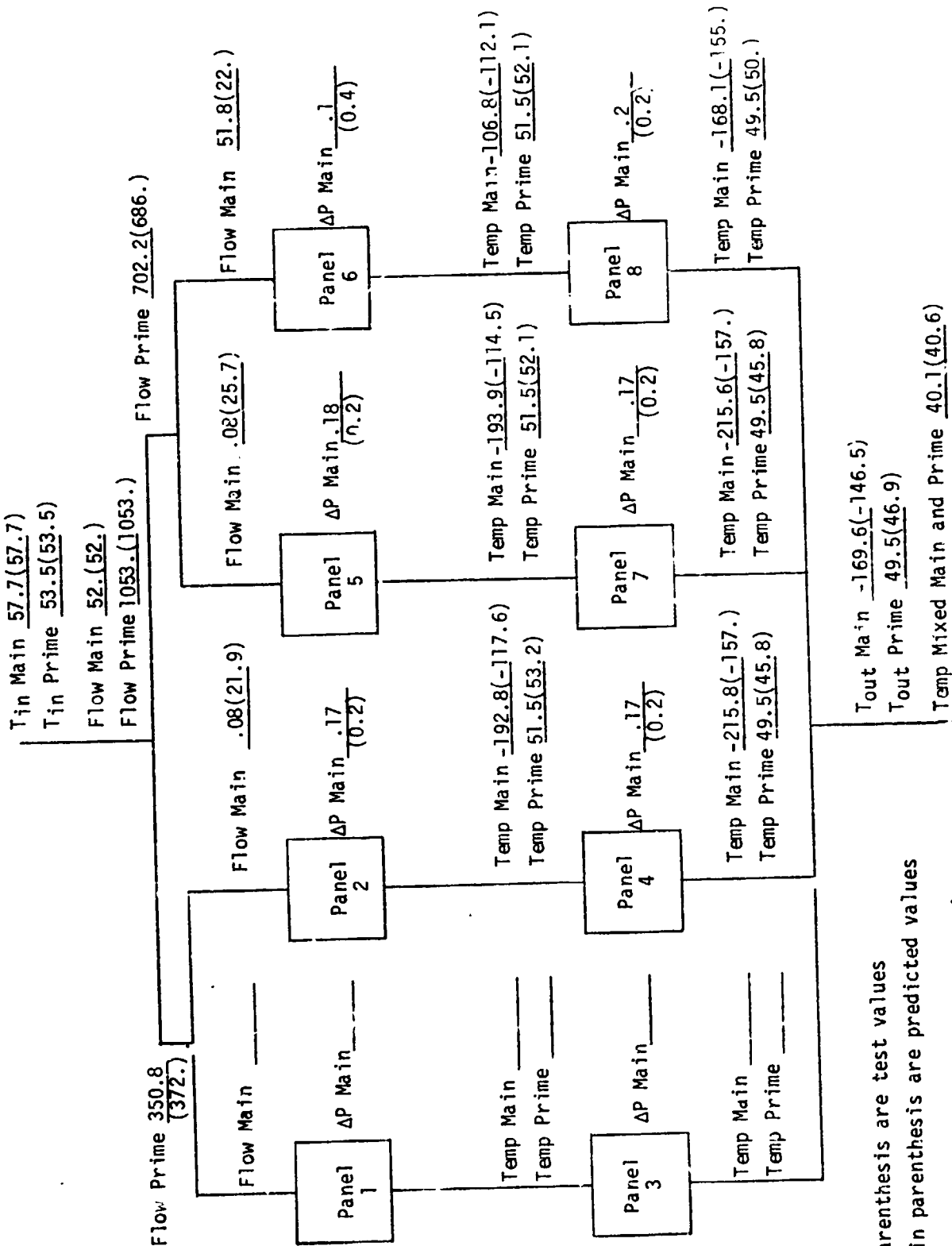
CONFIGURATION β
 FIGURE 23 TEST POINT 17A CORRELATION



Numbers in parenthesis are test values
 Numbers not in parenthesis are predicted values

CONFIGURATION γ

FIGURE 24 TEST POINT 36 CORRELATION

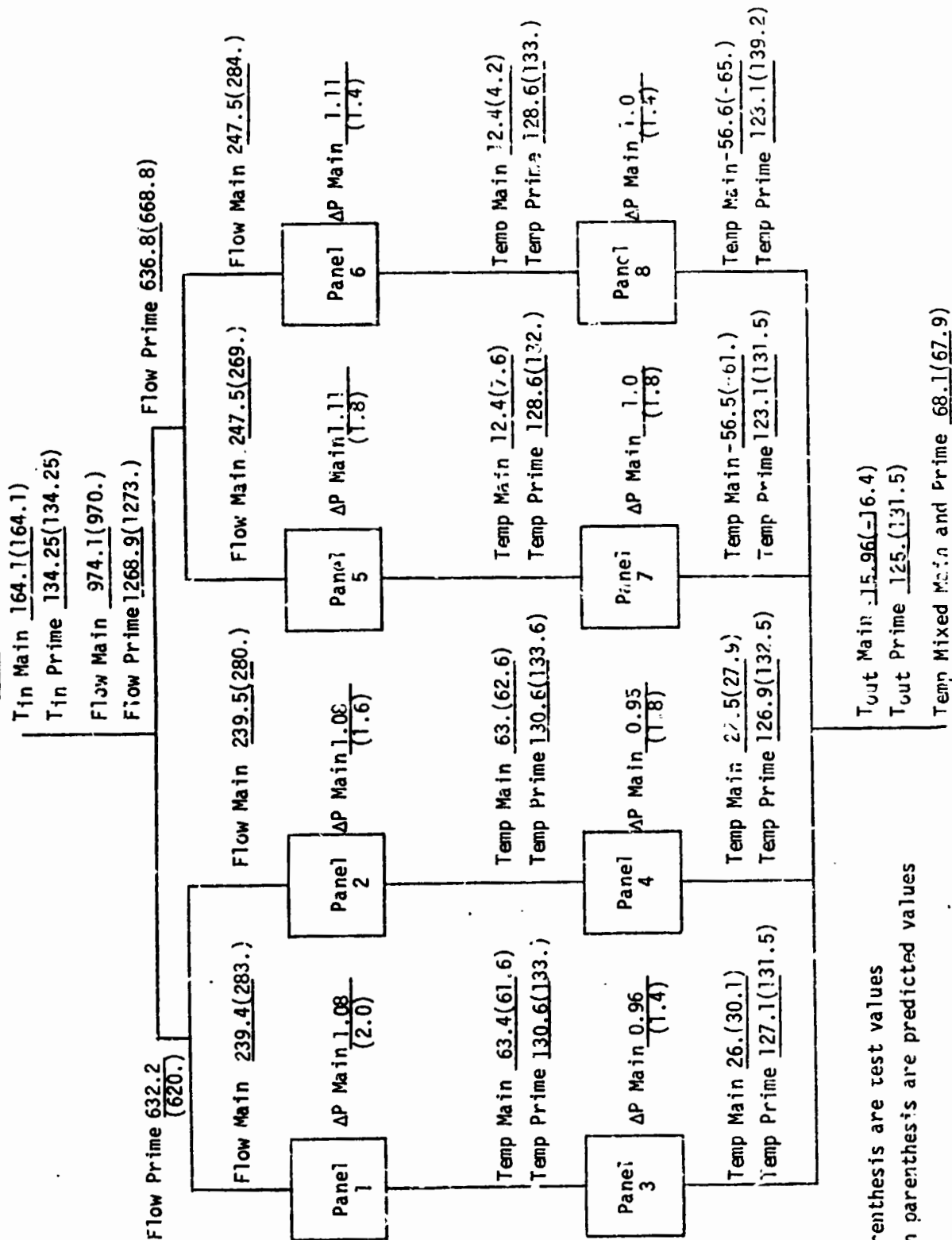


Numbers in parenthesis are test values

Numbers not in parenthesis are predicted values

CONFIGURATION Y

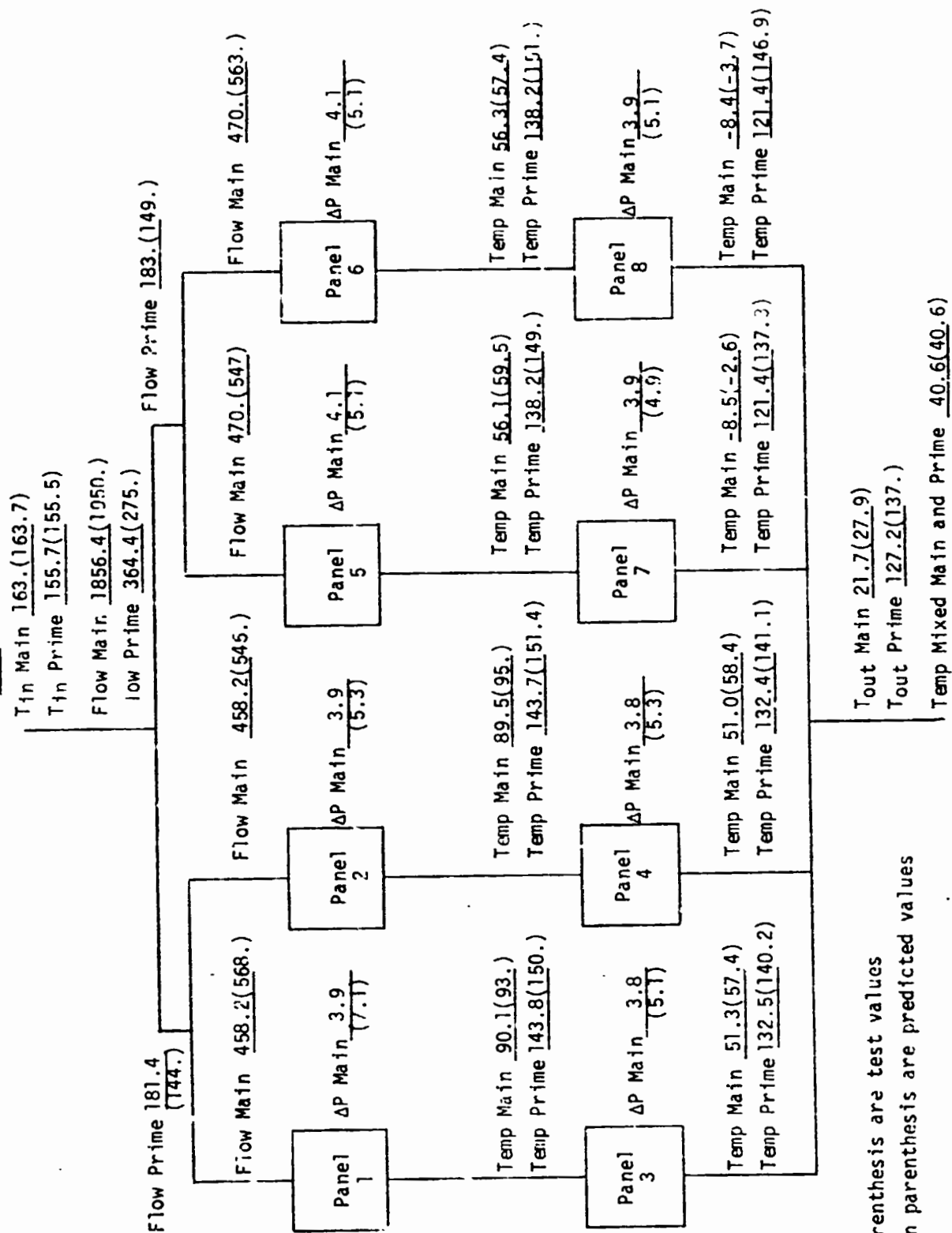
FIGURE 25 TEST POINT 53 CORRELATION



Numbers in parenthesis are test values
Numbers not in parenthesis are predicted values

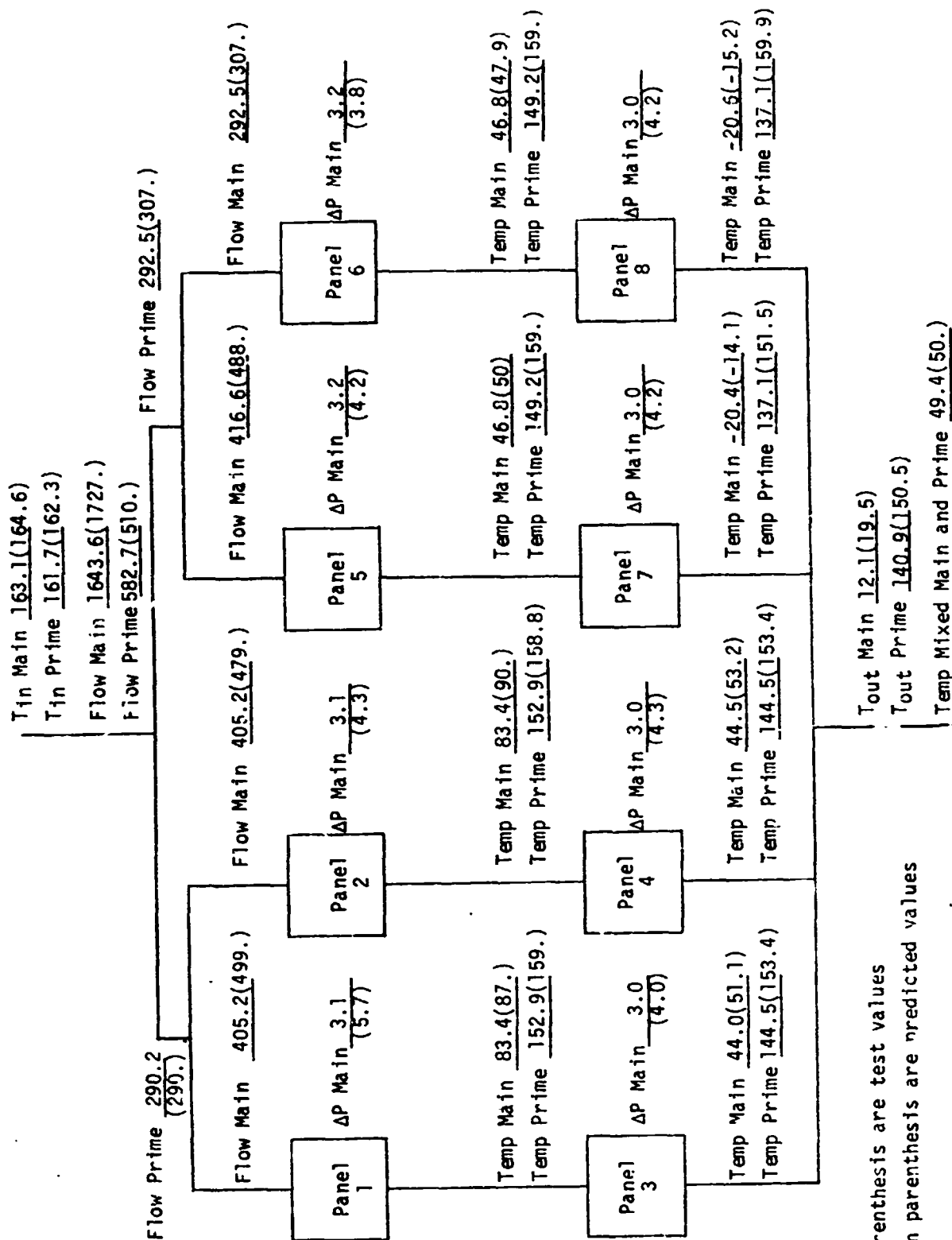
CONFIGURATION Y

FIGURE 26 TEST POINT 54 CORRELATION



Numbers in parenthesis are test values
Numbers not in parenthesis are predicted values

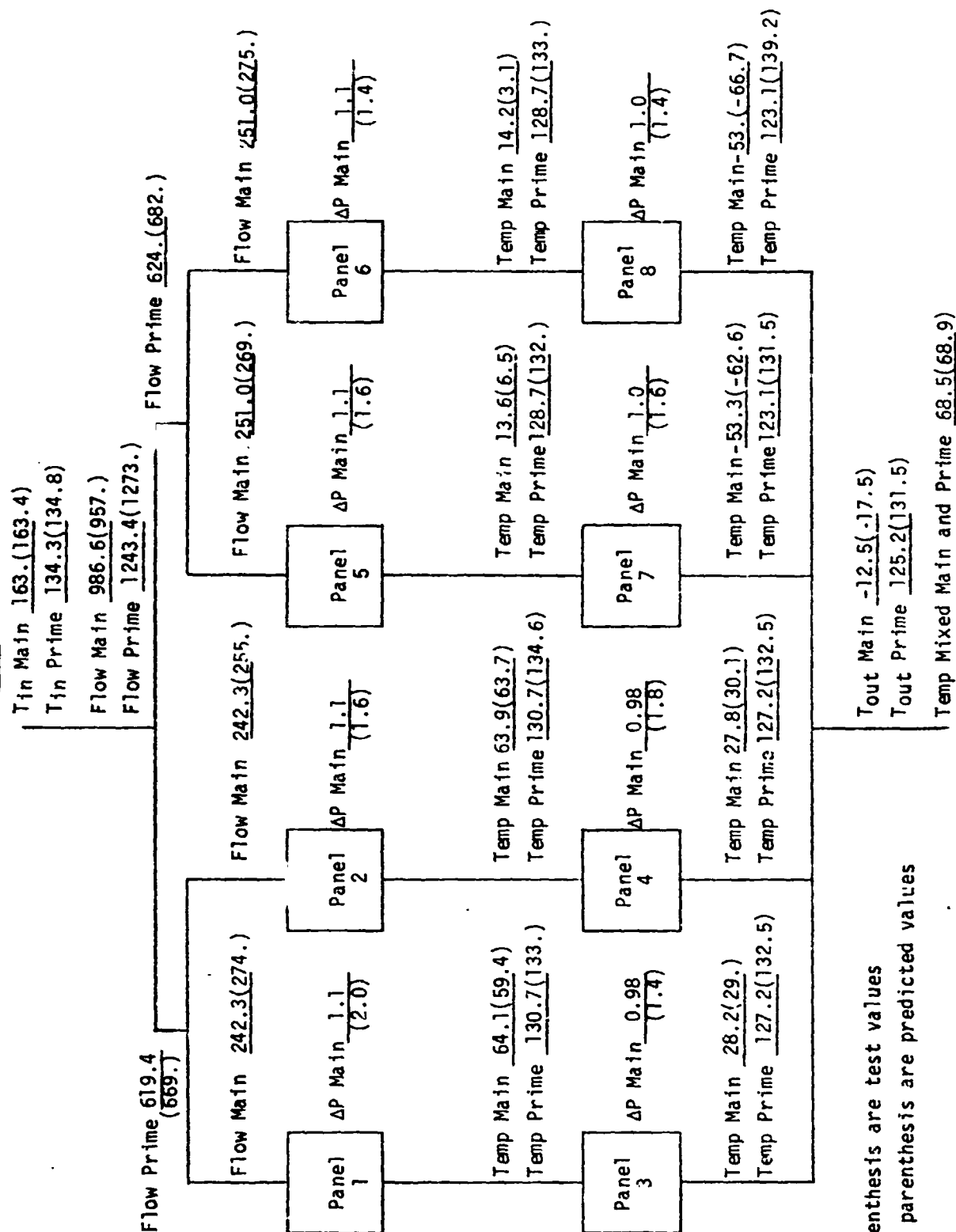
FIGURE 27 TEST POINT 55 CORRELATION



Numbers in parenthesis are test values

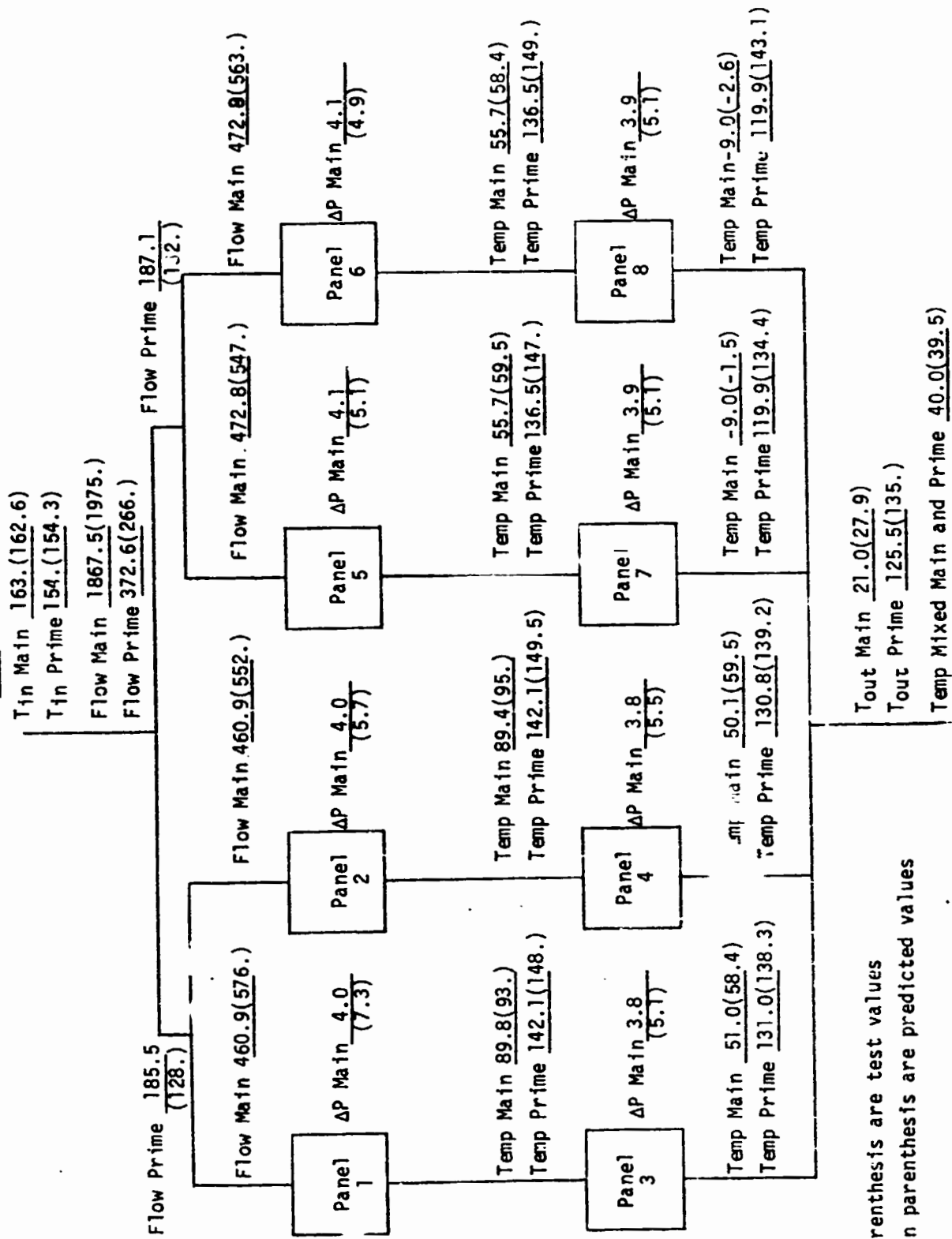
Numbers not in parenthesis are predicted values

CONFIGURATION Y
FIGURE 28 TEST POINT 56 CORRELATION



Numbers in parenthesis are test values
Numbers not in parenthesis are predicted values

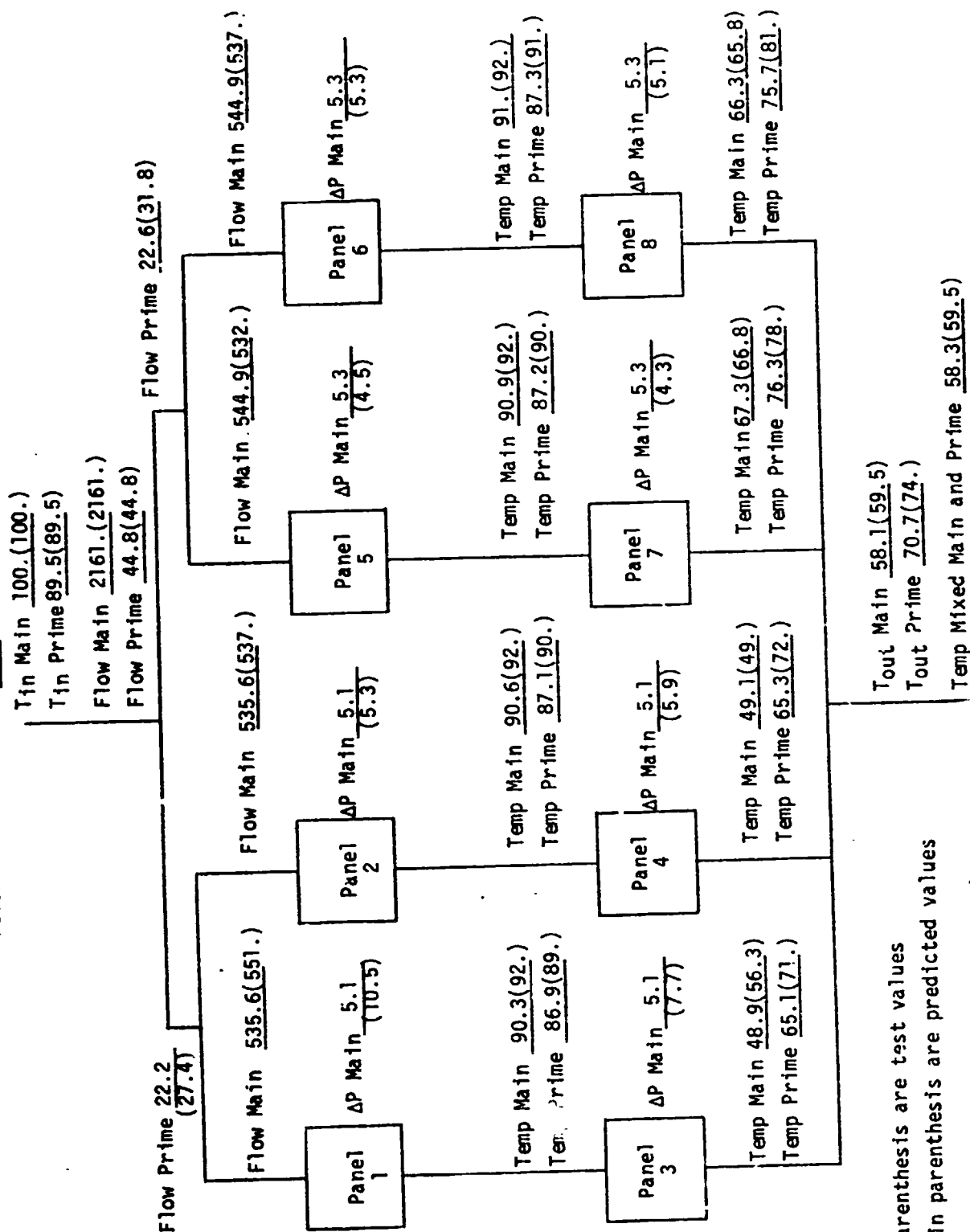
CONFIGURATION γ
 FIGURE 29 TEST POINT 59 CORRELATION



Numbers in parenthesis are test values
 Numbers not in parenthesis are predicted values

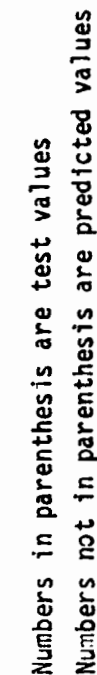
CONFIGURATION Y

FIGURE 30 TEST POINT 49 CORRELATION

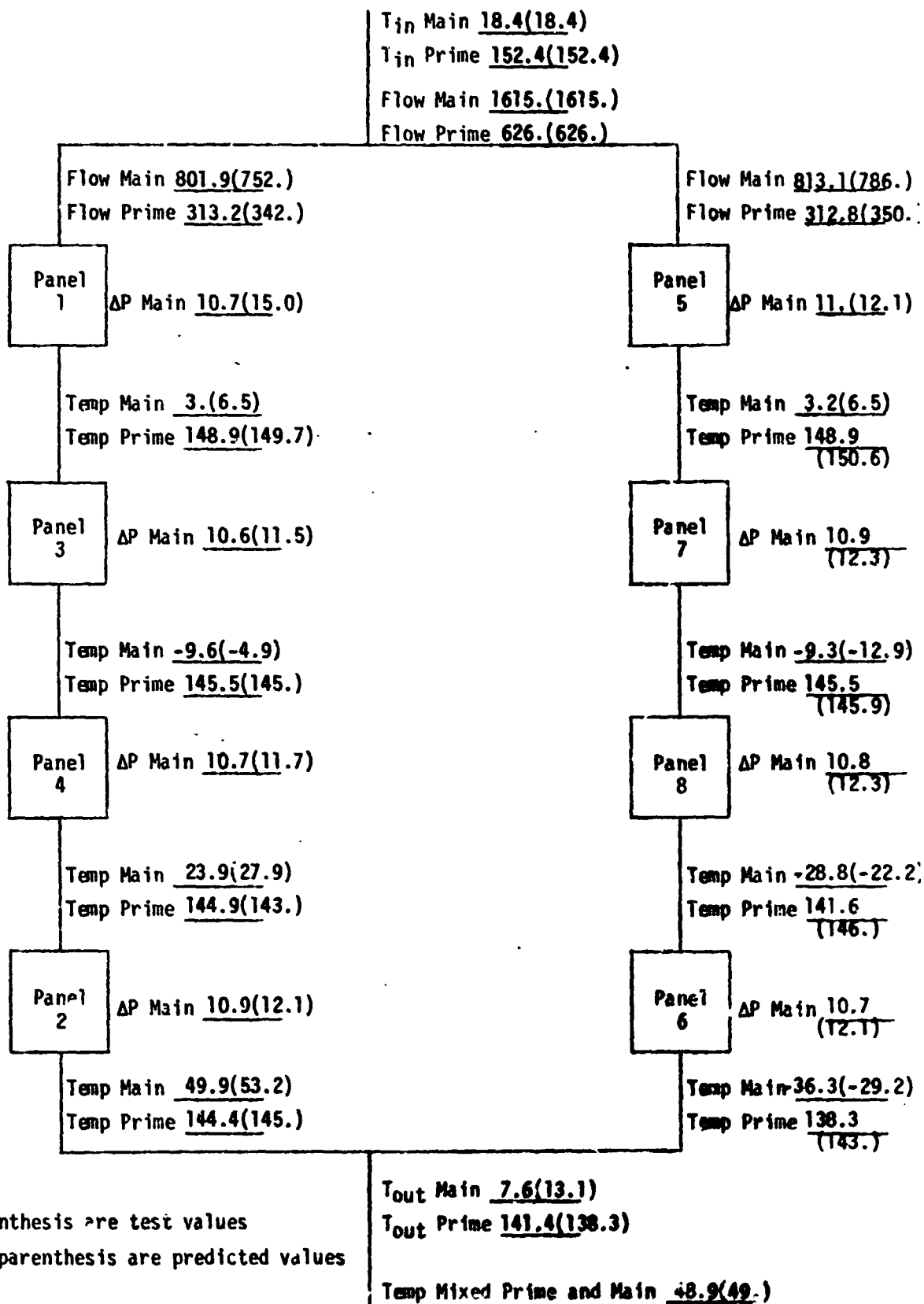


Numbers in parenthesis are test values
 Numbers not in parenthesis are predicted values

CONFIGURATION γ

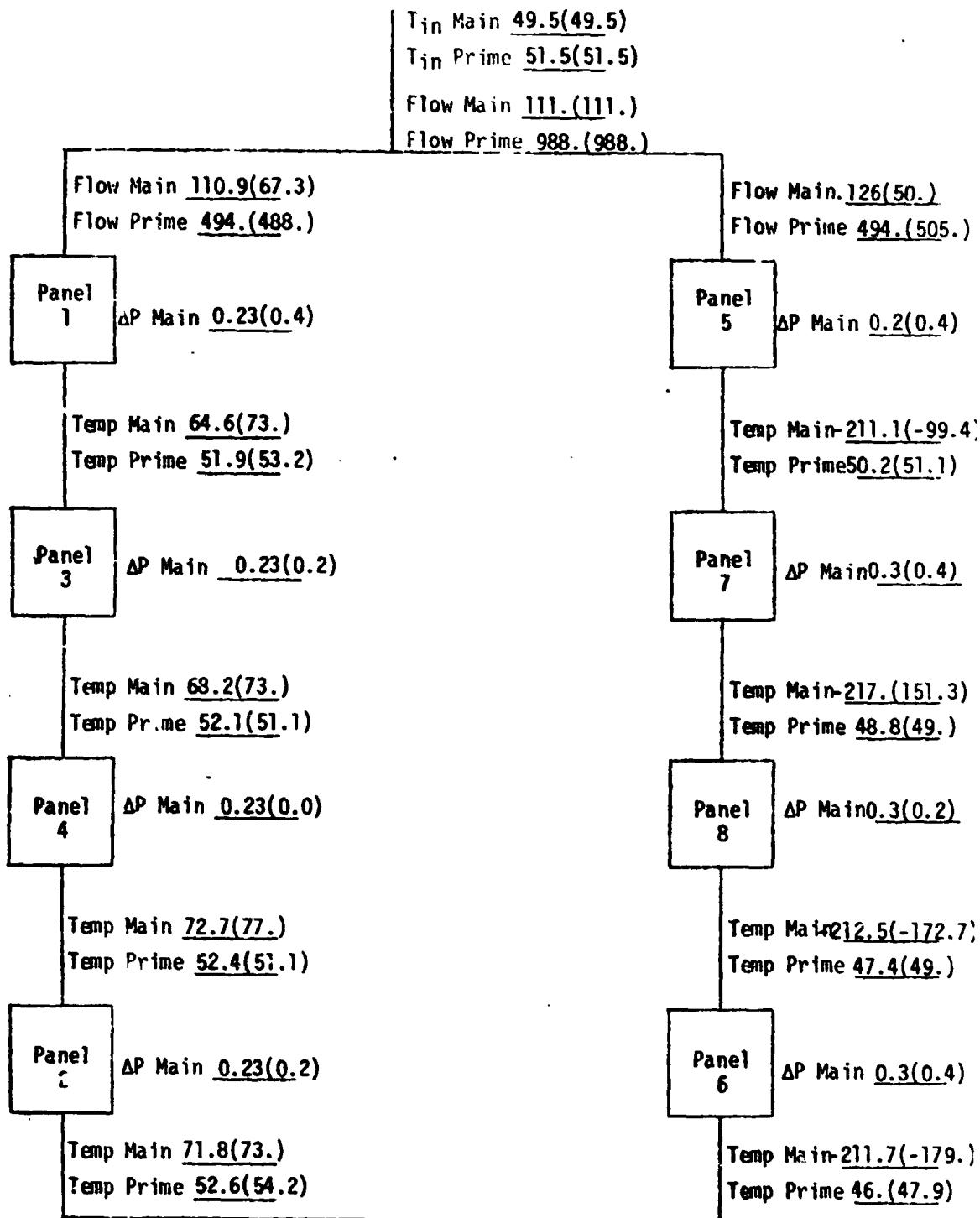


CONFIGURATION α
 FIGURE 32 TEST POINT 14 CORRELATION



Numbers in parenthesis are test values
 Numbers not in parenthesis are predicted values

CONFIGURATION α
 FIGURE 33 TEST POINT 47 CORRELATION



Numbers in parenthesis are test values
 Numbers not in parenthesis are predicted values

FIGURE 34 TRANSIENT TEMPERATURE COMPARISONS

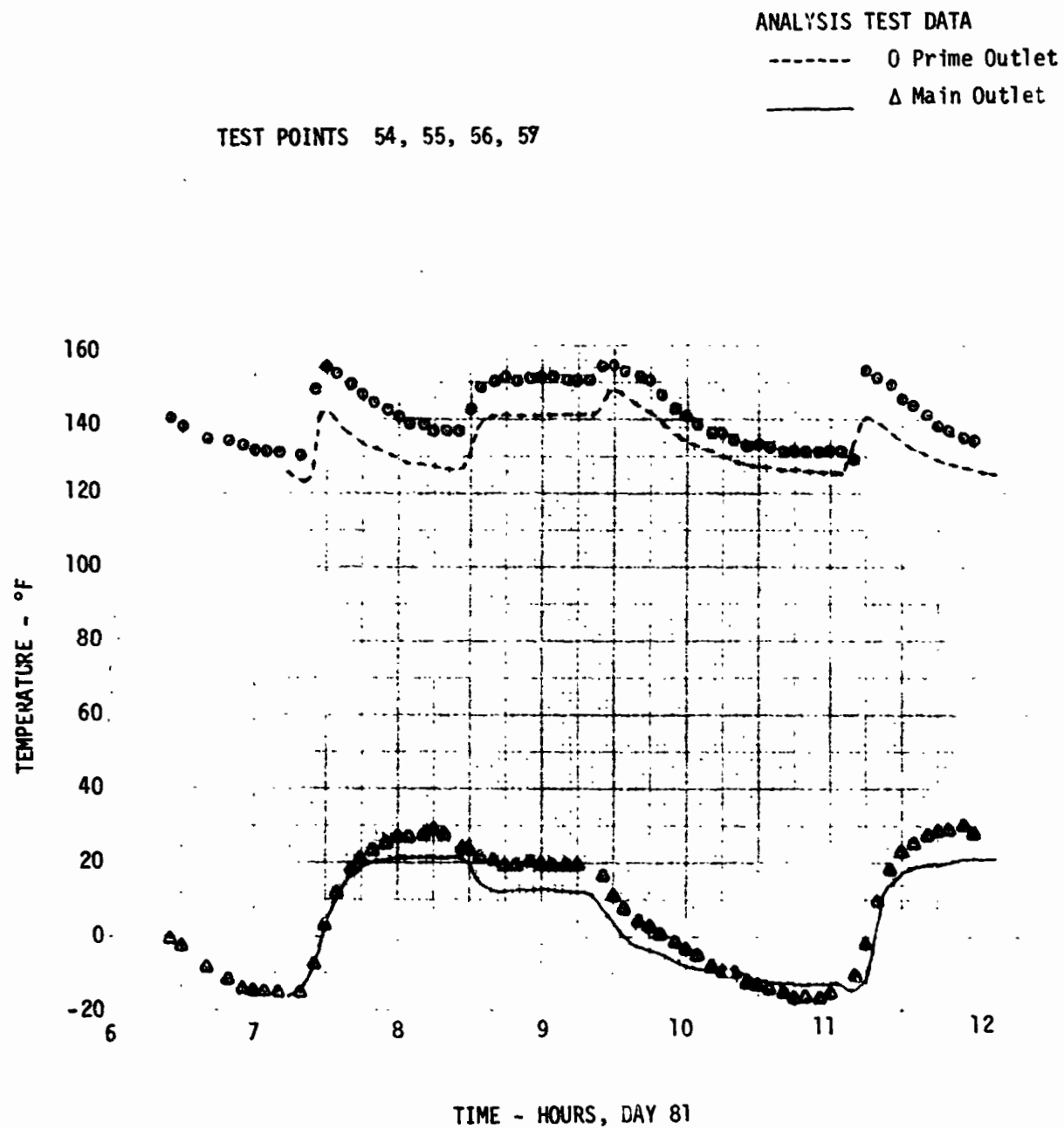
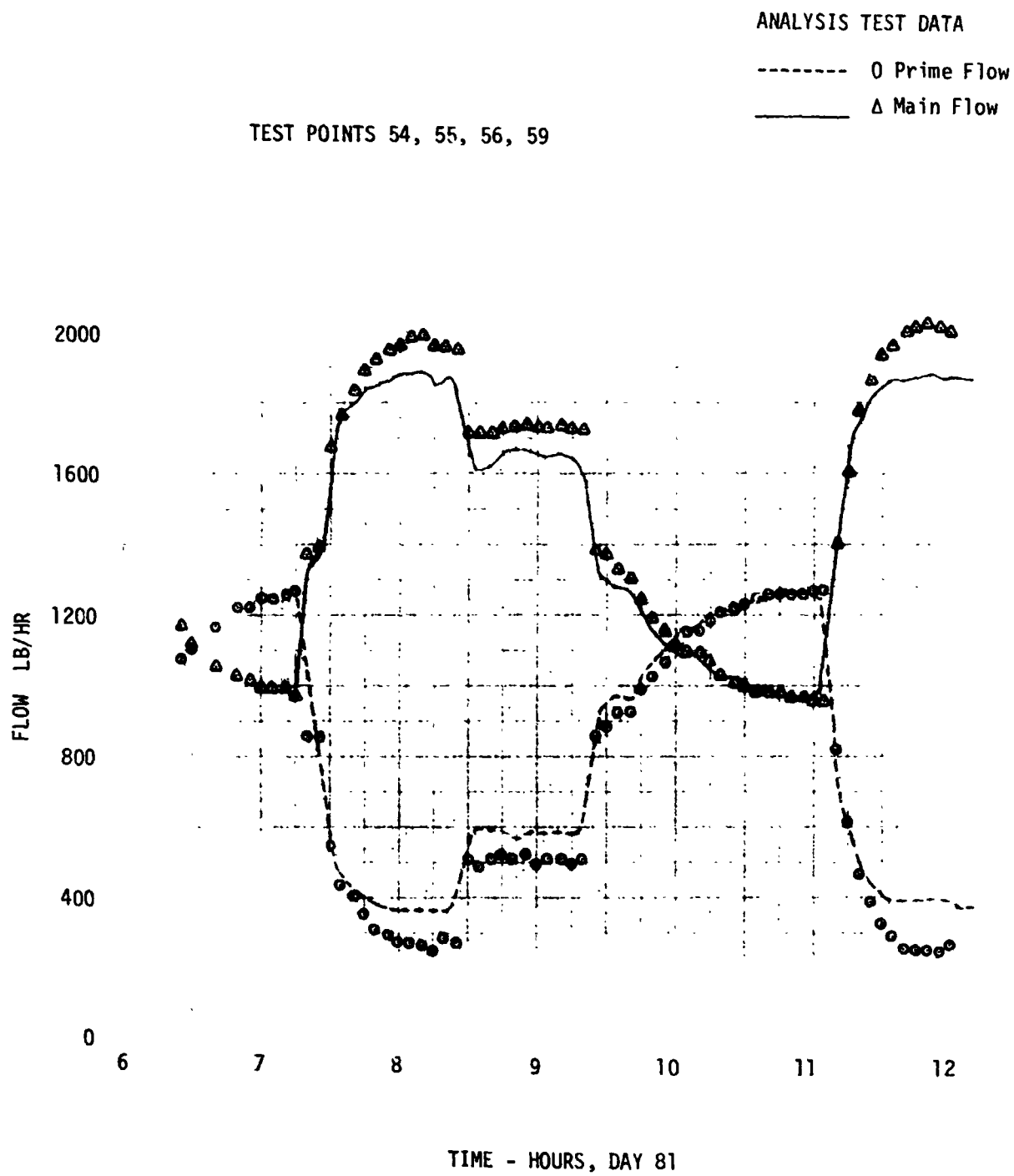


FIGURE 35 TRANSIENT FLOW COMPARISON



A P P E N D I X A

This appendix presents a summary of the MRS pre-test conditions and results. Tables A-1, A-2, and A-3 present the first, second and third week planned test conditions for each test point and an index to the results of the pre-test analyses. Tables A-4, A-5, and A-6 present environments on each of the eight panels for each test point. The pre-test results are shown on pages A-10 thru A-71.

TABLE A-1
FIRST WEEK PRE-TEST CONDITIONS (ONE SIDED OPERATION)

TEST POINT (TP)	FLOW LOOP	TOTAL FLOW (LB/HR)	INLET TEMP. °F OR FROM TP	SIMULATED SHUTTLE HEAT LOAD (BTU/HR)	ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES SUN DIRECTLY ON	PAGE
1	α_1	1100	162.4	70	Cargo Bay 1	A-10
1A	α_1	1100	178.	70	Cargo Bay 1	A-11
2	α_2	2200	162.4	70	Cargo Bay 2 (Cyclic)	A-12
3	α_1	1100	142.1	57.7	Cargo Bay 1	A-14
4	α_1		116.2	42	Cargo Bay 1	A-15
5	β		From TP-1	70	Cargo Bay 1 (Cyclic Cavity)	A-16
5A	β		From TP-1A	70	Cargo Bay 1 (Cyclic Cavity)	A-18
6	α_1	1100	96.1	31	Cargo Bay 1	A-20
7	α_2	2200	96.1	31	Cargo Bay 2 (Cyclic)	A-21
8	β	1100	From TP-3	57.7	Cargo Bay 1 (Cyclic Cavity)	A-23
9	α_1		116.2	42	Cavity	A-25
10	α_1		162.4	70	Cavity	A-26
11	β		From TP-10	70	Cavity	A-27
12	β		From TP-10	70	Opposite Cavity	A-28
13	β	1100	From TP-9	42	Cavity	A-29
14	α_3	2200	From TP-10	70	One Cavity	A-30
15	α_3		From TP-9	42	One Cavity	A-31
16	α_3	2200	53	-	Belly (Cyclic Cavity)	A-32

TABLE A-1 (CONTINUED)

[illegible]

SECOND WEEK PRE-TEST CONDITIONS (TWO SIDE OPERATION)

[illegible]

TABLE A-3

THIRD WEEK PRE-TEST CONDITIONS (ONE SIDED OPERATION)

TEST POINT (TP)	FLOW LOOP	TOTAL FLOW (LB/HR)	INLET TEMP. °F OP FROM TP	SIMULATED SHUTTLE FLOW (STU/HR)	ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES SUN DIRECTLY ON	PAGE
31	Y-1&3	1100	162.4	70	Cargo Bay 2 OSR Simul.	A-56
32	Y	2200	From TP-1	70	Cargo Bay 1	A-57
33	6	2200	From TP-1	70	Cargo Bay 1	A-58
34	6-8	2200	From TP-1	70	Cargo Bay 1	A-59
35	Y	2200	From TP-6	31	Cargo Bay 1	A-60
37	Y	2200	53	-	45° to Cargo Bay, 7 & 8 shadowed	A-62
38	6	2200	53	-		A-63
39	6-8	2200	53	-		A-64
40	ε	2200	53	-		A-65
41	ε-4,7,8	200	53			A-66
42	Y	2200	53	-	45° to Cargo Bay, 7 & 8 shadowed	A-67
36	Y-1 & 3	1100	53	7	Belly OSR Simulation	A-61
43	Y	2200	53	-	Belly	A-68
44	Y	2200	From TP-1	70	Cargo Bay 1	A-69
45	ε	2200	From TP-1	70	Cargo Bay 1	A-70
46	ε-4,7,8	2200	From TP-1	70	Cargo Bay 1	A-71

TABLE A-4

FIRST WEEK PRE-TEST ENVIRONMENTS

TEST POINT	ENVIRONMENT ON PANEL (BTU/HR)							
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	130	130	130	130	130	130	130	130
1A	130	130	130	130	130	130	130	130
2	55.6-65.1	35.2-75.7	35.2-75.7	35.2-75.7	55.6-65.1	64.5-40.4	64.5-40.4	64.5-40.4
3	130	130	130	130	130	130	130	130
4	130	130	130	130	130	130	130	130
5	130	0-61	130	0-61	130	>9	130	>9
5A	130	0-61	130	0-61	130	>9	130	>9
6	130	130	130	130	130	130	130	130
7	55.6-65.1	35.2-75.7	35.2-75.7	35.2-75.7	55.6-65.1	64.5-40.4	64.5-40.4	64.5-40.4
8	130	0-61	130	0-61	130	>9	130	>9
9	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
10	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
11	30	216	30	216	30	>9	30	>9
12	30	20	30	20	30	>9	30	>9
13	30	216	30	216	30	>9	30	>9
14	30	216	30	216	30	20	30	20
15	30	216	30	216	30	20	30	20

TABLE A-4 (CONTINUED)

[illegible]

TABLE A-5
SECOND WEEK PRE-TEST ENVIRONMENTS

[illegible]

TABLE A-6
THIRD WEEK PRE-TEST ENVIRONMENTS

TEST POINT	ENVIRONMENT ON PANEL (BTU/HR)							
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
31	>9	60	>9	60	60	52	52	52
32	130	130	130	130	130	130	130	130
33	130	130	130	130	130	130	130	130
34	130	130	130	130	130	130	130	130
35	130	130	130	130	130	130	130	130
37	110	110	110	110	110	110	25	25
38	110	110	110	110	110	110	25	25
39	110	110	110	110	110	110	25	25
40	110	110	110	110	110	110	25	25
41	110	110	110	110	110	>9	>9	>9
42	25	25	25	25	110	25	25	25
36	>9	19.5	>9	19.5	19.5	23	23	23
43	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
44	130	130	130	130	130	130	130	130
45	130	130	130	130	130	130	130	130
46	130	130	130	>9	130	130	>9	>9

CONFIGURATION a
TEST POINTS 1

WEEK 1

TEST TIME 4.0 HRS.

TOTAL FLOW 1100 lb/hr

SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 70,000

ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
SUN ON CAPES BAY

Flow Main 541

Flow Prime 6

Tin Main 162.4

Tin Prime 162.4

Flow Main 1085

Flow Prime 12.8

Flow Main 544

Flow Prime 6

Temp Main 131.0

Temp Prime 142.7

Temp Main 131.2

Temp Prime 143.4

Temp Main 111.0

Temp Prime 126.2

Temp Main 111.2

Temp Prime 127.6

Temp Main 98.3

Temp Prime 118.8

Temp Main 98.5

Temp Prime 114.1

Temp Main 90.1

Temp Prime 92.9

Temp Main 90.3

Temp Prime 96.7

$$\text{MAIN } \frac{1085 (162.4 - 90.2) \cdot 2.1}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} = \frac{21151}{Q_{rej}}$$

$$\text{PRIME } \frac{12.8 (162.4 - 91.4) \cdot 2.7}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} = \frac{245}{Q_{rej}}$$

$$\frac{21,396}{Q_{total}}$$

Tout Main 90.2

Tout Prime 91.4

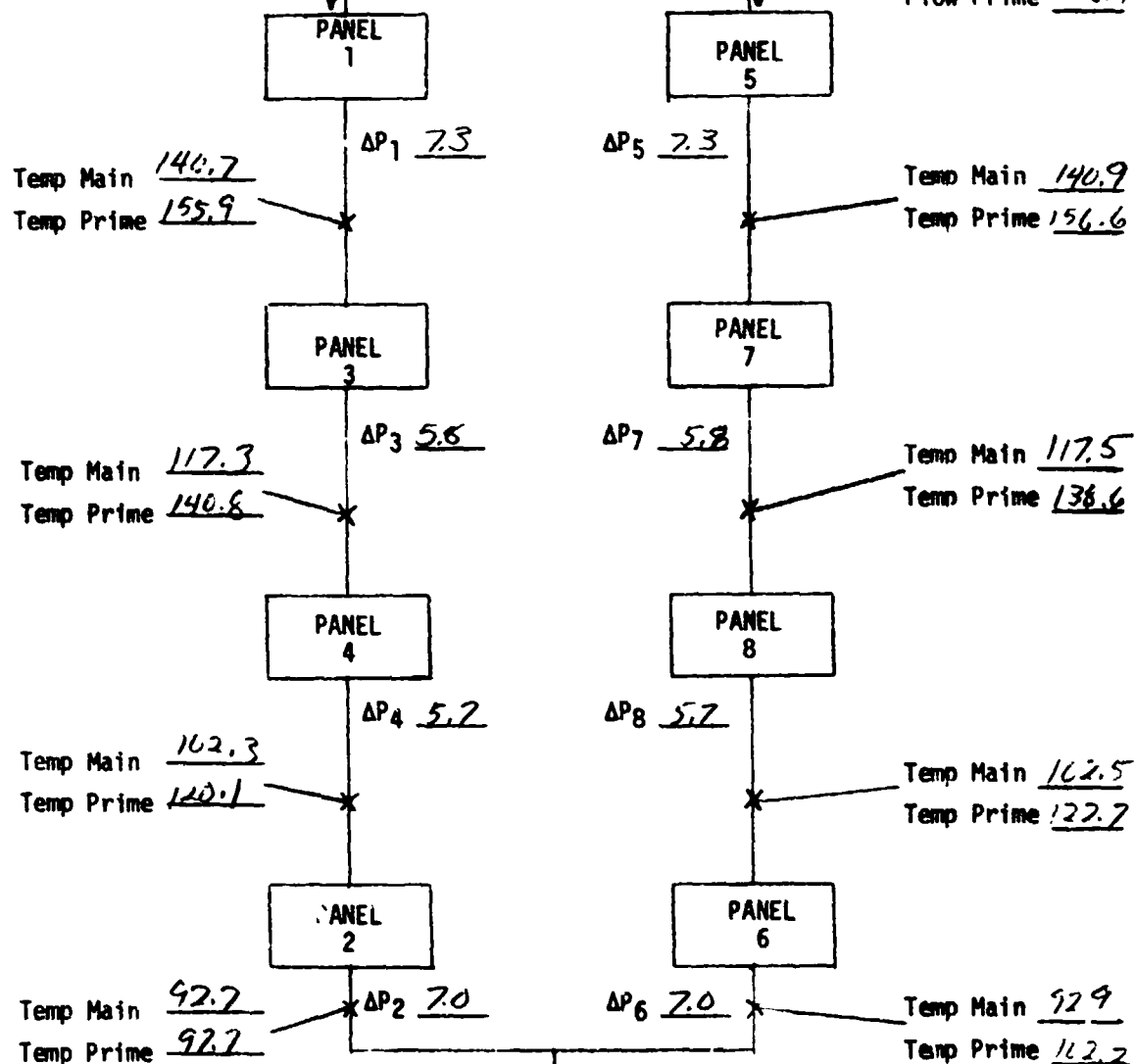
Temp Mixed Prime and Main 90.4

CONFIGURATION a
TEST POINTS 1A

WEEK 1
TEST TIME ?
TOTAL FLOW 1100 lb/hr
SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 60 K
ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
SUN ON CARGO BAY
Flow Main 541
Flow Prime 6.3

T_{in} Main 177.8
T_{in} Prime 177.8
Flow Main 1085
Flow Prime 12.8

Flow Main 544
Flow Prime 6.4



$$\text{MAIN } \frac{1085 \times (177.8 - 92.8) \times 2.74}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} = 25269$$

$$\text{PRIME } \frac{12.8 \times (177.8 - 96.0) \times 2.74}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} = 287$$

$$\frac{25,556}{Q_{total}}$$

T_{out} Main 92.8
T_{out} Prime 96.6

Temp Mixed Prime and Main 92.8

CONFIGURATION α

TEST POINTS 2-1

WEEK 1

TEST TIME 8.1 (after main outlet)

TOTAL FLOW 2700 g/h

SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 70 K

ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES

SUN ON CARCO BAY

Flow Main 105.4

Flow Prime 12.6

T_{in} Main 16.3

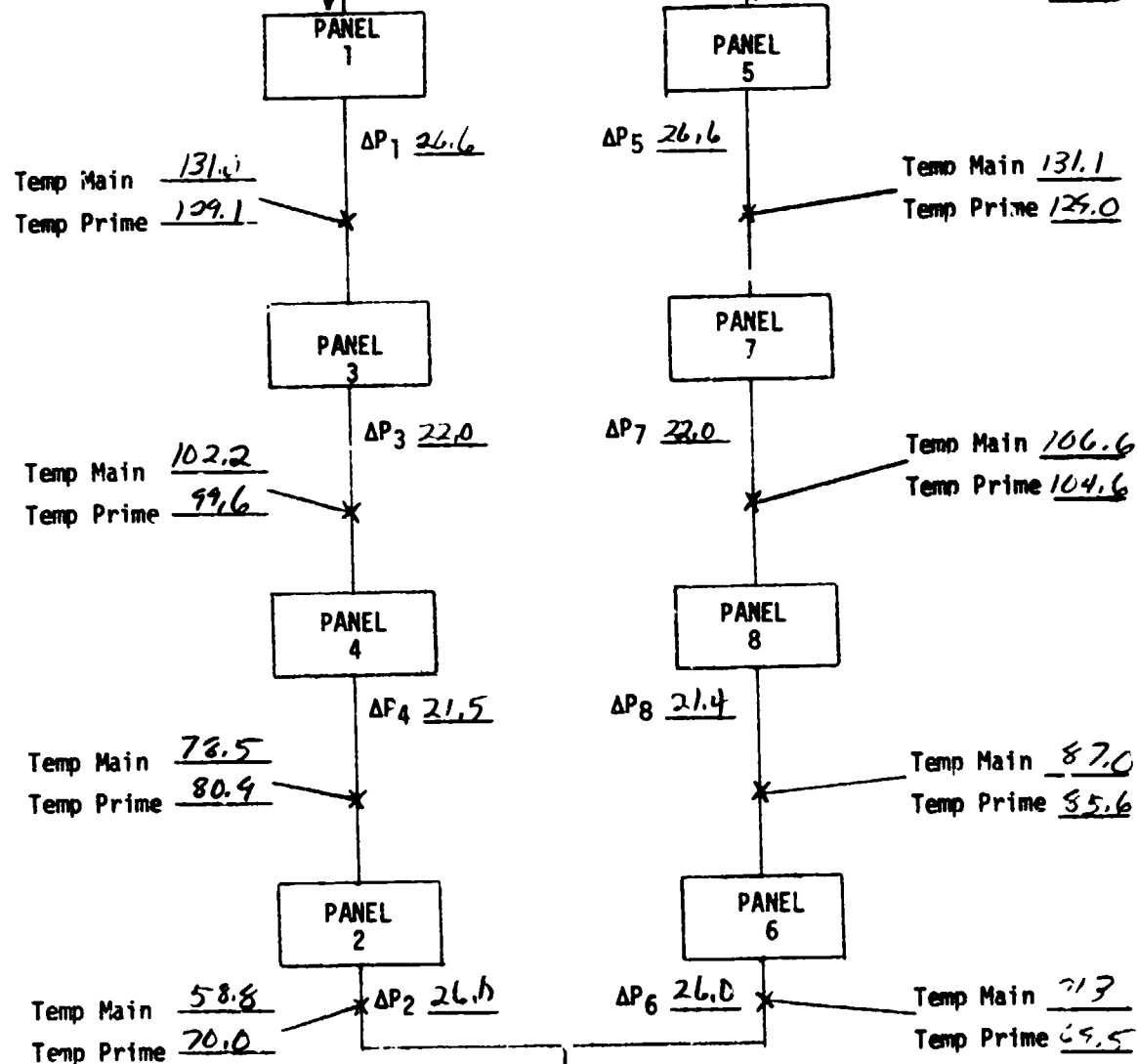
T_{in} Prime 16.3

Flow Main 2171

Flow Prime 25.2

Flow Main 105.8

Flow Prime 12.7



$$\text{MAIN } \frac{2171(16.3 - 65.1)(.265)}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} = \frac{56323}{Q_{rej}}$$

$$\text{PRIME } \frac{25.2(16.3 - 70)(.265)}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} = \frac{621}{Q_{rej}}$$

$$\frac{56944}{Q_{total}}$$

T_{out} Main 65.1

T_{out} Prime 70.0

Temp Mixed Prime and Main 65.1

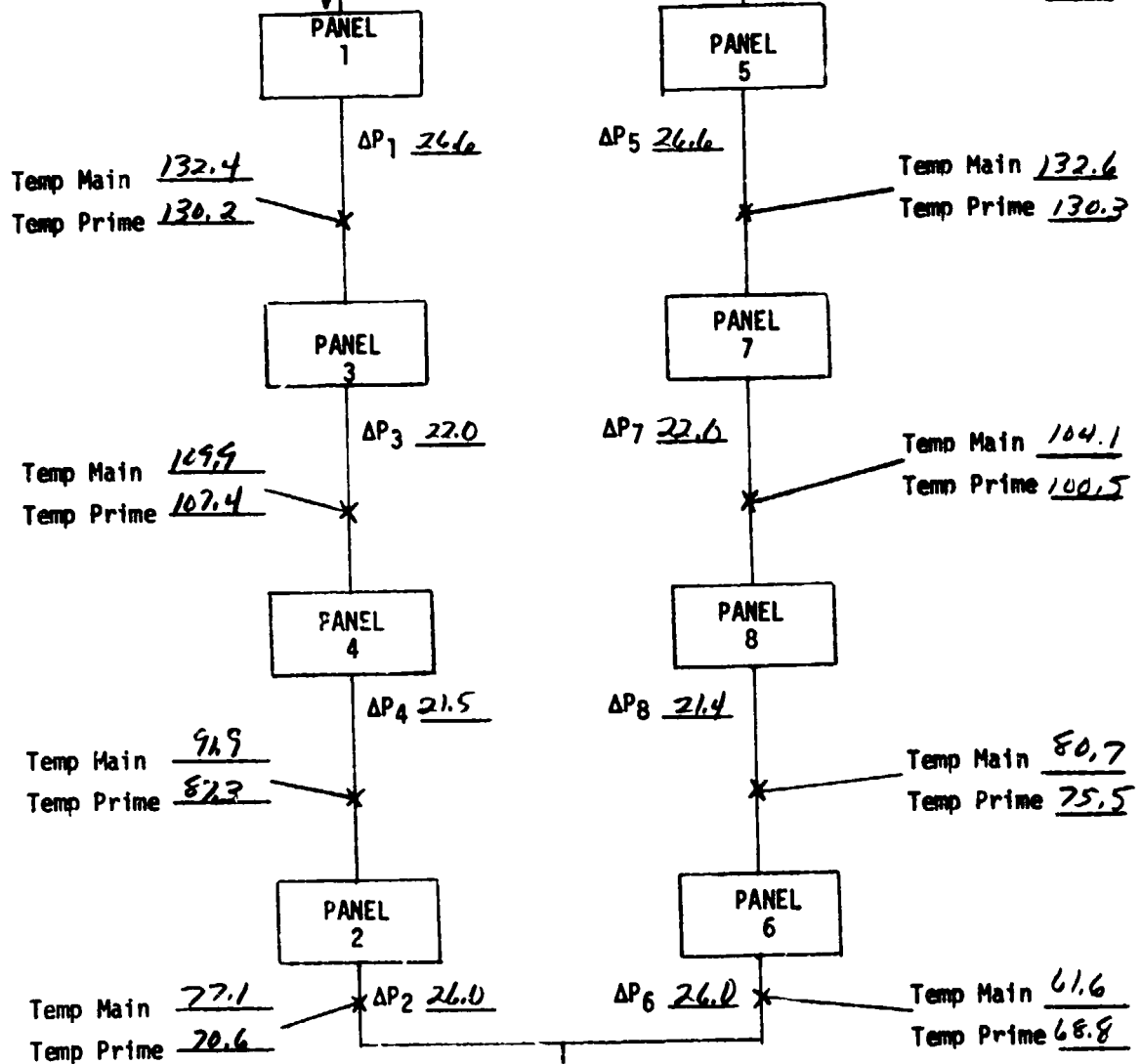
CONFIGURATION a
TEST POINTS 2-2

WEEK 1
TEST TIME 8.5 hr (High Main outlet)
TOTAL FLOW 2200 #/hr
SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 70 K
ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
SUN ON CARRO BY

Flow Main 1081
Flow Prime 12.6

T_{in} Main 163
T_{in} Prime 163
Flow Main 2171
Flow Prime 25

Flow Main 1090
Flow Prime 12.7



$$\text{MAIN } \frac{2171(163 - 69.4)(.265)}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} = 536.19$$

$$\text{PRIME } \frac{25(163 - 69.6)(.265)}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} = .19$$

$$\frac{536.19 + .19}{Q_{total}} = 544.68$$

T_{out} Main 64.4
T_{out} Prime 69.6

Temp Mixed Prime and Main 69.3

CONFIGURATION α
TEST POINTS 3

WEEK 1

TEST TIME 13 h.

TOTAL FLOW 1100 lb/hr

SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 57,700

ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
SUN ON CARGO BAY

Flow Main 591.0

Flow Prime 6.3

T_{in} Main 142.1

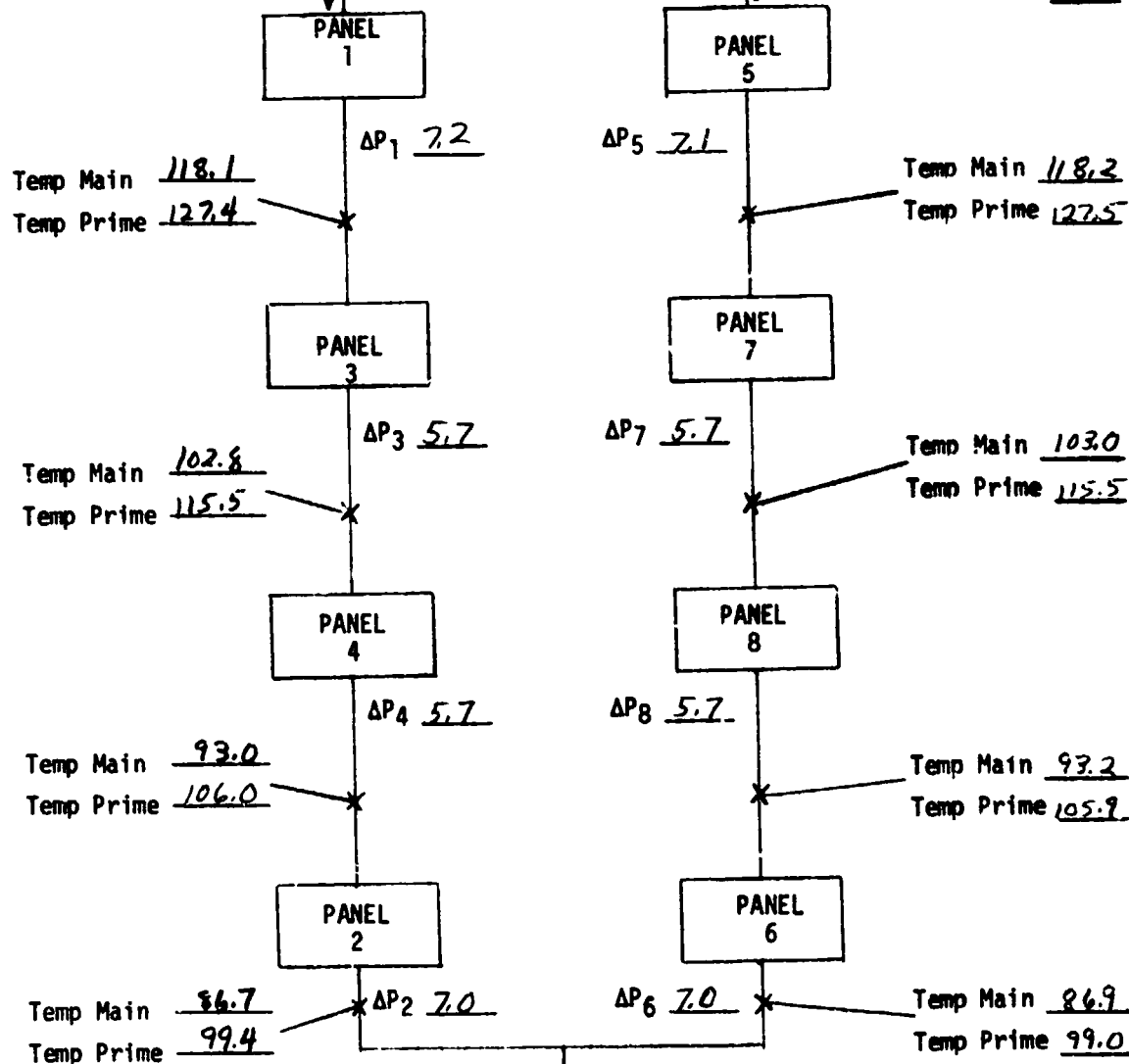
T_{in} Prime 142.1

Flow Main 1086

Flow Prime 12.7

Flow Main 594.5

Flow Prime 6.4



$$\text{MAIN } \frac{1086 (142.1 - 86.8) (0.265)}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} = 15915$$

$$\text{PRIME } \frac{12.7 (142.1 - 99.2) (0.267)}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} = 145$$

16060
Total

T_{out} Main 86.8

T_{out} Prime 99.2

Temp Mixed Prime and Main 86.9

CONFIGURATION a
TEST POINTS 4

WEEK 1

TEST TIME 17 hr

TOTAL FLOW 1100 lb/hr

SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 42,000

ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
SUN ON CARGO BAY

Flow Main 541.0

Flow Prime 6.3

Tin Main 116.2

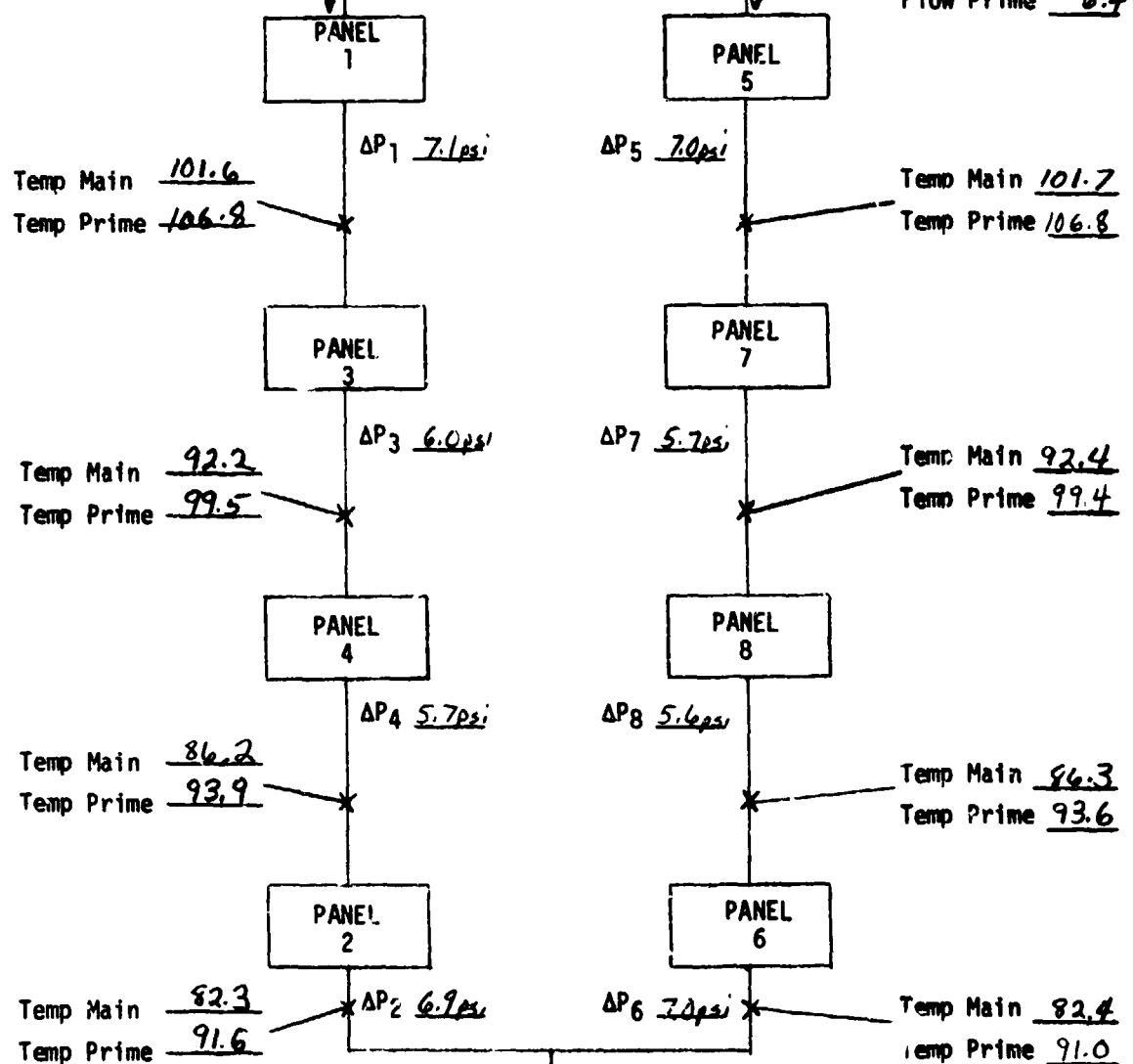
Tin Prime 116.2

Flow Main 1086

Flow Prime 12.7

Flow Main 544.5

Flow Prime 6.4



$$\text{MAIN } 1086 \frac{(116.2 - 82.4) \cdot 2.6}{\text{Flow} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} = Q_{req}$$

$$\text{PRIME } 12.7 \frac{(116.2 - 92.0) \cdot 2.62}{\text{Flow} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} = Q_{req}$$

$$\frac{9624}{\text{Total}}$$

$$\text{Tout Main } 82.4$$

$$\text{Tout Prime } 92.0$$

$$\text{Temp Mixed Prime and Main } 82.5$$

CONFIGURATION B
TEST POINTS 5-1

WEEK 1
TEST TIME 20.1 (Low Pressure 4+2)
TOTAL FLOW 1100 #/hr
SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 20 K
ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
SUN ON CARGO BAY

T_{in} Main 111
T_{in} Prime 111

Flow Main 914
Flow Prime 184

Flow Main 469
Flow Prime 92.7

Flow Main 446
Flow Prime 90.9

PANEL 1 ΔP₁ 5.4 M

PANEL 5 ΔP₅ 4.9 M

Temp Main 97.5
Temp Prime 108.4

Temp Main 97.0
Temp Prime 108.1

PANEL 3 ΔP₃ 4.4 M

PANEL 7 ΔP₇ 4.9 M

Temp Main 89.4
Temp Prime 104.7

Temp Main 88.8
Temp Prime 104.7

Temp Main 89.1
Temp Prime 104.7

PANEL 4 ΔP₄

Temp Main 52.8
Temp Prime 92.0

ΔP 4+2 = 35.4

PANEL 2 ΔP₂

T_{out} Main 32.8
T_{out} Prime 81.8

T_{out} Mixed Main and Prime 40.0

MAIN $\frac{914 (111 - 32.8) \cdot 2.51}{\text{Flow} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} = \frac{17940}{Q_{rej}}$
PRIME $\frac{184 (111 - 81.8) \cdot 2.50}{\text{Flow} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} = \frac{1366}{Q_{rej}}$
19326
Q_{total}

CONFIGURATION B
TEST POINTS 5 - 2

WEEK 1
TEST TIME 20.8 (High Water on 2,1)
TOTAL FLOW 1100
SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 20 K
ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
SUN ON CARRO R.

T_{in} Main 111
T_{in} Prime 111

Flow Main 1083
Flow Prime 14.6

Flow Main 555
Flow Prime 2.5

Flow Main 528
Flow Prime 7.1

PANEL 1 ΔP1 7.4

PANEL 5 ΔP5 6.7

Temp Main 98.2
Temp Prime 104.6

Temp Main 98.2
Temp Prime 104.3

PANEL 3 ΔP3 6.0

PANEL 7 ΔP7 6.7

Temp Main 90.5
Temp Prime 99.6

Temp Main 89.9
Temp Prime 99.1

Temp Main 98.2
Temp Prime 101.0

PANEL 4 ΔP4

Temp Main 72.7
Temp Prime 80.9

ΔF₄₊₂ = 55

PANEL 2 ΔP2

T_{out} Main 58.5
T_{out} Prime 72.3

T_{out} Mixed Main and Prime 58.9

MAIN $\frac{1083(111 - 58.5) \cdot 2.5}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} = \frac{14555}{Q_{rej}}$
PRIME $\frac{14.6(111 - 72.3) \cdot 2.58}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} = \frac{146}{Q_{rej}}$
14701
Q_{total}

CONFIGURATION B
TEST POINTS 5A

WEEK 1
TEST TIME 20.8 (HIGH MAIN INLET)
TOTAL FLOW 1100 #/hr
SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 801C
ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
SUN ON CARGO BAY

T_{in} Main 117.4
T_{in} Prime 117.4

Flow Main 5.5
Flow Prime 7.5

Flow Main 1063
Flow Prime 14.6

Flow Main 528
Flow Prime 7.1

PANEL 1 ΔP₁ 6.8

PANEL 5 ΔP₅ 6.7

Temp Main 102.6
Temp Prime 108.7

Temp Main 102.1
Temp Prime 108.3

PANEL 3 ΔP₃ 6.6

PANEL 7 ΔP₇ 6.7

Temp Main 93.1
Temp Prime 101.7

Temp Main 92.4
Temp Prime 101.1

Temp Main 92.7
Temp Prime 101.5

PANEL 4 ΔP₄

MAIN 1063 117.4 60.3 .257 15,900
FLOW X (T_{in} - T_{out}) X Cp at = Q_{req}
T_{avg}

PRIME 14.6 117.4 52.9 .257 225
FLOW X (T_{in} - T_{out}) X Cp at = Q_{req}
T_{avg}

16,125
Q_{total}

Temp Main 74.8
Temp Prime 29.9

ΔP₄₊₂ = 49.4

PANEL 2 ΔP₂

T_{out} Main 60.3
T_{out} Prime 52.5

T₀₁ Main and Prime 60.1

CONFIGURATION B
TEST POINTS 5A (LOW MAIN OUTLET)

WEEK 1
TEST TIME 20.0
TOTAL FLOW 1100 LBS/H
SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 50,000 BTU/H
ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
SUN ON C. 16.0 F.

T_{in} Main 117.4
 T_{in} Prime 117.4

Flow Main 555 Flow Prime 2.5
Flow Main 1084 Flow Prime 14.4
Flow Main 528 Flow Prime 7.1

PANEL 1 ΔP_1 6.8 PANEL 5 ΔP_5 6.7
Temp Main 102.6 Temp Prime 108.7
Temp Main 102.1 Temp Prime 108.3

PANEL 3 ΔP_3 6.6 PANEL 7 ΔP_7 6.7
Temp Main 93 Temp Prime 101.7
Temp Main 92.7 Temp Prime 101.7

PANEL 4 ΔP_4
Temp Main 63.3 Temp Prime 22.0
 $\Delta P_4 + 2 = 39.0$
PANEL 2 ΔP_2
T_{out} Main 39.3 T_{out} Prime 55.6
T_{out} Mixed Main and Prime 40.0

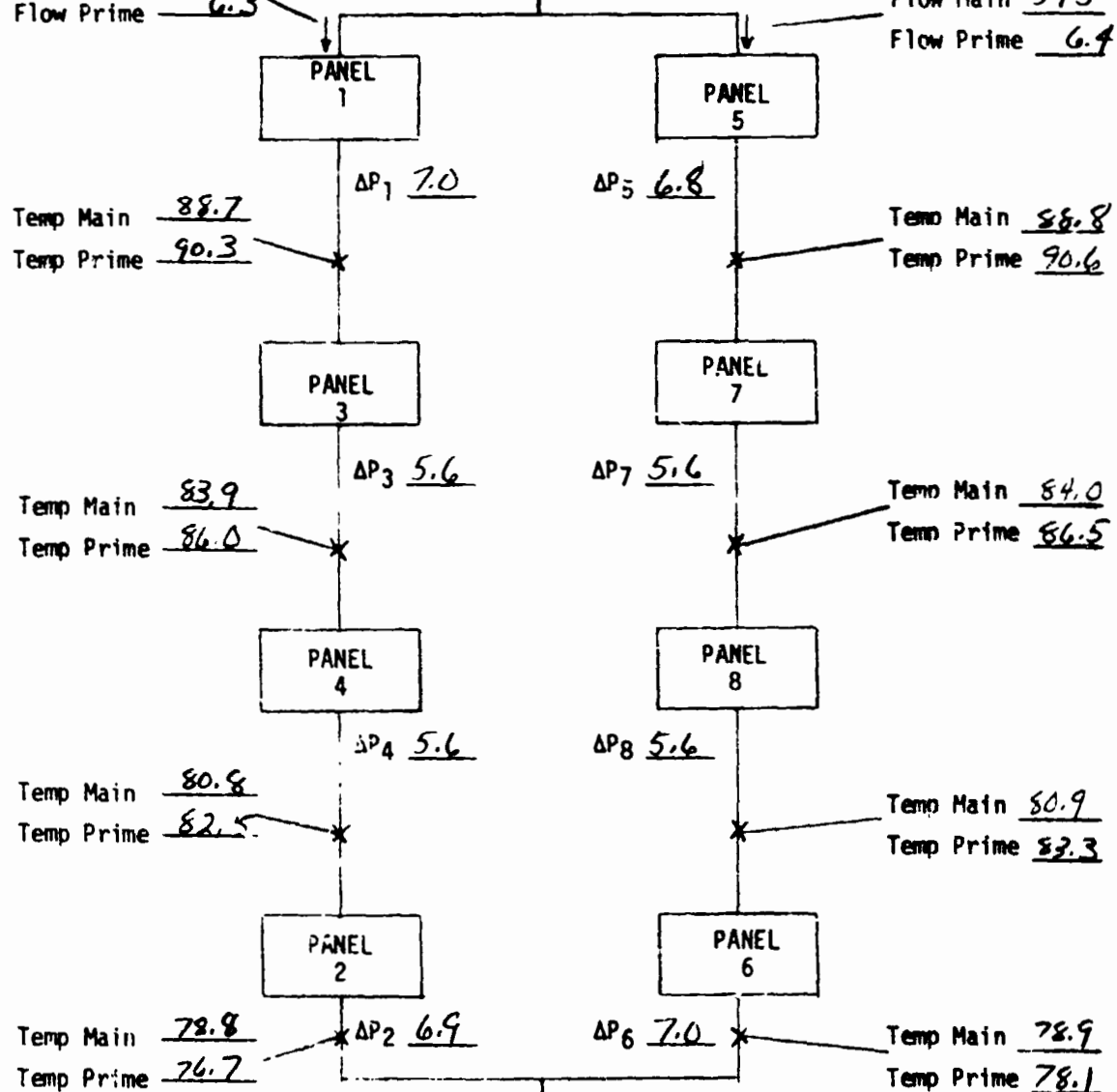
MAIN $\frac{1084}{\text{FLOW}} \times \frac{117.4 - 39.3}{T_{in} - T_{out}} \times \frac{.254}{T_{avg}} = Q_{rej}$ 21,500
PRIME $\frac{14.4}{\text{FLOW}} \times \frac{117.4 - 55.6}{T_{in} - T_{out}} \times \frac{.256}{T_{avg}} = Q_{rej}$ 244
21,744
Q_{total}

C-2

CONFIGURATION a
TEST POINTS 6

WEEK 1
TEST TIME 25hr
TOTAL FLOW 1100 lb/hr
SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 31,000
ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
SUN ON CARGO BAY
Flow Main 541
Flow Prime 6.3

T_{in} Main 96.1
T_{in} Prime 96.1
Flow Main 1085
Flow Prime 12.7
Flow Main 545
Flow Prime 6.4



MAIN $\frac{1085(96.1 - 78.8) \cdot 0.357}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} = Q_{rej}$ 4824

PRIME $\frac{12.7(96.1 - 76.0) \cdot 0.256}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} = Q_{rej}$ 65

4889
Q_{total}

T_{out} Main 78.8
T_{out} Prime 76.0
Temp Mixed Prime and Main 78.8

CONFIGURATION α
TEST POINTS 7 LOW MAIN OUTLET

WEEK 1ST

TEST TIME 28.2

TOTAL FLOW 2200

SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 31K

ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
SUN ON CARGO BAY (CYCLIC)

Flow Main 864

Flow Prime 231

T_{in} Main 96.1

T_{in} Prime 96.1

Flow Main 1733

Flow Prime 463

Flow Main 869

Flow Prime 232

Temp Main 73.6

Temp Prime 43.6

ΔP_1 2.1M
3.8P

ΔP_5 17.0M
3.8P

Temp Main 73.6

Temp Prime 43.6

Temp Main 52.6

Temp Prime 90.8

ΔP_3 13.7M
3.5P

ΔP_7 13.6M
3.5P

Temp Main 56.4

Temp Prime 91.2

Temp Main 35.5

Temp Prime 88.1

ΔP_4 13.4M
3.5P

ΔP_8 13.4M
3.5P

Temp Main 42.9

Temp Prime 88.8

Temp Main 21.2

Temp Prime 85.1

ΔP_2 16.4M
3.8P

ΔP_6 15.9M
3.8P

Temp Main 32.6

Temp Prime 86.4

$$\text{MAIN } \frac{1733(96.1 - 26.9)(.248)}{\text{FLOW X (T}_{in} - \text{T}_{out}) \times \text{Cp at } = \text{Q}_{req}} \frac{29741}{\text{T}_{avg}}$$

$$\text{PRIME } \frac{463(96.1 - 85.7)(.257)}{\text{FLOW X (T}_{in} - \text{T}_{out}) \times \text{Cp at } = \text{Q}_{req}} \frac{1237}{\text{T}_{avg}}$$

$$\frac{20978}{\text{Q}_{total}}$$

T_{out} Main 26.9

T_{out} Prime 85.7

Temp Mixed Prime and Main 39.8

CONFIGURATION α
TEST POINTS 7 HIGH MAIN OUTLET

WEEK 1ST

TEST TIME 28.1

TOTAL FLOW 2200

SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 31K

ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
SUN ON CARGO BAY (CYCLIC)

Flow Main 966

Flow Prime 127

Tin Main 96.1

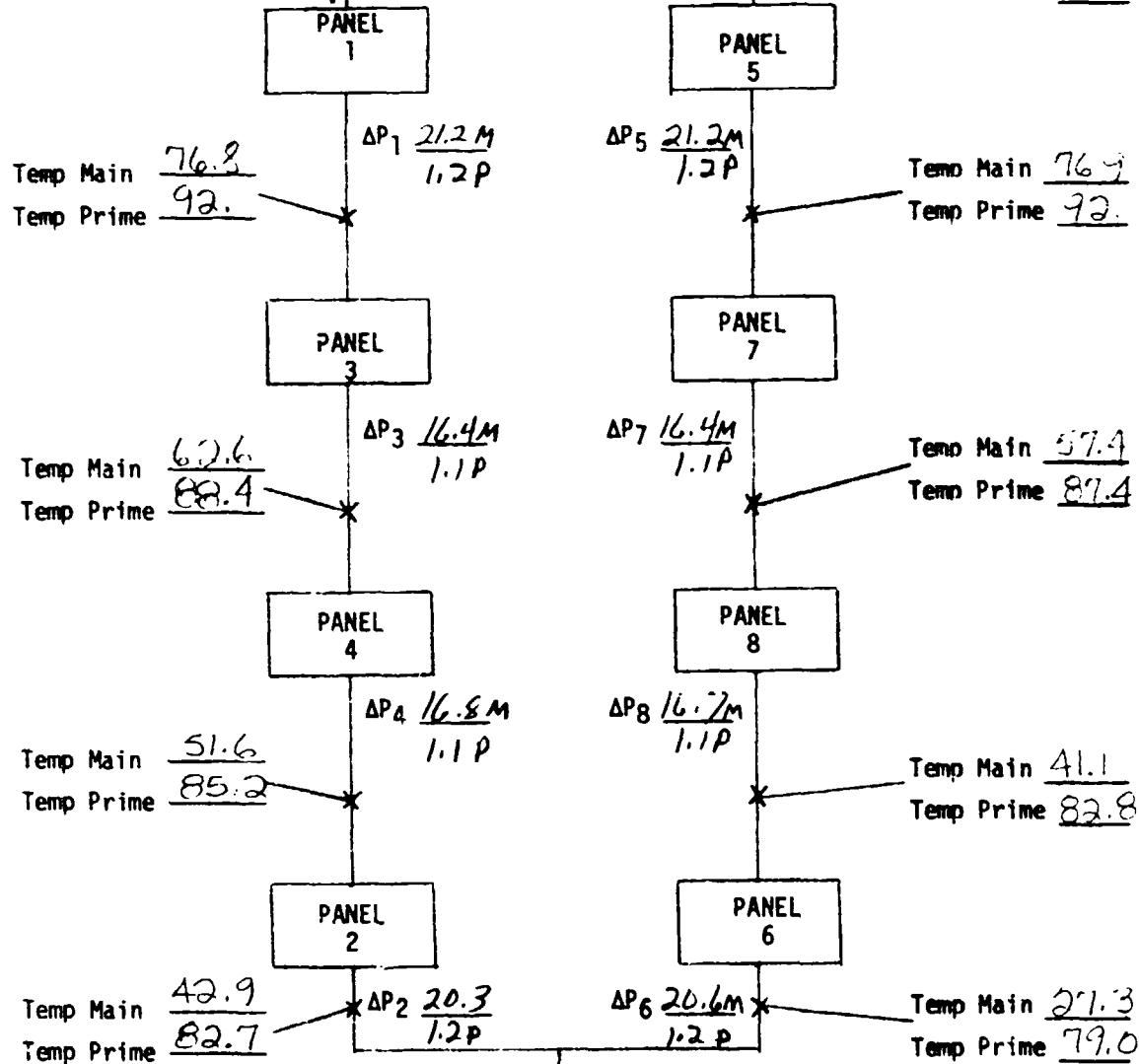
Tin Prime 96.1

Flow Main 1941

Flow Prime 255

Flow Main 1774

Flow Prime 128



$$\begin{aligned} \text{MAIN } & \frac{1941 (96.1 - 35.1) \cdot 0.25}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} = Q_{rej} = 29606 \\ \text{PRIME } & \frac{255 (96.1 - 81) \cdot 0.256}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} = Q_{rej} = 986 \\ & \underline{30586} \\ & Q_{total} \end{aligned}$$

Tout Main 35.1

Tout Prime 81.

Temp Mixed Prime and Main 40.7

CONFIGURATION B
TEST POINTS 8-1

WEEK 1
TEST TIME 32.1 (6:00 AM to 4:20)
TOTAL FLOW 1100
SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 57.7 K
ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
SUN ON CARGO B.V.

T_{in} Main 103
 T_{in} Prime 103

Flow Main 37
Flow Prime 124

Flow Main 853
Flow Prime 246

Flow Main 416
Flow Prime 122

PANEL 1 ΔP_1 4.6

PANEL 5 ΔP_5 4.2

Temp Main 91.7
Temp Prime 101.6

Temp Main 91.4
Temp Prime 101.6

PANEL 3 ΔP_3 3.8

PANEL 7 ΔP_7 4.2

Temp Main 85.3
Temp Prime 100.2

Temp Main 84.9
Temp Prime 100.2

Temp Main 85.1
Temp Prime 99.7

PANEL 4 ΔP_4 _____

Temp Main 52.1
Temp Prime 95.8

$\Delta P_{4+2} = 312$

PANEL 2 ΔP_2 _____

T_{out} Main 25.6
 T_{out} Prime 90.2

T_{out} Mixed Main and Prime 40.3

$$\begin{aligned} \text{MAIN } & \frac{853(103 - 25.6) \cdot 25}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } = Q_{ref}} = \frac{16505}{T_{avg}} \\ \text{PRIME } & \frac{246(103 - 90.7) \cdot 259}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } = Q_{ref}} = \frac{763}{T_{avg}} \\ & \frac{17289}{Q_{total}} \end{aligned}$$

CONFIGURATION B
TEST POINTS 8-2

WEEK 1
TEST TIME 32.8 (H: 4:00 ON 4:12)
TOTAL FLOW 114.0
SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 52.2 K
ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
SUN ON CARBON BAY

T_{in} Main 103
T_{in} Prime 103

Flow Main 148.4
Flow Prime 14.6

Flow Main 555
Flow Prime 7.5

Flow Main 538
Flow Prime 7.1

PANEL 1

ΔP₁ —

PANEL 5

ΔP₅ —

Temp Main 93.3
Temp Prime 98.1

Temp Main 93.0
Temp Prime 97.9

PANEL 3

ΔP₃ —

PANEL 7

ΔP₇ —

Temp Main 82.1
Temp Prime 94.4

Temp Main 86.6
Temp Prime 94.0

Temp Main 86.8
Temp Prime 95.8

PANEL 4

ΔP₄ —

$$\text{MAIN } \frac{108.4(103 - 56.3) \cdot 254}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} = Q_{rej} \quad 12658$$

$$\text{PRIME } \frac{14.6(103 - 71.9) \cdot 256}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} = Q_{rej} \quad 116$$

$$\frac{12658 + 116}{Q_{total}} = 12774$$

Temp Main 70.0
Temp Prime 77.4

$$\Delta P_{4+2} = 49.3$$

PANEL 2

ΔP₂ —

T_{out} Main 56.3
T_{out} Prime 71.9

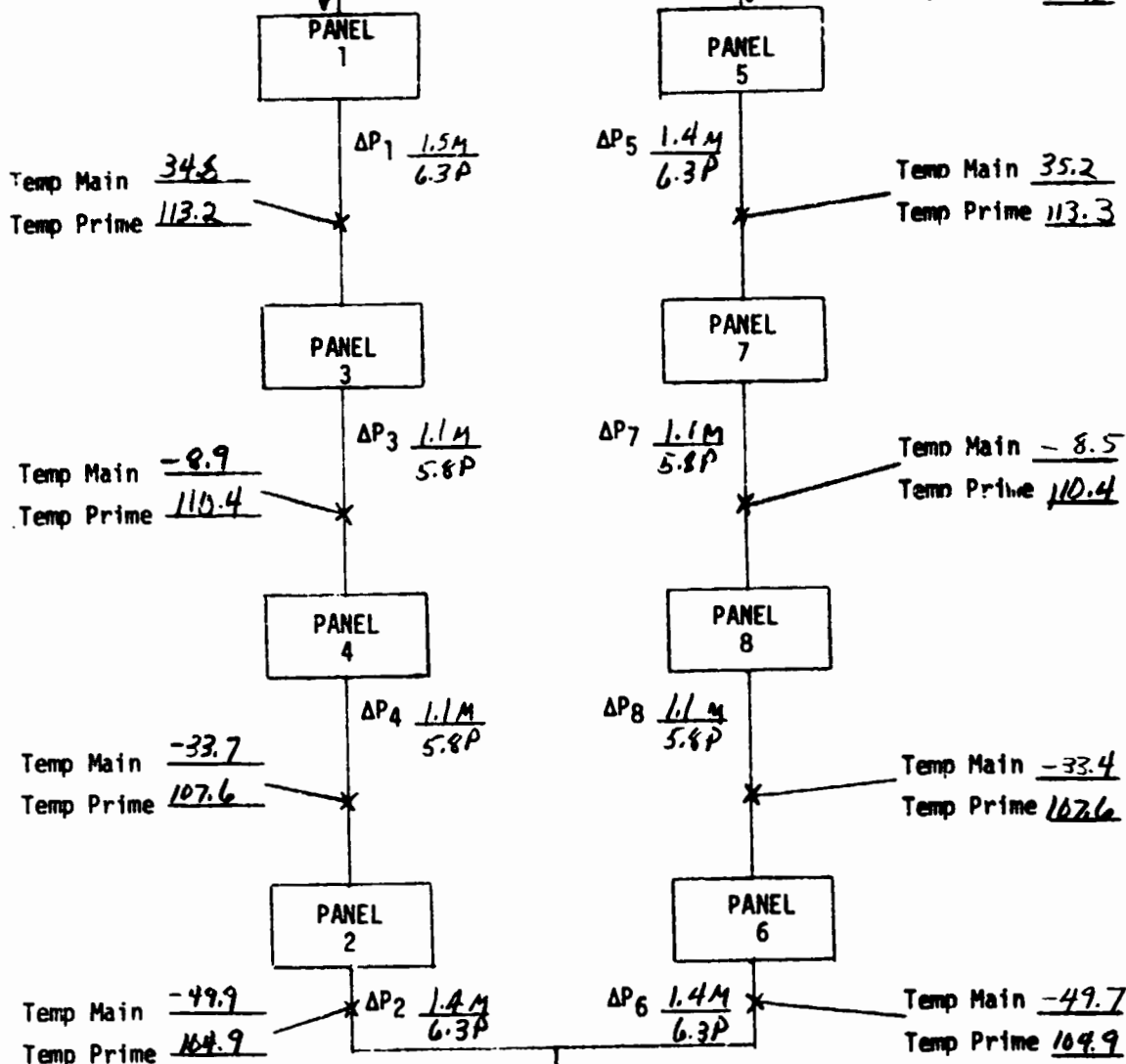
T_{out} Mixed n and Prime 56.6

CONFIGURATION a
TEST POINTS 9

WEEK 1
TEST TIME 38 hrs
TOTAL FLOW 1100 lb/h
SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 42,000
ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
SUN ON CAVITY
Flow Main 248
Flow Prime 301

Tin Main 116.2
Tin Prime 116.2
Flow Main 495
Flow Prime 604

Flow Main 248
Flow Prime 302



MAIN $\frac{495(116.2 - 49.8)}{1.8} = 247$ $\frac{8118}{T_{avg}}$
 $\frac{495(116.2 - 104.9)}{1.8} = 264$ $\frac{1801}{T_{avg}}$
 PRIME $\frac{604(116.2 - 104.9)}{1.8} = 301$ $\frac{1801}{T_{avg}}$
9920
 Q_{total}

Tout Main -49.8
Tout Prime 104.9
Temp Mixed Prime and Main 39.4

CONFIGURATION α
TEST POINTS 10

WEEK 1

TEST TIME 42 hrs

TOTAL FLOW 1100 lb/h

SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 70,000

ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
SUN ON CAVITY

Flow Main 348

Flow Prime 200

T_{in} Main 162.4

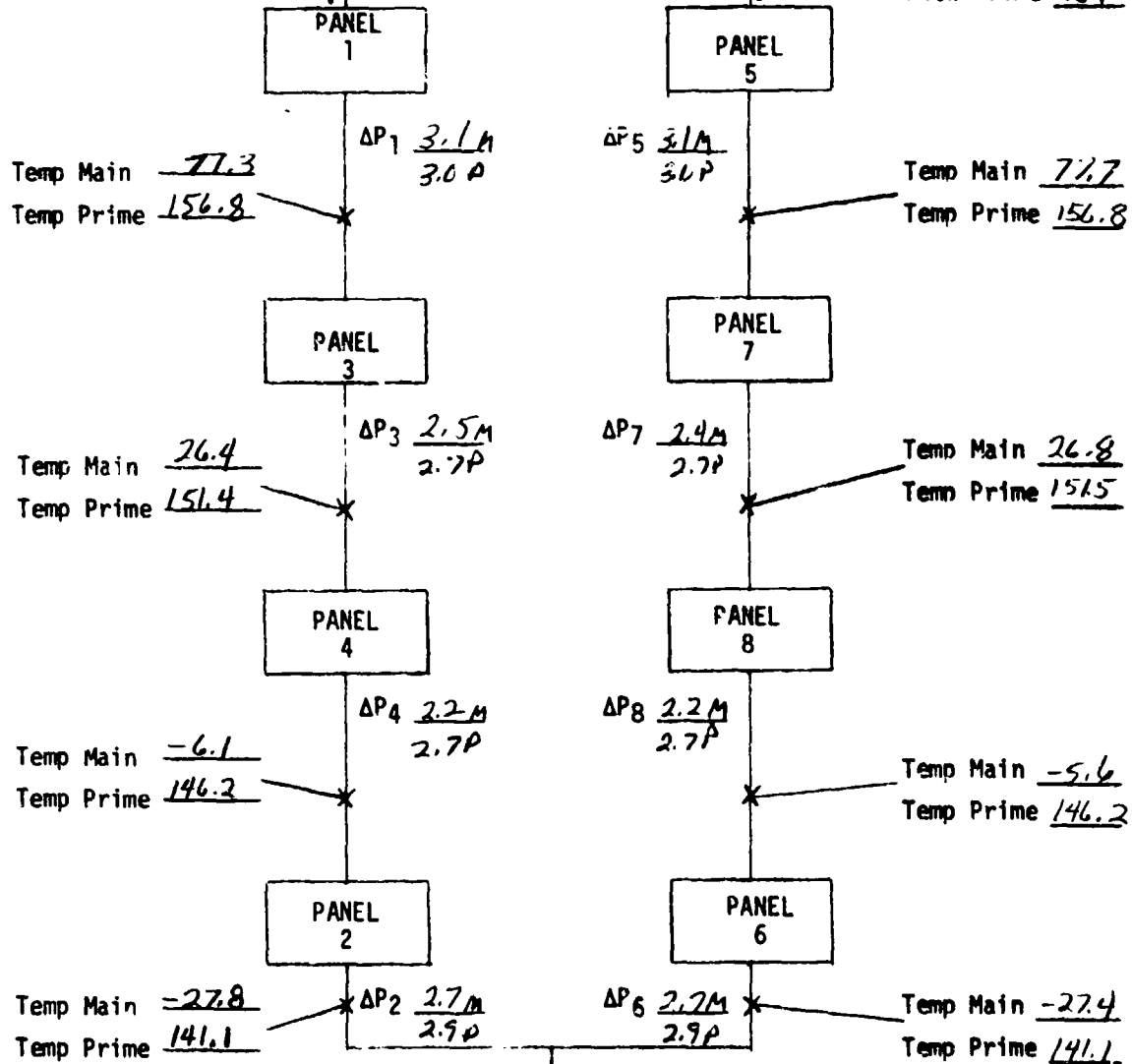
T_{in} Prime 162.4

Flow Main 698

Flow Prime 401

Flow Main 350

Flow Prime 201



MAIN $\frac{698(162.4 - 27.6) \cdot 25}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} = Q_{rej}$ 33155

PRIME $\frac{401(162.4 - 141.1) \cdot 278}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} = Q_{rej}$ 2374

35529
Q_{total}

T_{out} Main -27.6
T_{out} Prime 141.1

Temp Mixed Prime and Main 40.2

CONFIGURATION B

TEST POINTS 11

WEEK 1
 TEST TIME 48
 TOTAL FLOW 1100
 SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 70 K
 ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
 SUN ON CAYLEY

T_{in} Main 26.8
 T_{in} Prime 151.4

Flow Main 1084
 Flow Prime 14.5

Flow Main 556
 Flow Prime 7.5

Flow Main 528
 Flow Prime 2.0

PANEL 1 ΔP₁ 2.1

PANEL 5 ΔP₅ 6.4

Temp Main 3.9
 Temp Prime 113.8

Temp Main 2.9
 Temp Prime 111.4

PANEL 3 ΔP₃ 5.7

PANEL 7 ΔP₇ 6.4

Temp Main -13.6
 Temp Prime 77.3

Temp Main -15.0
 Temp Prime 74.9

Temp Main -14.5
 Temp Prime 77.0

PANEL 4 ΔP₄

Temp Main 20.1
 Temp Prime 92.7

PANEL 2 ΔP₂

T_{out} Main 46.6
 T_{out} Prime 165.4

T_{out} Mixed Main and Prime 49.4

$$\begin{aligned} \text{MAIN } & \frac{1084(26.8 - 48.6) \cdot 242}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} = Q_{rej} = 5718 \\ \text{PRIME } & \frac{14.5(151.4 - 105.4) \cdot 269}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} = Q_{rej} = 179 \\ & - 5539 \\ & Q_{total} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Delta P_{4+2} = 47.4$$

CONFIGURATION B
TEST POINTS 12

WEEK 1
TEST TIME 54
TOTAL FLOW 1100
SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 70
ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
SUN ON OPPOSITE CAVITY

T_{in} Main 26.8
T_{in} Prime 151.4

Flow Main 600
Flow Prime 499

Flow Main 308
Flow Prime 252

Flow Main 292
Flow Prime 247

PANEL 1 $\Delta P_1 \frac{2.2}{4.3} \frac{M}{P}$

PANEL 5 $\Delta P_5 \frac{1.9}{4.3} \frac{M}{P}$

Temp Main -8.5
Temp Prime 147.2

Temp Main -9.8
Temp Prime 147.1

PANEL 3 $\Delta P_3 \frac{1.6}{4.3} \frac{M}{P}$

PANEL 7 $\Delta P_7 \frac{1.9}{4.3} \frac{M}{P}$

Temp Main -31.3
Temp Prime 143.0

Temp Main -32.9
Temp Prime 142.9

Temp Main -32.4
Temp Prime 142.9

PANEL 4 ΔP_4 —

Temp Main -45.5
Temp Prime 140.7

$\Delta P_{4+2} = 15.2 \text{ M}$
 $\Delta P_{4+2} = 32.8 \text{ P}$

$$\text{MAIN } \frac{600(26.8 + 56.3) \cdot 237}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} = \frac{11816}{Q_{rej}}$$

$$\text{PRIME } \frac{499(151.4 - 138.5) \cdot 275}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} = \frac{1770}{Q_{rej}}$$

13587
Q_{total}

PANEL 2 ΔP_2 —

T_{out} Main -56.3
T_{out} Prime 138.5

T_{out} Mixed Main and Prime 40.2

CONFIGURATION B

TEST POINTS 13

WEEK 1
 TEST TIME 58
 TOTAL FLOW 1120
 SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 42K
 ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
 SUN ON CLOUDY

T_{in} Main -8.5
 T_{in} Prime 110.4

Flow Main 528
 Flow Prime 35

Flow Main 1029
 Flow Prime 69.2

Flow Main 501
 Flow Prime 34

PANEL 1 ΔP_1 6.4

PANEL 5 ΔP_5 5.7

Temp Main -23.8
 Temp Prime 92.0

Temp Main -24.5
 Temp Prime 91.7

PANEL 3 ΔP_3 5.1

PANEL 7 ΔP_7 5.7

Temp Main -35.7
 Temp Prime 75.7

Temp Main -36.7
 Temp Prime 75.3

Temp Main -36.4
 Temp Prime 75.5

PANEL 4 ΔP_4

$$\text{MAIN } \frac{1029 (-8.5 - 36.5) \cdot 239}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} = Q_{rej} = 11066$$

$$\text{PRIME } \frac{69.2 (110.4 - 88.9) \cdot 26}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} = Q_{rej} = 386$$

$$-10680$$

Q_{total}

Temp Main 3.5
 Temp Prime 82.5

$$\Delta P_{4+2} = 62.8$$

PANEL 2 ΔP_2

T_{out} Main 36.5
 T_{out} Prime 88.9

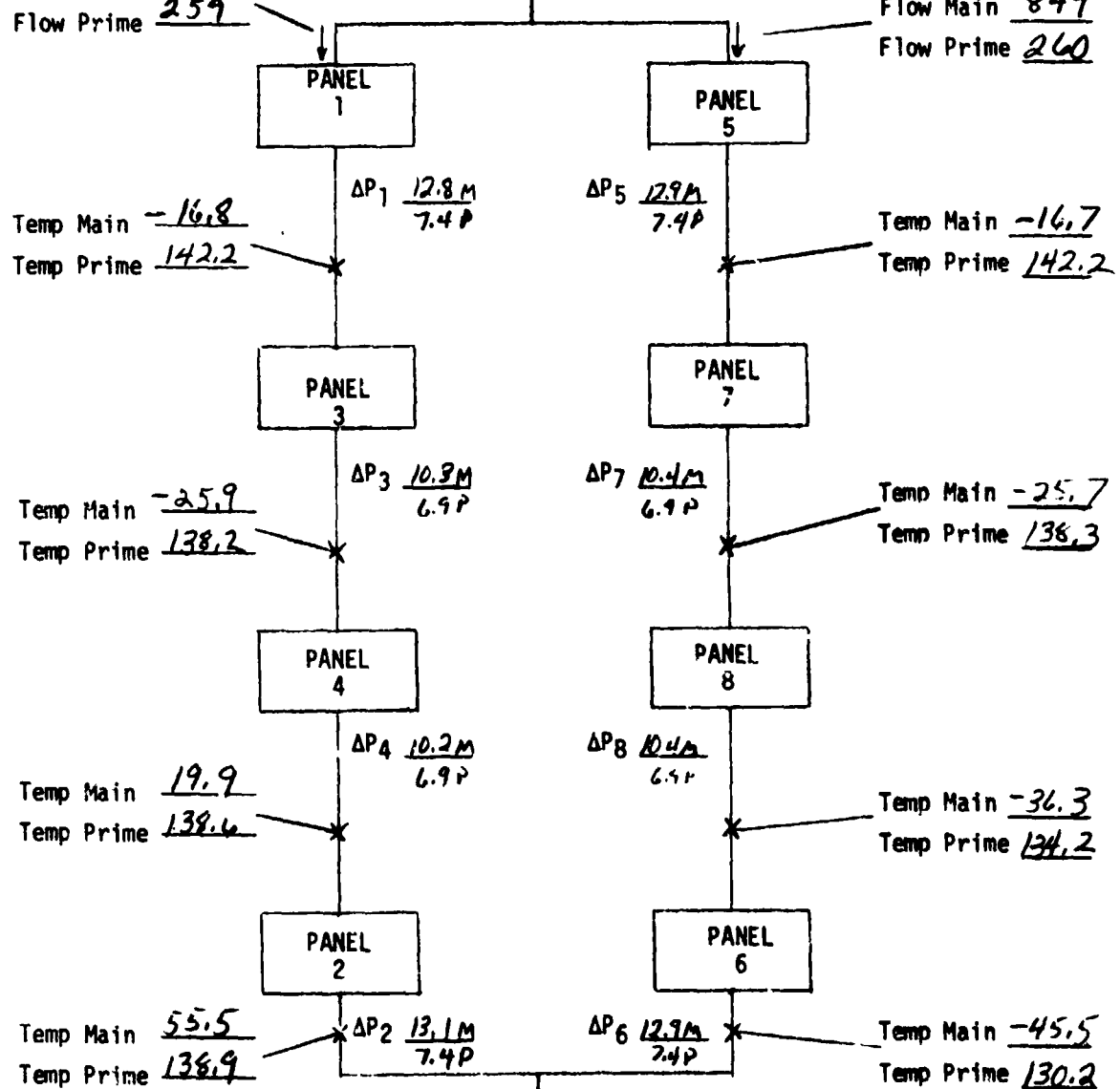
T_{out} Mixed Main and Prime 39.9

CONFIGURATION a
TEST POINTS 14

WEEK 1
TEST TIME 62 h
TOTAL FLOW 2200 lb/h
SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 70,000
ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
SUN ON ONE CAVITY
Flow Main 833
Flow Prime 259

T_{in} Main -6.0
T_{in} Prime 146.2
Flow Main 1677
Flow Prime 519

Flow Main 844
Flow Prime 260



MAIN $\frac{1677(-6-6.2) \cdot 0.38}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} = \frac{-4840}{Q_{req}}$

PRIME $\frac{519(146.2-134.6) \cdot 0.274}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} = \frac{1649}{Q_{req}}$

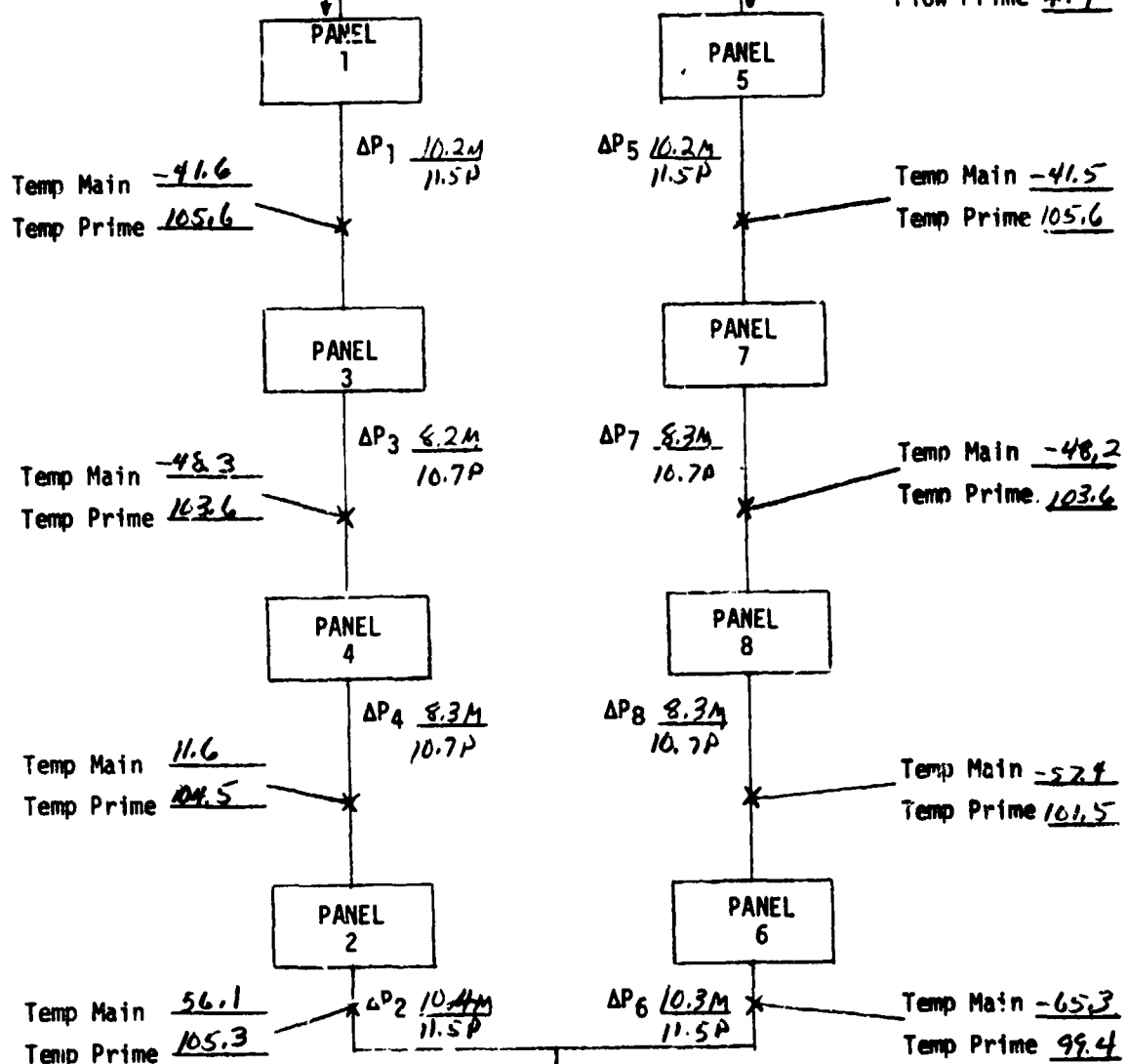
-3191
Q_{total}

T_{out} Main 6.2
T_{out} Prime 134.6
Temp Mixed Prime and Main 39.7

CONFIGURATION α
TEST POINTS 15

WEEK 1
TEST TIME 52M
TOTAL FLOW 2700 lb/h
SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 42,000
ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
SUN ON ONE CAVITY
Flow Main 675
Flow Prime 418

T_{in} Main -33.6
T_{in} Prime 107.6
Flow Main 1360
Flow Prime 675
Flow Main 685
Flow Prime 419



$$\begin{aligned} \text{MAIN } 1360 \frac{(-33.6 + 2.9) \cdot 239}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} &= \frac{-9479}{Q_{rej}} \\ \text{PRIME } 675 \frac{(107.6 - 102.4) \cdot 361}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} &= \frac{916}{Q_{rej}} \\ -9062 & \\ \hline Q_{total} \end{aligned}$$

T_{out} Main -2.9
T_{out} Prime 102.4

Temp Mixed Prime and Main 39.4

CONFIGURATION α

TEST POINTS 16 LOW MAIN OUTLET

WEEK 1st

TEST TIME 13.5

TOTAL FLOW 2200

SIMULATED HEAT LOAD —

ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
SUN ON BELLY (CYCLIC CAVITY)

Flow Main 79.4

Flow Prime 1015

Tin Main 53.

Tin Prime 53.

Flow Main 163

Flow Prime 2032

Flow Main 84.0

Flow Prime 1017

Temp Main -54.4

Temp Prime 52.4

ΔP_1 60.5

ΔP_5 60.4

Temp Main -48.8

Temp Prime 52.4

Temp Main -93.6

Temp Prime 51.8

ΔP_3 56.2

ΔP_7 56.1

Temp Main -81.5

Temp Prime 51.8

Temp Main -107.1

Temp Prime 51.3

ΔP_4 56.0

ΔP_8 56.0

Temp Main -87.2

Temp Prime 51.2

Temp Main -120.9

Temp Prime 50.7

ΔP_2 60.5

ΔP_6 60.3

Temp Main -81.2

Temp Prime 50.6

MAIN $\frac{163(53 + 100.2) \cdot 236}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} = 5893$

PRIME $\frac{2032(53 - 50.7) \cdot 246}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} = 1150$

7043
Qtotal

Tout Main -100.2

Tout Prime 50.7

Temp Mixed Prime and Main 40.2

WEEK 1ST

TEST TIME 73.25

TOTAL FLOW 2200

SIMULATED HEAT LOAD

ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
SUN ON BELLY (CYCLIC CAVITY)

Flow Main 75.7

Flow Prime 1015

CONFIGURATION a
TEST POINTS 16 (HIGH MAIN OUTLET)

T_{in} Main 53.

T_{in} Prime 53.

Flow Main 163

Flow Prime 2032

Flow Main 87.6

Flow Prime 1017

Temp Main -54.4

Temp Prime 52.4

ΔP₁ 60.5

ΔP₅ 60.4

Temp Main -48.6

Temp Prime 52.4

Temp Main -92.5

Temp Prime 51.8

ΔP₃ 56.2

ΔP₇ 56.1

Temp Main -90.3

Temp Prime 51.8

Temp Main -126.2

Temp Prime 51.2

ΔP₄ 56.0

ΔP₈ 56.0

Temp Main -71.5

Temp Prime 51.3

Temp Main -131.4

Temp Prime 50.6

ΔP₂ 60.5

ΔP₆ 60.3

Temp Main -69.6

Temp Prime 50.8

$$\text{MAIN } \frac{163 (53 + 97.8) \cdot 236}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} = \frac{5801}{Q_{rej}}$$

$$\text{PRIME } \frac{2032 (53 - 50.7) \cdot 246}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} = \frac{1149}{Q_{rej}}$$

$$\frac{6951}{Q_{total}}$$

T_{out} Main -97.8

T_{out} Prime 50.7

Temp Mixed Prime and Main 40.4

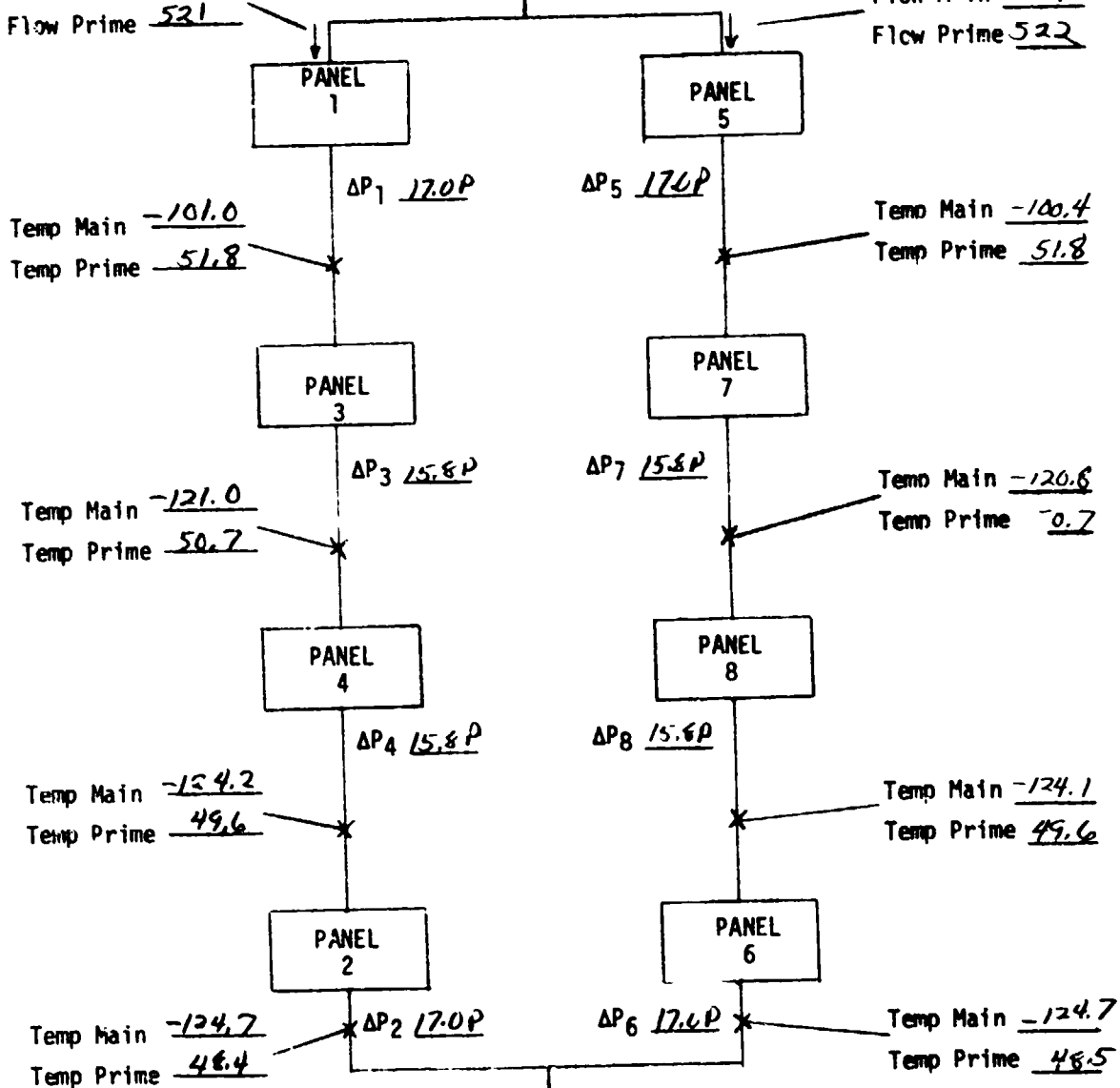
CONFIGURATION a
TEST POINTS 17

WEEK 1
TEST TIME 804
TOTAL FLOW 1100
SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 7000
ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
SUN ON BELLY

Flow Main 27.7
Flow Prime 521

Tin Main 53
Tin Prime 53
Flow Main 56
Flow Prime 1042

Flow Main 28.1
Flow Prime 522



$$\begin{aligned} \text{MAIN } & 56 (53 - 124.7) \cdot 235 = 2338 \\ & \text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg} = Q_{rej} \\ \text{PRIME } & 1042 (53 - 48.4) \cdot 246 = 1179 \\ & \text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg} = Q_{rej} \\ & \underline{351} \\ & Q_{total} \end{aligned}$$

Tout Main -124.7
Tout Prime 48.4

Temp Mixed Prime and Main 40.3

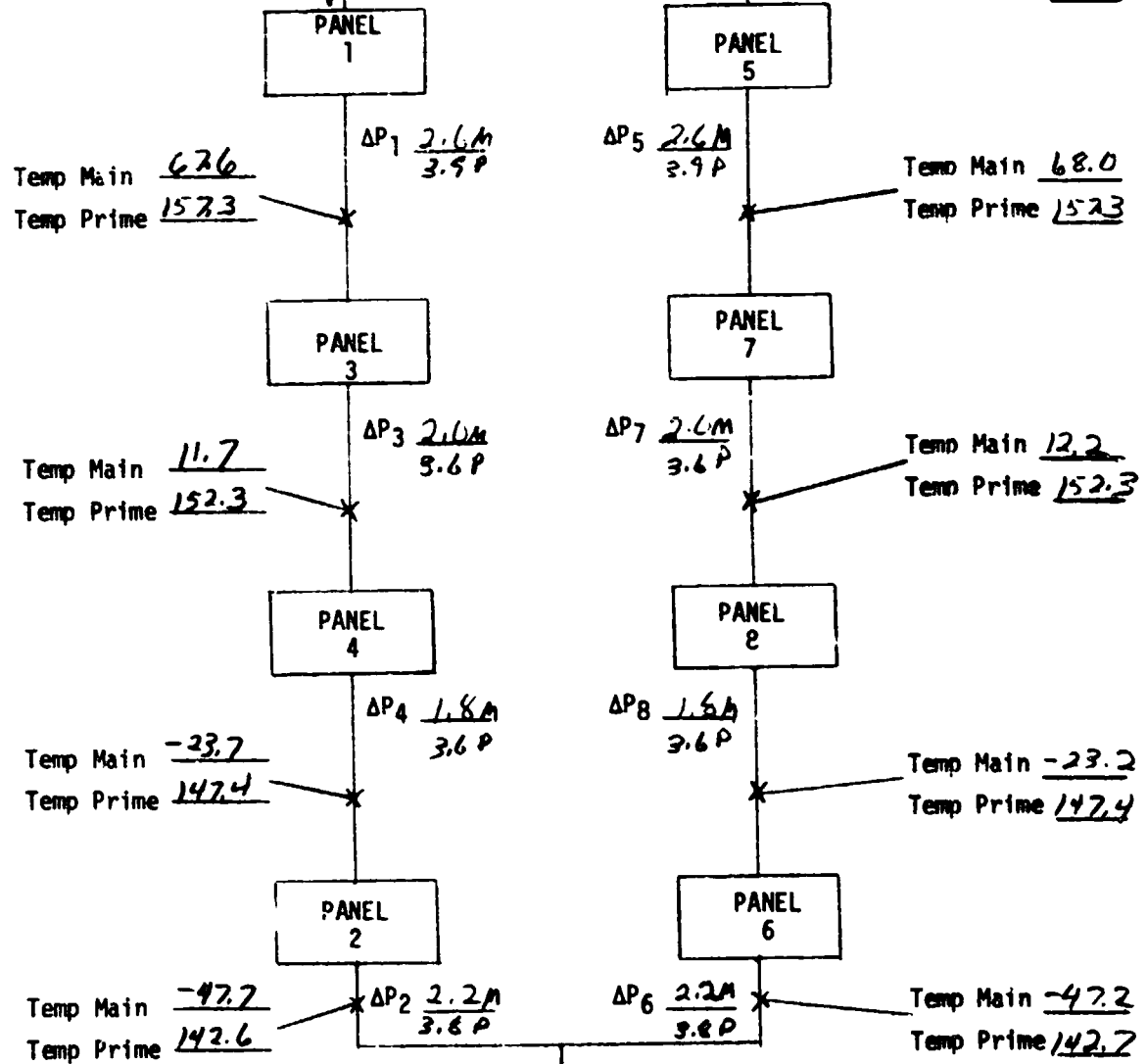
CONFIGURATION α
TEST POINTS 18

WEEK 1
TEST TIME 86
TOTAL FLOW 1100
SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 70,000
ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
SUN ON BELLY

Flow Main 312
Flow Prime 230

Tin Main 162.4
Tin Prime 162.4
Flow Main 637
Flow Prime 461

Flow Main 320
Flow Prime 231



MAIN $637(162.4 + 47.4) \cdot 248 = 33143$
 $\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } = Q_{rej}$
 T_{avg}

PRIME $461(162.4 - 142.6) \cdot 278 = 2537$
 $\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } = Q_{rej}$
 T_{avg}

35680
 Q_{total}

Tout Main -47.4
 Tout Prime 142.6

Temp Mixed Prime and Main 40.4

CONFIGURATION α

TEST POINTS 19-1

WEEK 1

TEST 110.3 (LOW MAIN OUTLET)

TOTAL FLOW 2200

SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 70 K

ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
SUN ON CARGO BAY

Flow Main 1682

Flow Prime 12.6

Tin Main 98.0

Tin Prime 116.0

Flow Main 2171

Flow Prime 25.2

Flow Main 1690

Flow Prime 12.5

Temp Main 93.3

Temp Prime 162.3

ΔP_1 26.4

ΔP_5 26.4

Temp Main 93.3

Temp Prime 162.3

Temp Main 89.6

Temp Prime 101.6

ΔP_3 21.5

ΔP_7 21.5

Temp Main 89.6

Temp Prime 101.6

Temp Main 66.6

Temp Prime 71.4

ΔP_4 21.1

ΔP_8 21.0

Temp Main 61.0

Temp Prime 74.5

Temp Main 51.3

Temp Prime 52.3

ΔP_2 25.6

ΔP_6 25.7

Temp Main 37.0

Temp Prime 58.2

MAIN $\frac{2171(98-44.2) \cdot 25}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} = \frac{29200}{Q_{rej}}$

PRIME $\frac{25.2(116-58.4) \cdot 257}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} = \frac{373}{Q_{rej}}$

29573
 Q_{total}

Tout Main 44.2

Tout Prime 58.4

Temp Mixed Prime and Main 44.3

CONFIGURATION α
TEST POINTS 19-2

WEEK 1

TEST TIME 92.0 (High Main Test)

TOTAL FLOW 2206

SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 70K

ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
SUN ON CARGO BAY

Flow Main 1084

Flow Prime 1215

Tin Main 78.0

Tin Prime 116.0

Flow Main 2171

Flow Prime 25.2

Flow Main 1087

Flow Prime 1

Temp Main 93.3

Temp Prime 107.9

Temp Main 93.3

Temp Prime 107.9

Temp Main 89.6

Temp Prime 101.6

Temp Main 89.6

Temp Prime 101.6

Temp Main 61.2

Temp Prime 75.3

Temp Main 72.5

Temp Prime 81.1

Temp Main 37.8

Temp Prime 56.6

Temp Main 58.0

Temp Prime 59.8

$$\text{MAIN } \frac{2171(98-48) \cdot 252}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} = \frac{27355}{Q_{rej}}$$

$$\text{PRIME } \frac{25.2(116-57.9) \cdot 257}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} = \frac{376}{Q_{rej}}$$

$$\frac{27736}{Q_{total}}$$

Tout Main 48.0

Tout Prime 57.9

Temp Mixed Prime and Main 48.1

CONFIGURATION a
TEST POINTS 2C-1

WEEK 1

TEST TIME 98.8 hr (low main outlet)

TOTAL FLOW 2200

SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 52.7 K

ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
SUN ON CARGO BAY

Flow Main 1062

Flow Prime 12.6

T_{in} Main 73

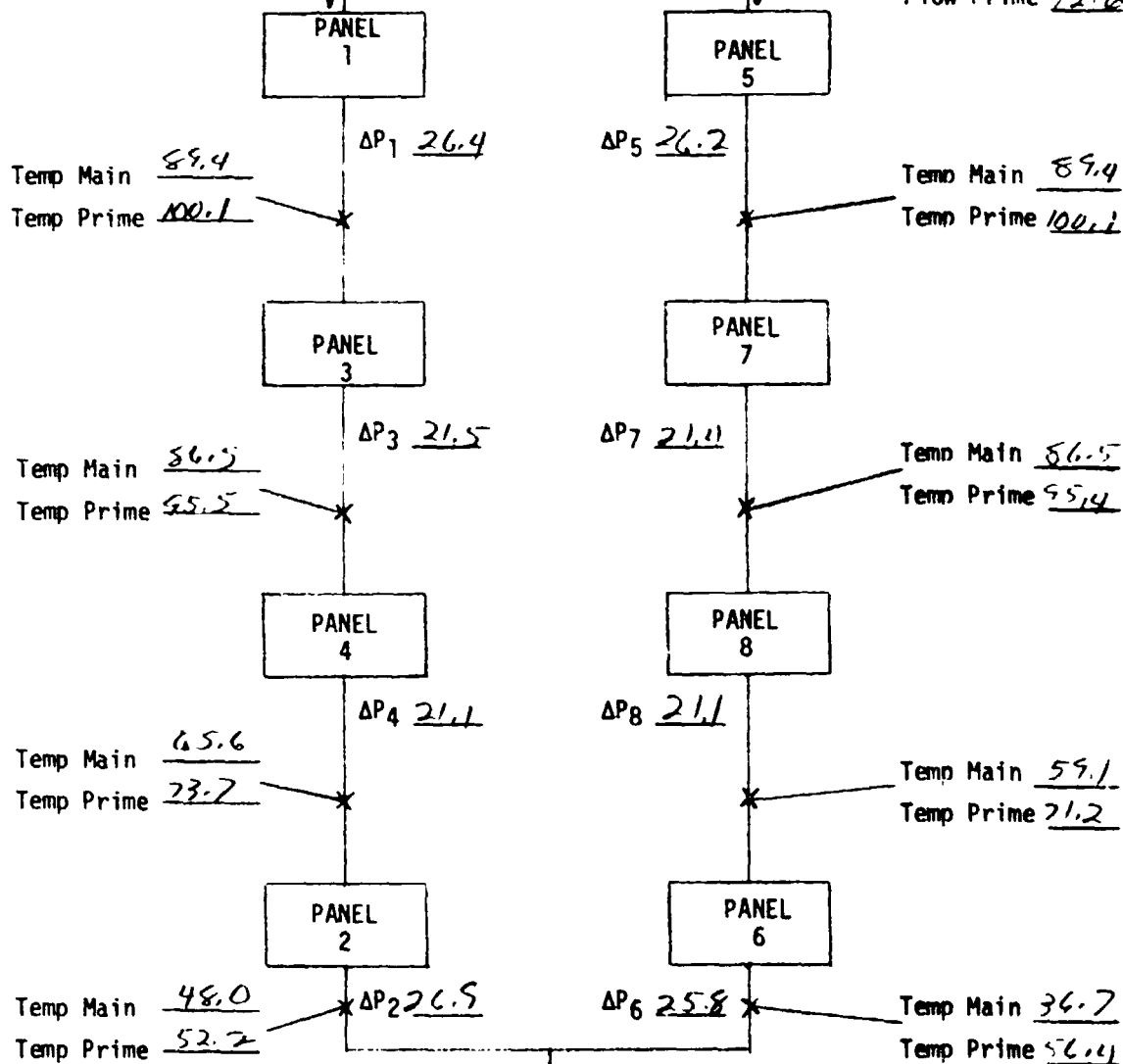
T_{in} Prime 106

Flow Main 2171

Flow Prime 25.2

Flow Main 1090

Flow Prime 12.6



MAIN $\frac{2171 (73 - 42.4) \cdot 0.25}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} = 2746.3$

PRIME $\frac{25.2 (106 - 54.5) \cdot 0.254}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}} = 329$

2779.3
Q_{total}

T_{out} Main 42.4

T_{out} Prime 54.5

Temp Mixed Prime and Main 42.5

CONFIGURATION α

TEST POINTS 20-2

WEEK 1

TEST TIME 99.5 hr (high main outlet)

TOTAL FLOW 2200

SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 57.7K

ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES

SUN ON CARRO BAY

Flow Main 1044

Flow Prime 12.5

T_{in} Main 93.0

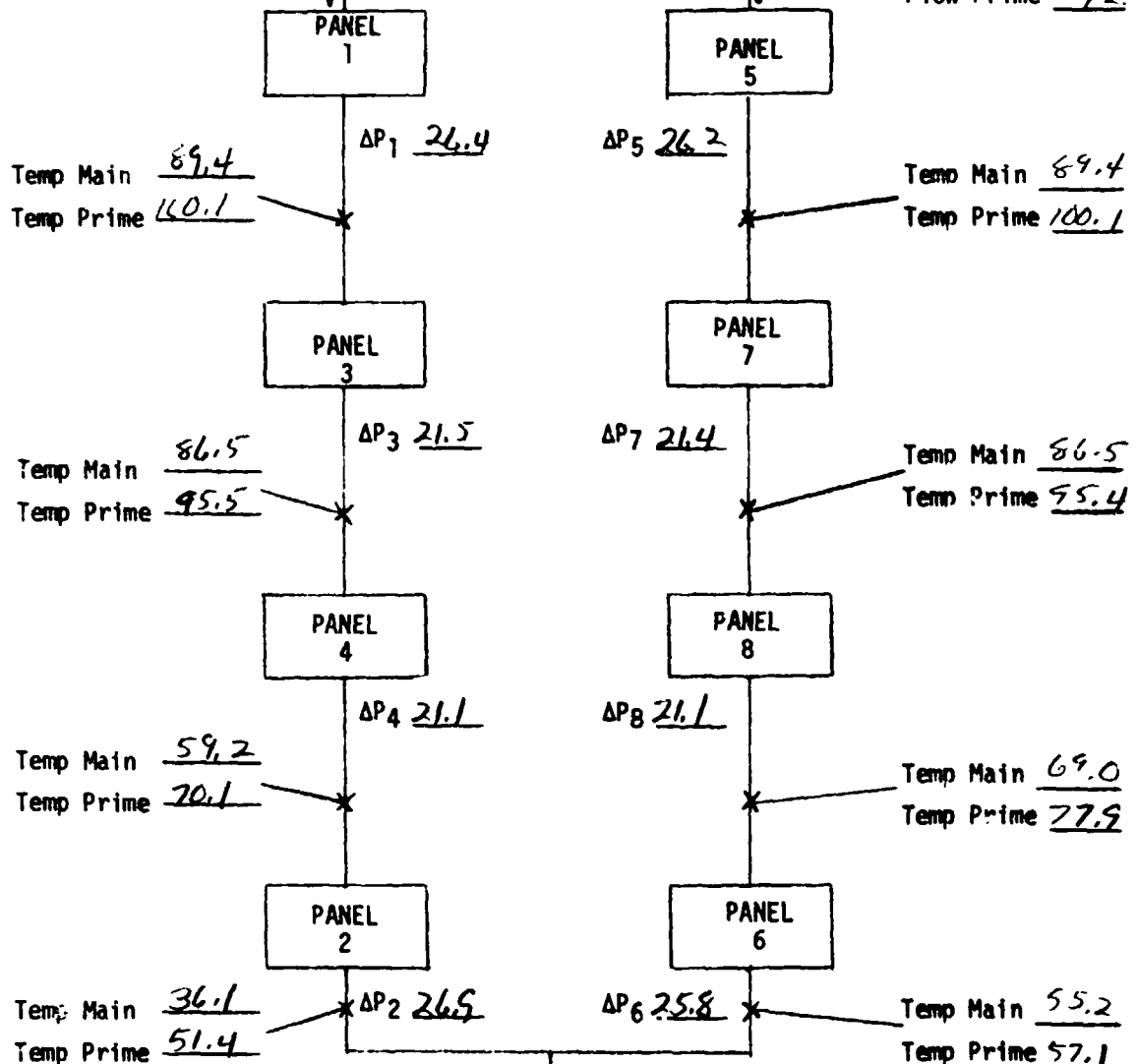
T_{in} Prime 106.0

Flow Main 2171

Flow Prime 25.2

Flow Main 1187

Flow Prime 12.7



$$\text{MAIN } \frac{2171(93 - 45.7)}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out})} \times \frac{0.25}{T_{avg}} = \frac{25672}{Q_{rej}}$$

$$\text{PRIME } \frac{25.2(106 - 54)}{\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out})} \times \frac{0.254}{T_{avg}} = \frac{333}{Q_{rej}}$$

$$\frac{26,005}{Q_{total}}$$

T_{out} Main 45.7

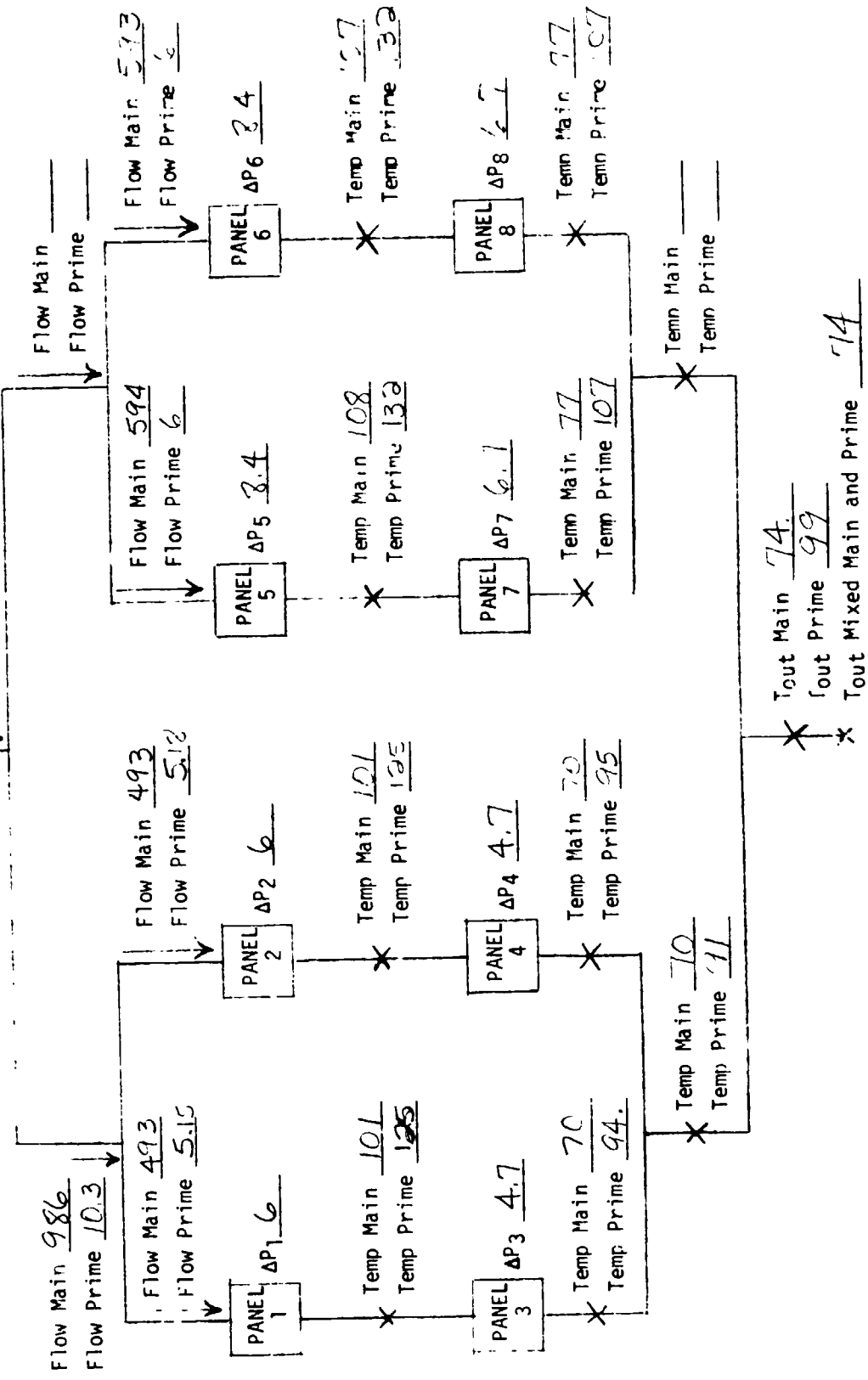
T_{out} Prime 54.6

Temp Mixed Prime and Main 45.8

WEEK 2nd
 TEST TIME 4
 TOTAL FLOW 2200
 SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 10K
 ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
 SUN ON CARGO BAY

CONFIGURATION Y
 TEST POINTS 21
 * Tin Main 167.4
 * Tin Prime 162.9
 * Flow Main 2173
 * Flow Prime 22.8

MAIN 212.6 2460 512.7
 $\text{FLOW} \times (\text{Tin} - \text{Tout}) \times \text{Cp at} = \text{Qrej}$
 Tavg
 PRIME 22.8 32 392.8
 $\text{FLOW} \times (\text{Tin} - \text{Tout}) \times \text{Cp at} = \text{Qrej}$
 Tavg
51664.8
 Qtotal

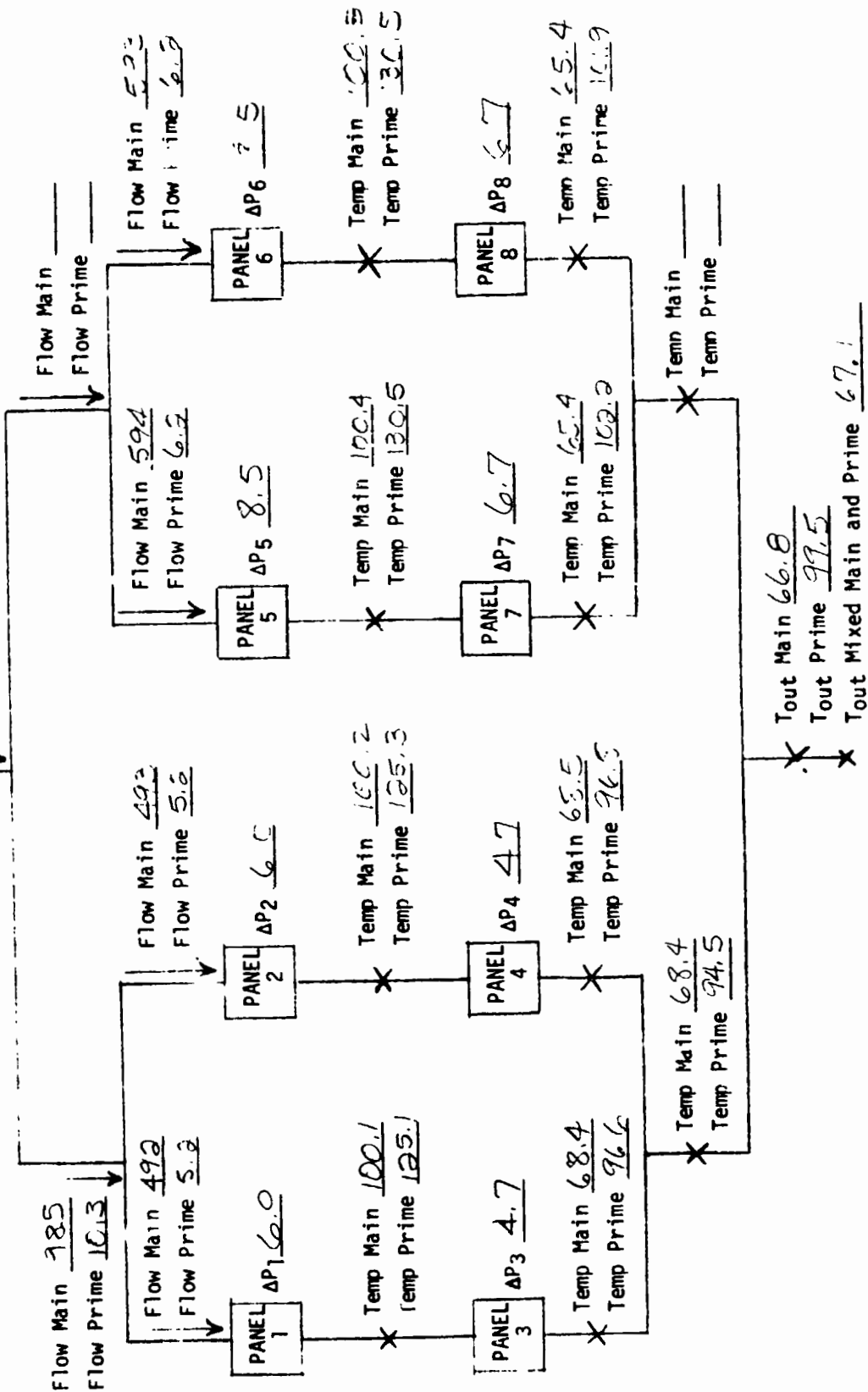


WEEK 2nd
 TEST TIME 9.25
 TOTAL FLOW 2200 70K
 SIMULATED HEAT LOAD
 ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
 SUN ON CARGO BAY (CYCLIC)

CONFIGURATION Y
 TEST POINTS 22 LOW MAIN
 OUTLET

Tin Main 162.4
 Tin Prime 162.2
 Flow Main 2173
 Flow Prime 22.8

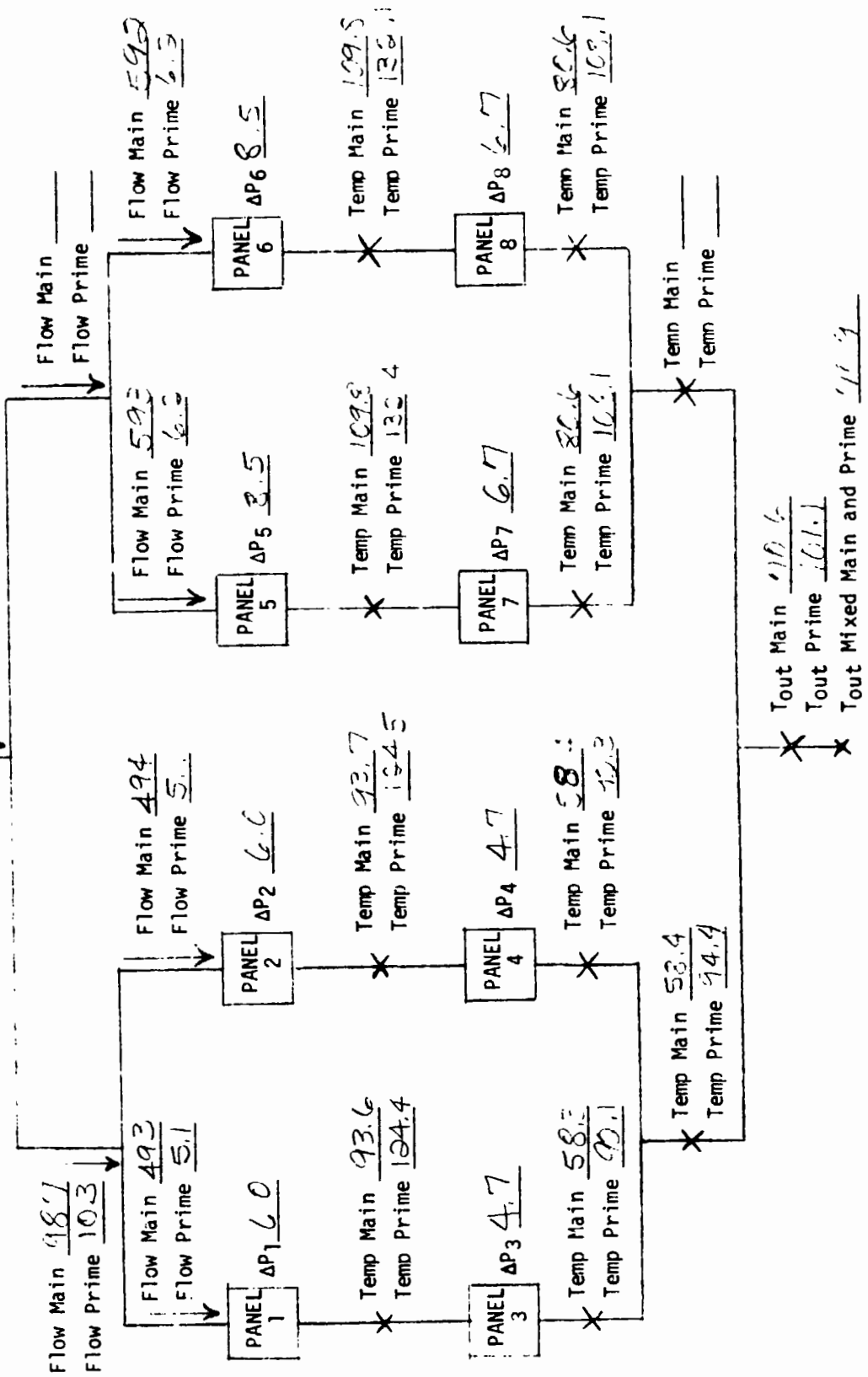
MAIN 5173 (162.4 - 16.8) 2656
 FLOW X (Tin - Tout) X Cp at = Qrej
 Tav
 PRIME 22.8 (162.4 - 92.5) 31
 FLOW X (Tin - Tout) X Cp at = Qrej
 Tav
55567
Qtotal



WEEK 2nd
 TEST TIME 10.
 TOTAL FLOW 2500
 SIMULATOR HEAT LOAD 70K
 ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
 SUN ON CARGO BAY (CLEAR)

CONFIGURATION Y
 TEST POINTS 22 HIGH MAIN
 22 LOW MAIN

MAIN $\frac{22 \times (70.6 - 70.6) \times 2663}{\text{FLOW X (Tin - Tout) X Cp at = Qreq}} \times \text{Tavg} = 53.199$
 PRIME $\frac{22 \times (62.4 - 10.1) \times 272}{\text{FLOW X (Tin - Tout) X Cp at = Qreq}} \times \text{Tavg} = 380.3$
 $\frac{53.199 + 380.3}{2} = 5329.3$
 $\frac{5329.3}{2} = 2664.65$



WEEK

TEST TIME

TOTAL FLOW

SIMULATED HEAT LOAD

ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES

SUN ON

15.25

2200

577K

AV 55 (CYCLIC)

LOW MAIN

577K

577K

577K

15.25

2200

577K

577K

LOW MAIN

577K

577K

577K

15.25

2200

577K

577K

LOW MAIN

577K

577K

577K

LOW MAIN

577K

577K

577K

LOW MAIN

577K

577K

577K

LOW MAIN

577K

577K

577K

LOW MAIN

577K

577K

577K

Flow Main 985
Flow Prime 10.4

Flow Main 493
Flow Prime 5.2

Flow Main 493
Flow Prime 5.2

Flow Main 493
Flow Prime 5.2

Flow Main 595
Flow Prime 6.2

Flow Main 594
Flow Prime 6.2

Flow Main
Flow Prime

PANEL 1

ΔP1 6.0

Temp Main 89.8
Temp Prime 108.4

PANEL 3

ΔP3 4.7

Temp Main 63.1
Temp Prime 84.3

PANEL 2

ΔP2 6.0

Temp Main 89.7
Temp Prime 108.5

PANEL 4

ΔP4 4.7

Temp Main 63.2
Temp Prime 84.4

PANEL 5

ΔP5 8.4

Temp Main 88.9
Temp Prime 113.1

PANEL 7

ΔP7 6.7

Temp Main 58.9
Temp Prime 88.3

PANEL 6

ΔP6 8.4

Temp Main 88.8
Temp Prime 113.2

PANEL 8

ΔP8 6.7

Temp Main 58.8
Temp Prime 88.0

Temp Main 63.1
Temp Prime 84.4

Temp Main 63.2
Temp Prime 84.4

Temp Main 58.9
Temp Prime 88.3

Temp Main 58.8
Temp Prime 88.0

Temp Main
Temp Prime

Tout Main 66.8

Tout Prime 26.1

Tout Mixed Main and Prime 61.1

CONFIGURATION Y

TEST POINTS 23-1

Tin Main 142.1

Tin Prime 142.1

Flow Main 2174

Flow Prime 2.7

MAIN 2174 (142.1 - 60.8) X Cp at = Qrej Tavg

46,113

PRIME 2228 (142.1 - 86.7) X Cp at = Qrej Tavg

46,913.9

Qtotal

WEEK 2nd
 TEST TIME 16. HIGH MAIN OUTLET
 TOTAL FLOW 2800
 SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 57.7 K
 ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
 SUN ON CARGO BAY (CYCLIC CAVITY)

MAIN 500.4 (42.1 - 22.7) 26.1 44,035.4
 FLOW X (Tin - Tout) X Cp at = Qrej
 Tavg

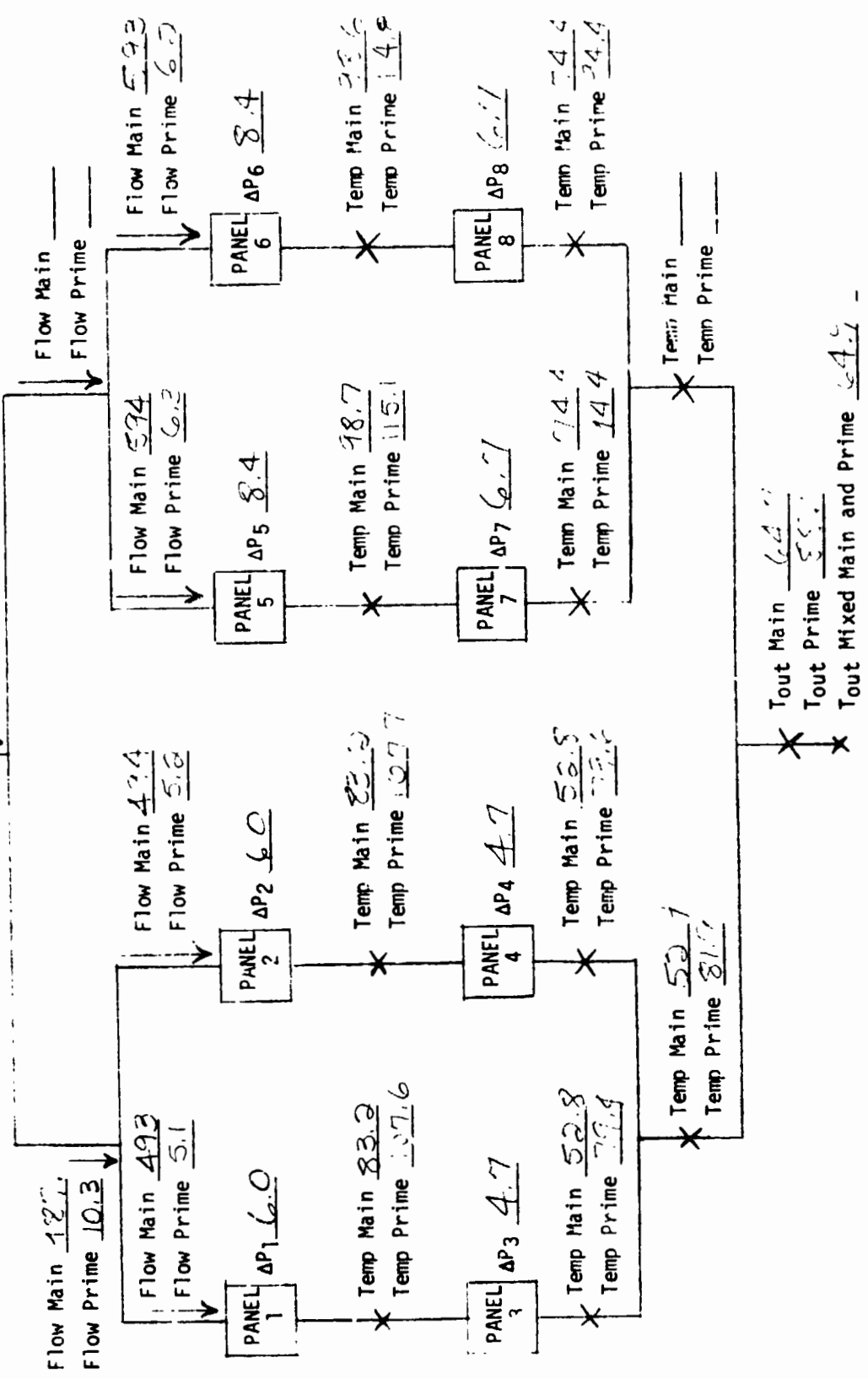
PRIME 22.8 (42.1 - 22.7) 26.58 327.8
 FLOW X (Tin - Tout) X Cp at = Qrej
 Tavg

44,363.2
 Qtotal

CONFIGURATION Y
 TEST POINTS 23-2

Tin Main 14.1
 Tin Prime 14.1

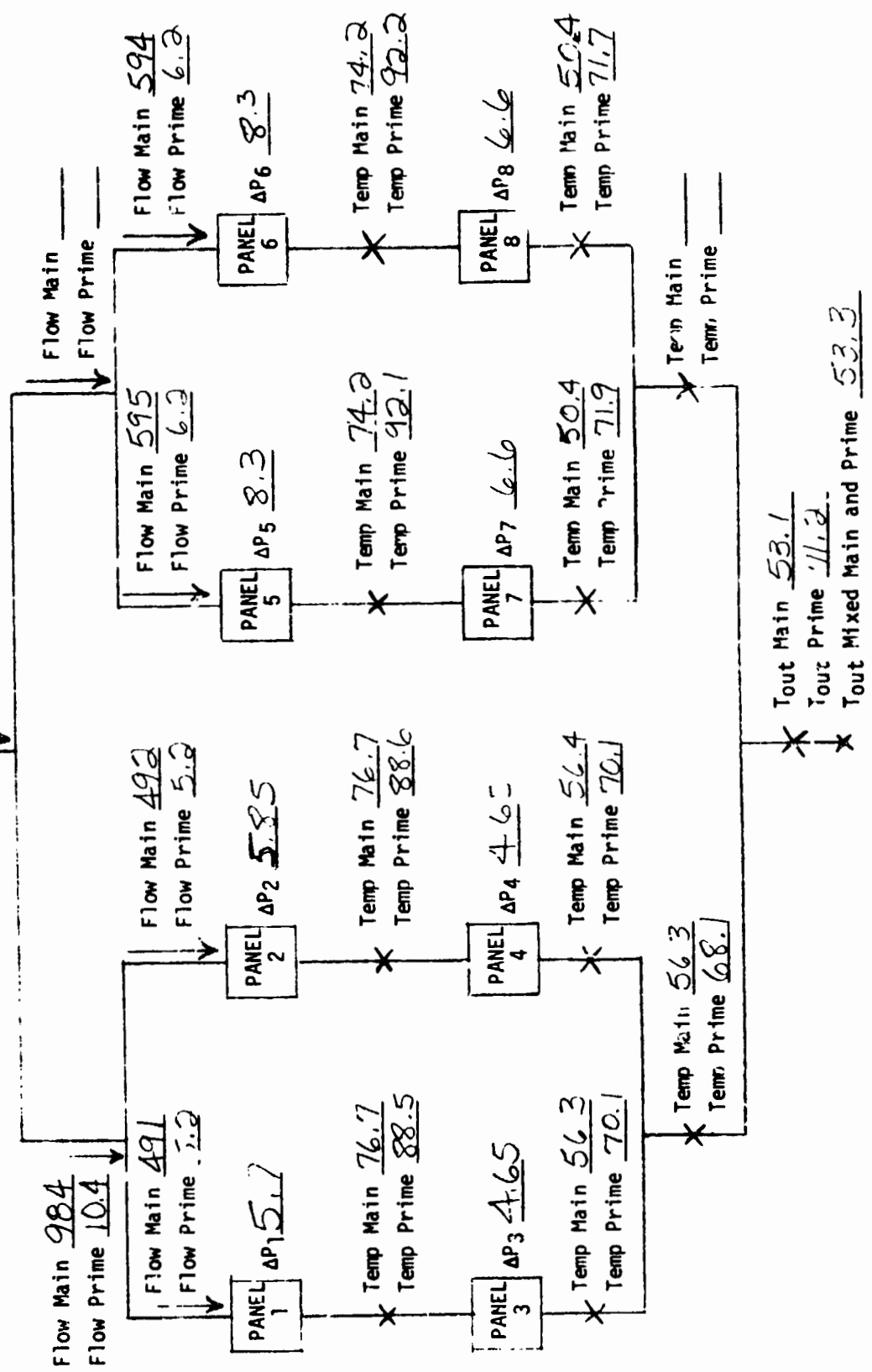
Flow Main 2074
 Flow Prime 22.8



WEEK 2nd
 TEST TIME 21.25 - LOW MAIN OUTLET TEST POINTS 21-1
 TOTAL FLOW 2200
 SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 42K
 ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
 SUN ON CARGO BAY (CYCLIC)

CONFIGURATION X
 T_{in} Main 116.2
 T_{in} Prime 106.2
 Flow Main 2174
 Flow Prime 22.8

MAIN 2174 (116.2 - 53.1) 2557 3501
 FLOW X (T_{in} - T_{out}) X C_p at = Q_{rej} T_{avg}
 PRIME 22.8 (116.2 - 71.2) 2585 265
 FLOW X (T_{in} - T_{out}) X C_p at = Q_{rej} T_{avg}
 35344
 Q_{total}

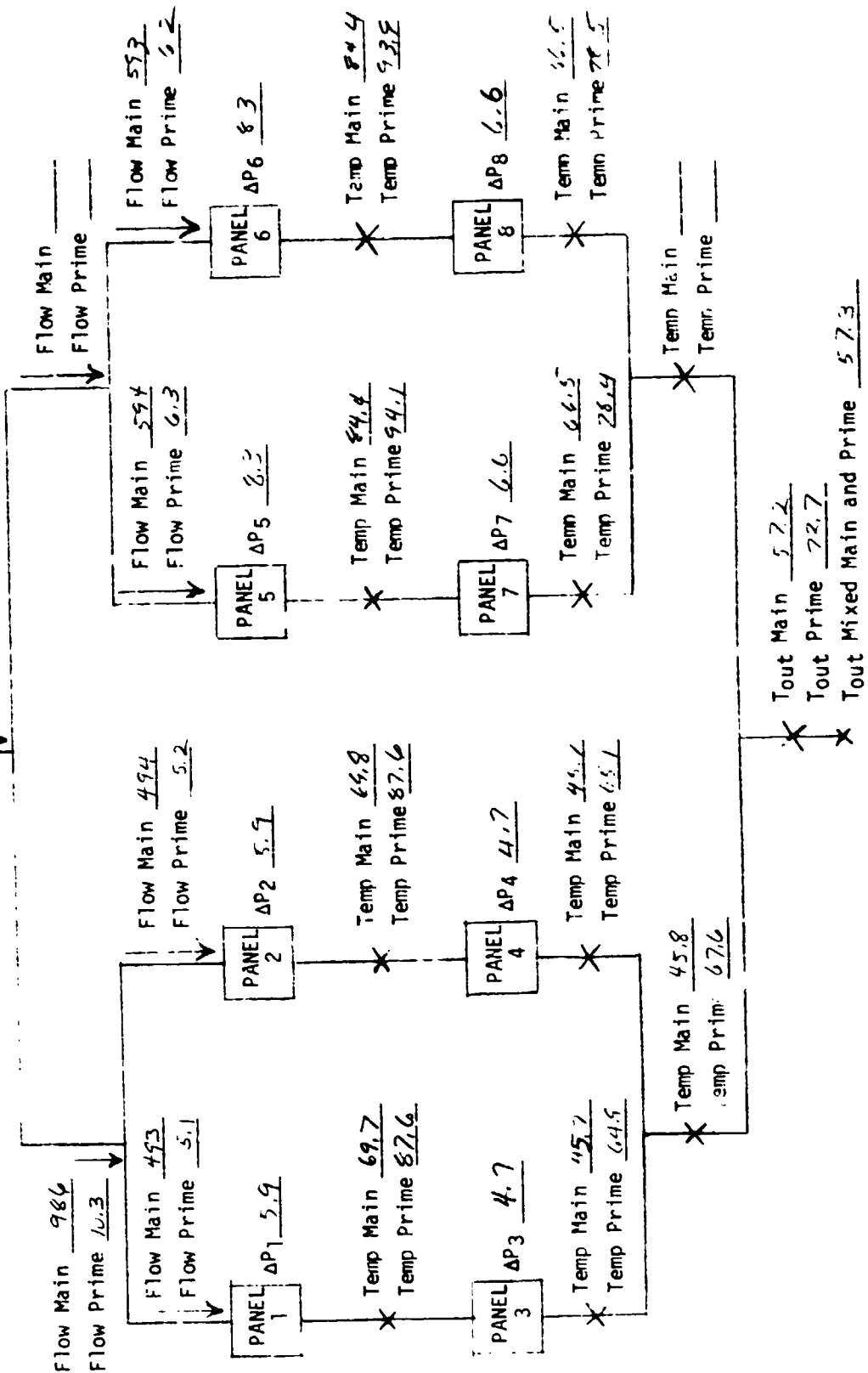


WEEK 2
 TEST TIME 22.0 1814
 TOTAL FLOW 2200
 SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 7200
 ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
 SUN ON CARGO BAY (CYCLIC CAVITY)

CONFIGURATION Y
 TEST POINTS 24.2 (HIGH MAIN INLET)

MAIN 27462-57.3 2563
 $\text{FLOW X (TIN - TOUT) X Cp at = Qrej}$
 Tavg

PRIME 252 (116.2 - 75.1) 2588 256.6
 $\text{FLOW X (TIN - TOUT) X Cp at = Qrej}$
 Tavg
 33 135.6
 Qtotal

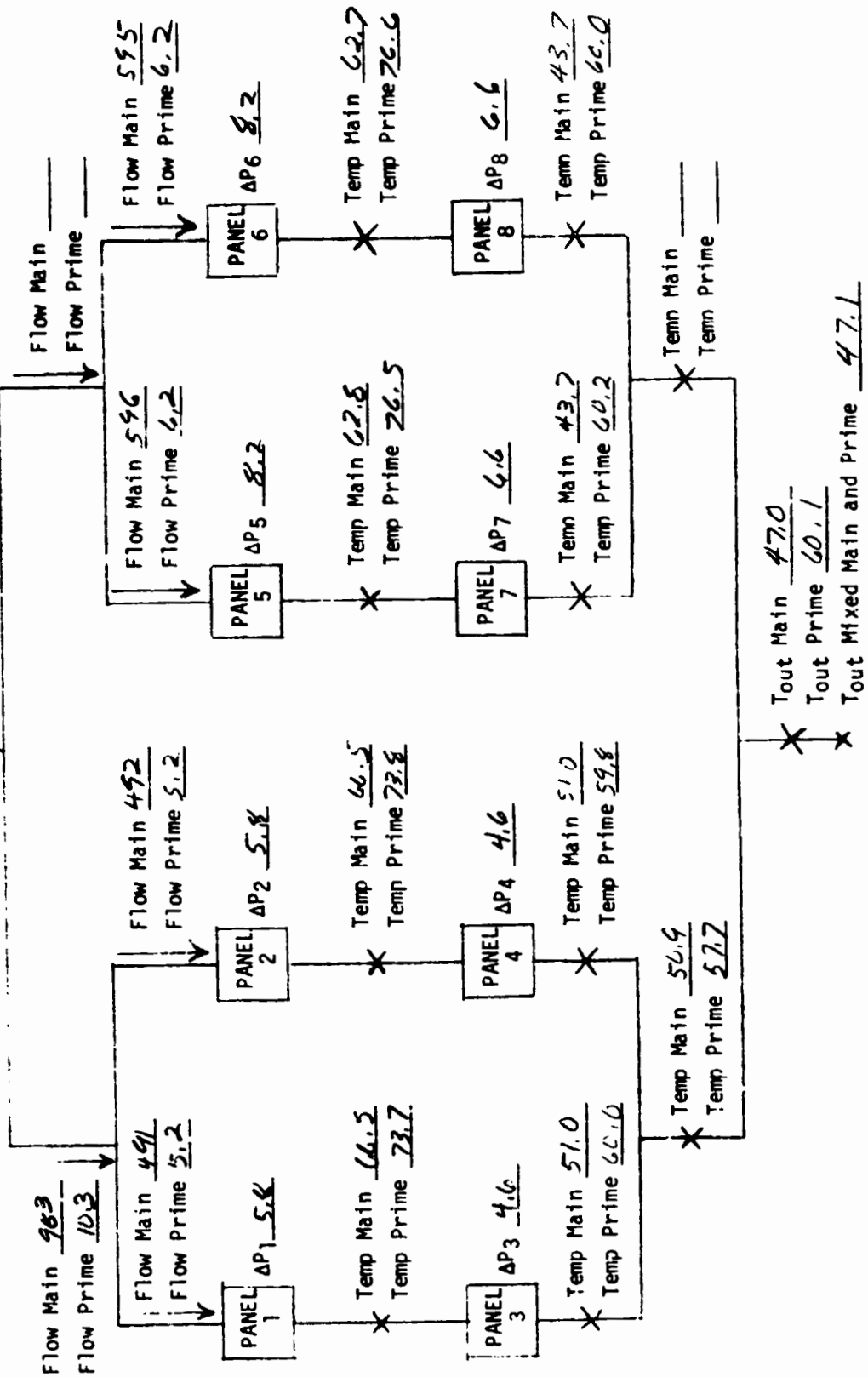


WEEK 2
 TEST TIME 27.25 hr
 TOTAL FLOW 2200 10/hr
 SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 34000
 ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
 SUN ON CARBO BAY (CYCLIC CAPACITY)

CONFIGURATION Y
 TEST POINTS 25-1 (LOW MAIN CAVITY)

* T_{in} Main 96.1
 T_{in} Prime 96.1
 Flow Main 2174
 Flow Prime 22.8

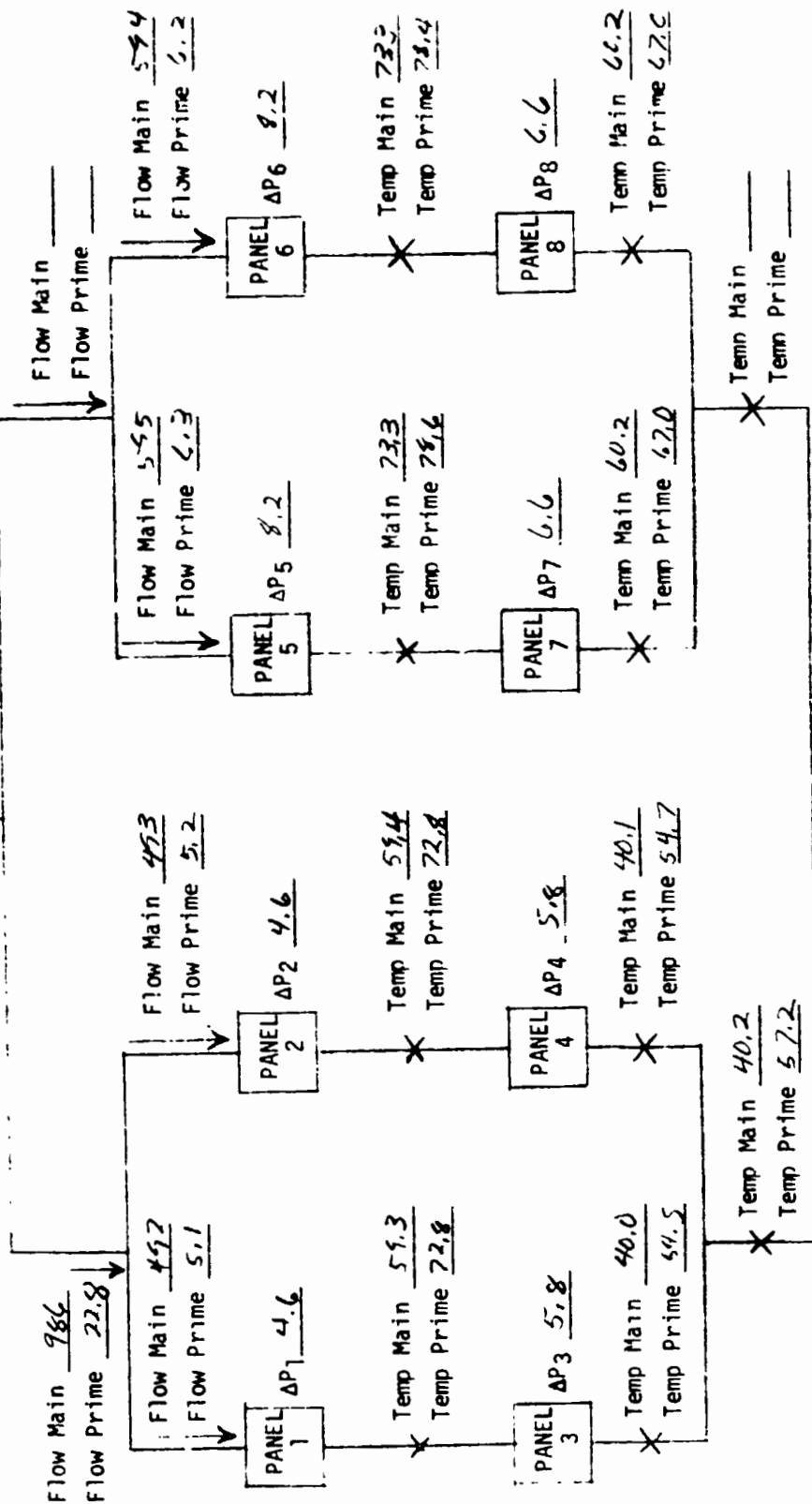
MAIN: 2174 / (96.1 - 47.1) · 2.5197 = 26.8
 $\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } = Q_{rej}$
 T_{avg}
 PRIME: 22.8 / (96.1 - 60.1) · 2.532 = 20.8
 $\text{FLOW} \times (T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } = Q_{rej}$
 T_{avg}
 27.104
 Q_{total}



WEEK 2
 TEST TIME 28.0
 TOTAL FLOW 220016/4
 SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 31,000
 ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
 SUN ON CALCO BAY (EXCESSIVE)

CONFIGURATION Y
 TEST POINTS 25-2 (H₂O Main out. P)

T_{in} Main 58.1
 T_{in} Prime 90.7
 Flow Main 2174
 Flow Prime 22.8



Tout Main 51.2
 Tout Prime 61.7
 Tout Mixed Main and Prime 51.3

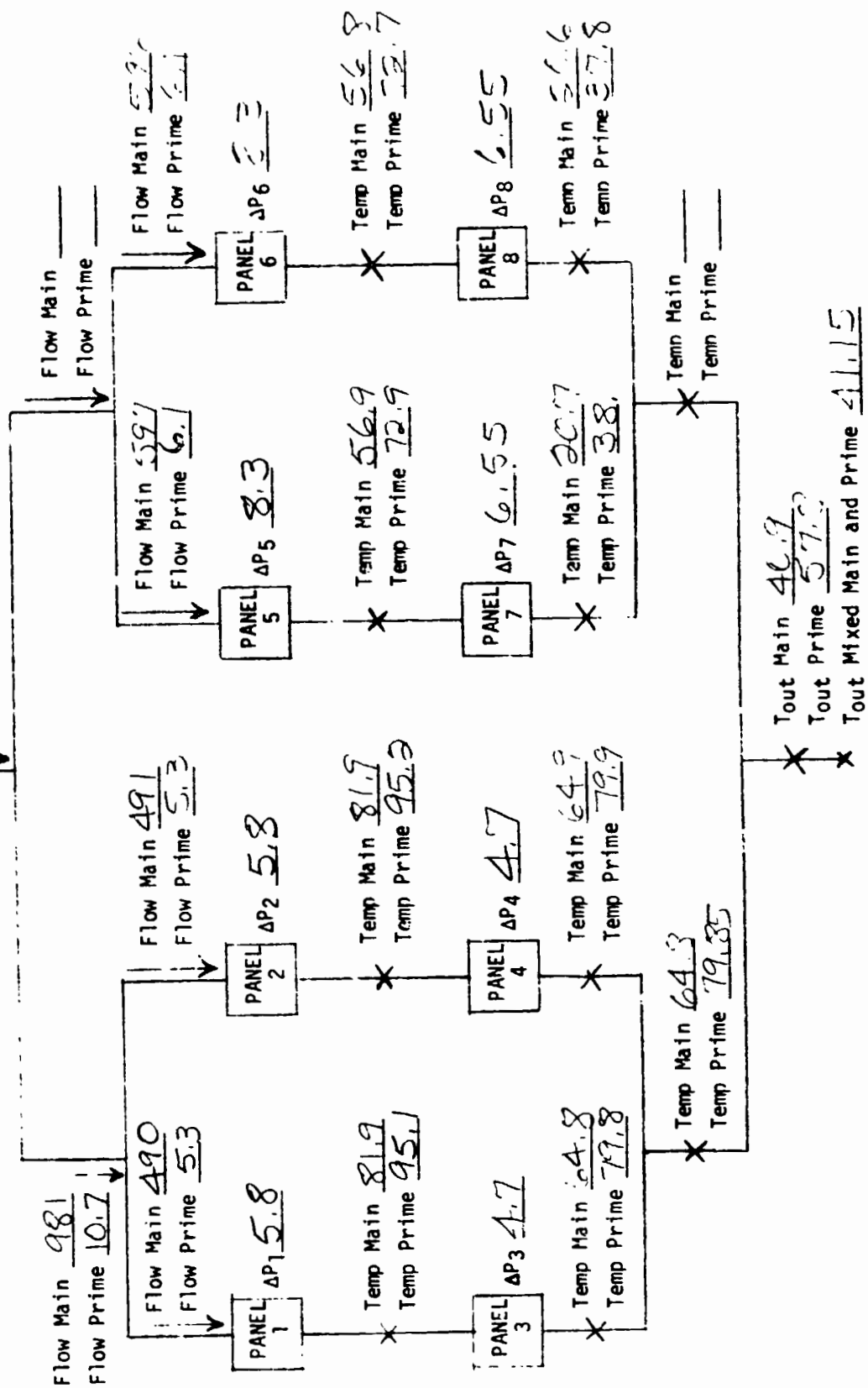
MAIN 2174 $(\frac{986}{24} - \frac{58.1 - 51.2}{24}) \times \frac{2526}{T_{avg}}$
 PRIME 22.8 $(\frac{90.7}{24} - \frac{61.7 - 51.3}{24}) \times \frac{2526}{T_{avg}}$
24,651.7
24,850.9
Q_{total}

WEEK 34
 TEST TIME 2200
 TOTAL FLOW 42K
 SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 42K
 ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
 SUN ON CAVITY

CONFIGURATION Y
 TEST POINTS 26

T_{in} Main 116.2
 T_{in} Prime 116.2
 Flow Main 2174
 Flow Prime 22.8

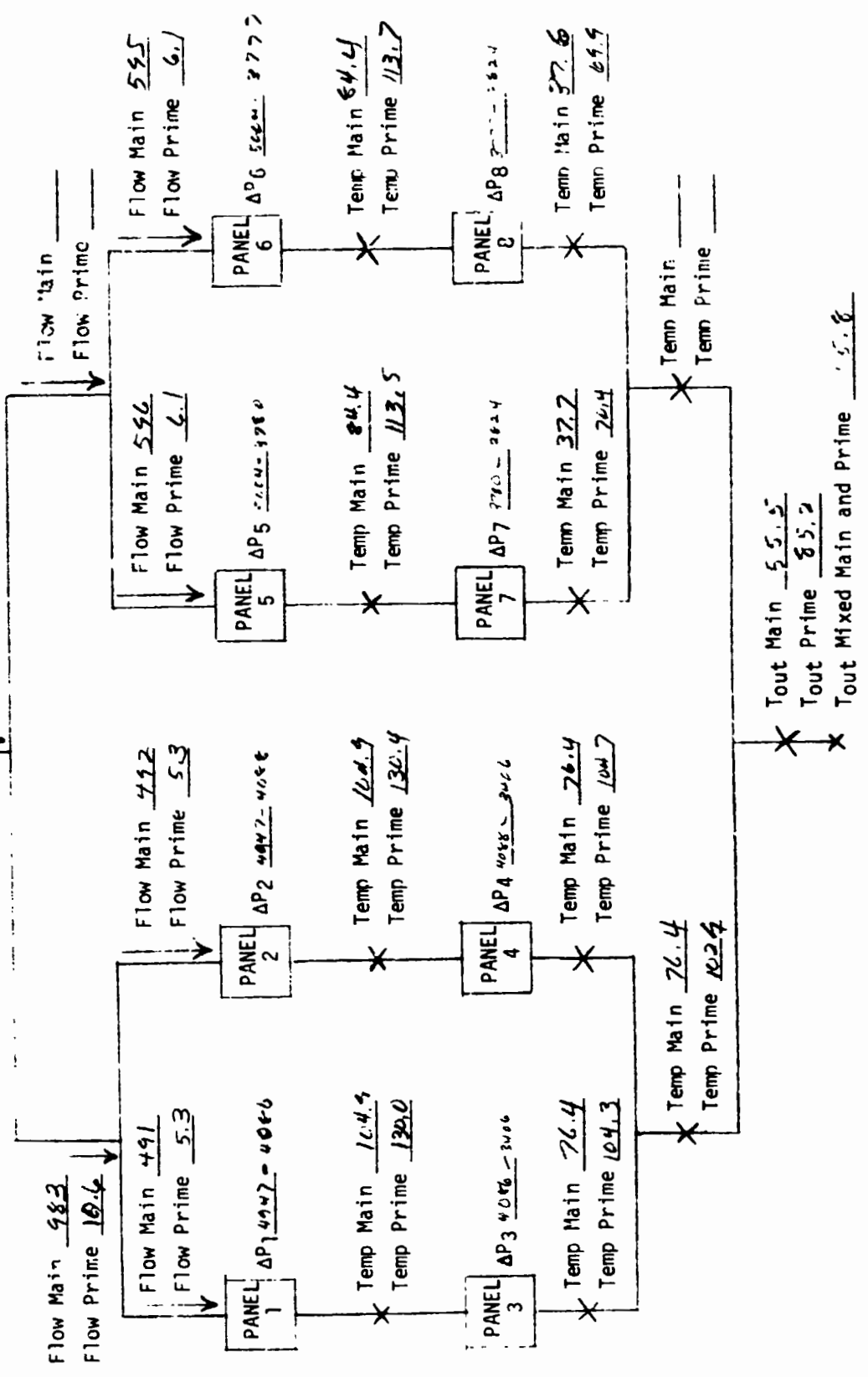
MAIN 2174 (116.2 - 40.9) x Cp at = Q_{ref}
 T_{avg} 91.54
 PRIME 22.8 (116.2 - 57.8) x Cp at = Q_{ref}
 T_{avg} 341.
 41709.9
 Q_{total}



WEEK 2
 TEST TIME 384
 TOTAL FLOW 2200
 SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 70 K
 ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
 SUN ON CAVITY

CONFIGURATION Y
 TEST POINTS 27
 * T_{in} Main 162.4
 T_{in} Prime 162.4
 * Flow Main 2174
 Flow Prime 22.8

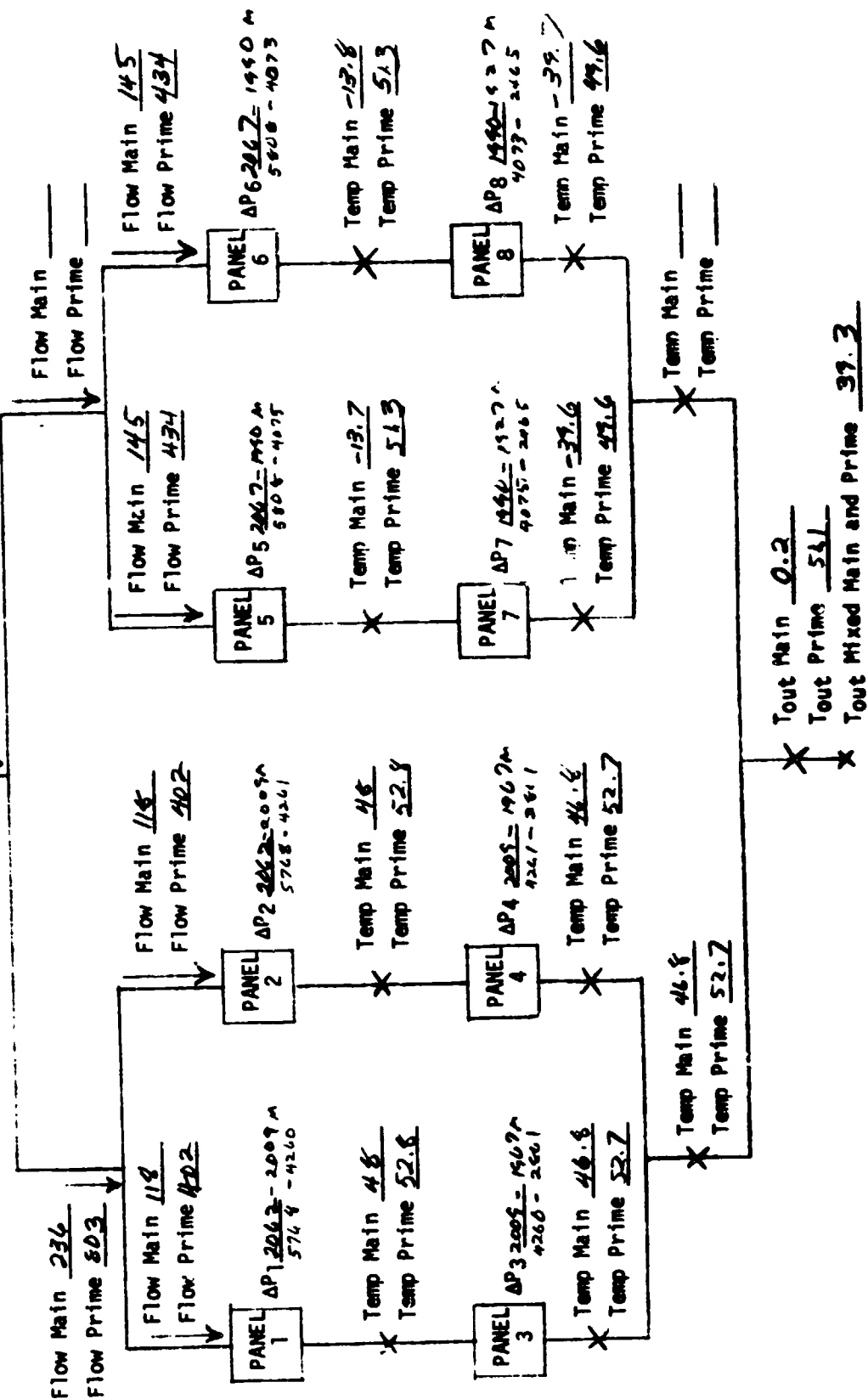
61263.6
 MAIN 2174 (162.4 - 55.5) 1.236
 FLOW X (T_{in} - T_{out}) X Cp at = Q_{rej}
 T_{avg}
 PRIME 22.8 (162.4 - 55.5) 1.236
 FLOW X (T_{in} - T_{out}) X Cp at = Q_{rej}
 T_{avg}
61730.2
 Q_{total}



WEEK 2
 TEST TIME 50
 TOTAL FLOW 2240
 SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 7
 ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
 SUN ON CAVITY

CONFIGURATION Y
 TEST POINTS 2
 * T_{in} Main 53
 T_{in} Prime 53
 Flow Main 52.6
 Flow Prime 162.1

MAIN 526 (53 - 51.1) x 2418 6715
 FLOW X (T_{in} - T_{out}) x C_p at T_{avg}
 PRIME 1671 (53 - 51.1) x 2418 784
 FLOW X (T_{in} - T_{out}) x C_p at T_{avg}
 71,500.5
 Total

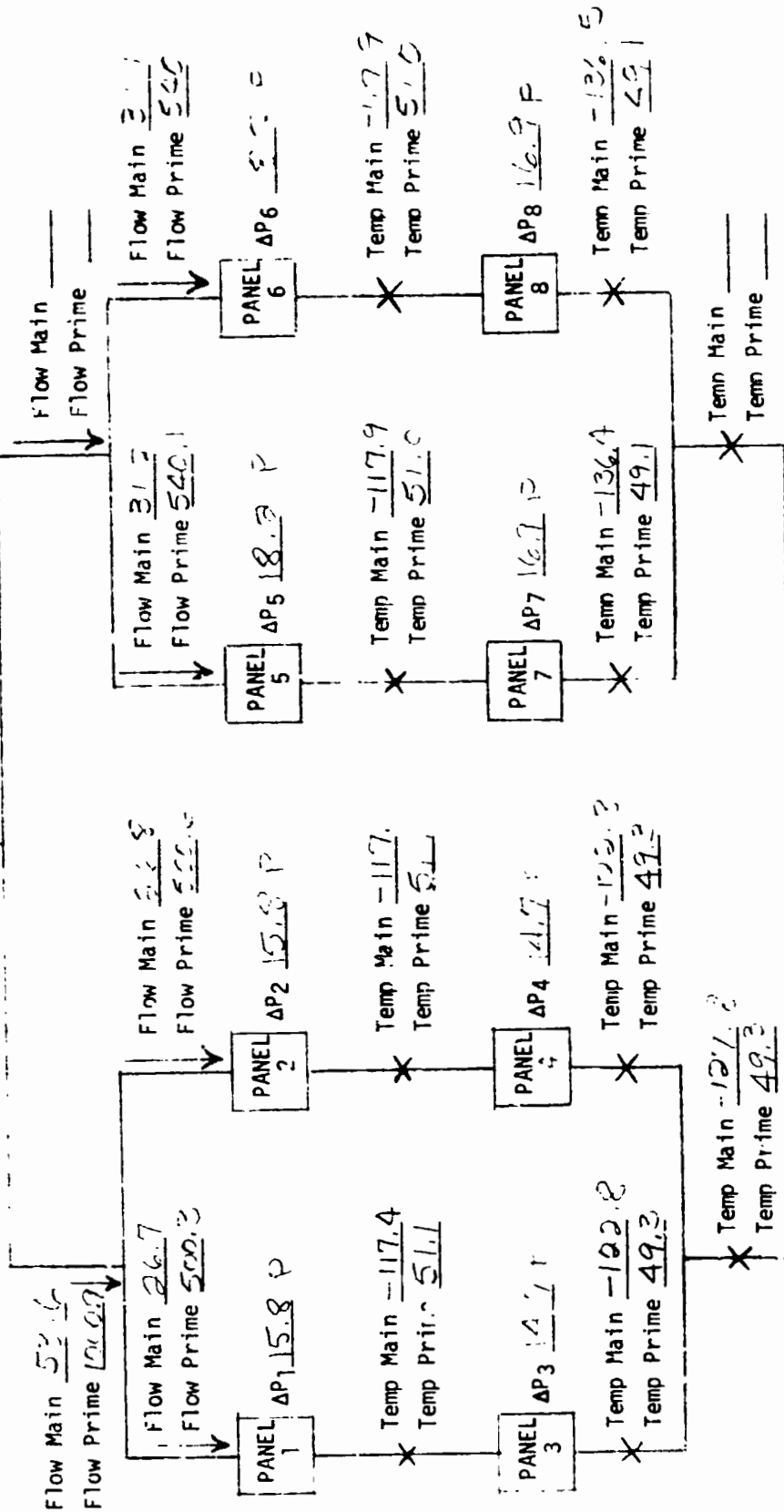


WEEK 2
 TEST TIME 11:15
 TOTAL FLOW 2400
 SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 11K
 ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
 SUN ON BELLY (CYCLIC CAPACITY)

CONFIGURATION Y
 TEST POINTS 27 Low, 14 High

T_{in} Main 53
 T_{in} Prime 53

Flow Main 115.9
 Flow Prime 202.0



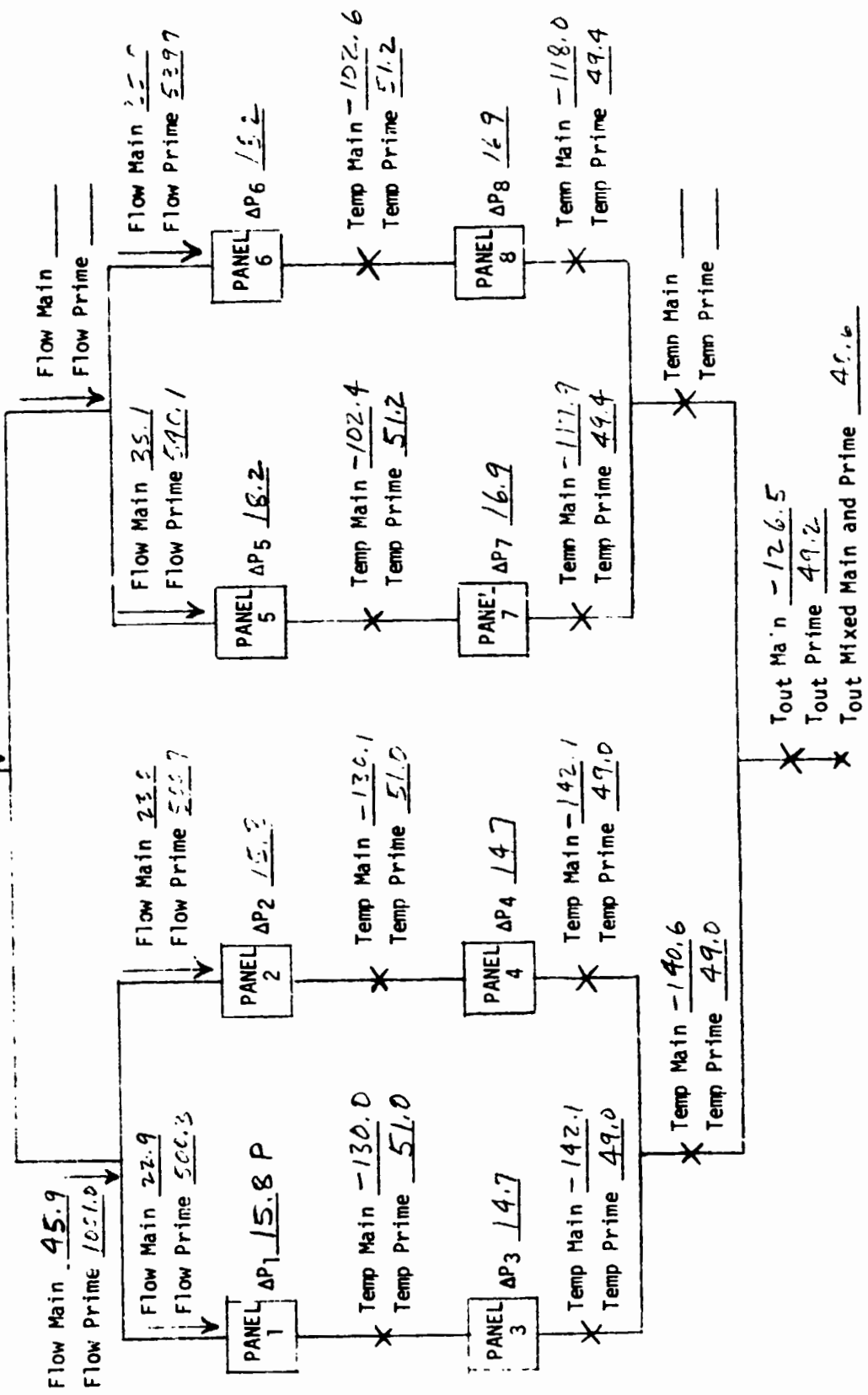
MAIN 115.9
 FLOW X (T_{in} - T_{out}) X C_p at = Q_{ref}
 T_{avg} 5035.5

PRIME 202.0
 FLOW X (T_{in} - T_{out}) X C_p at = Q_{ref}
 T_{avg} 2468 1950
 6986.7
 Q_{total}

WEEK 2
 TEST TIME 5975 HRS
 TOTAL FLOW 2200
 SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 7000
 ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
 SUN ON 811.1

CONFIGURATION Y
 TEST POINTS 29 MAX.

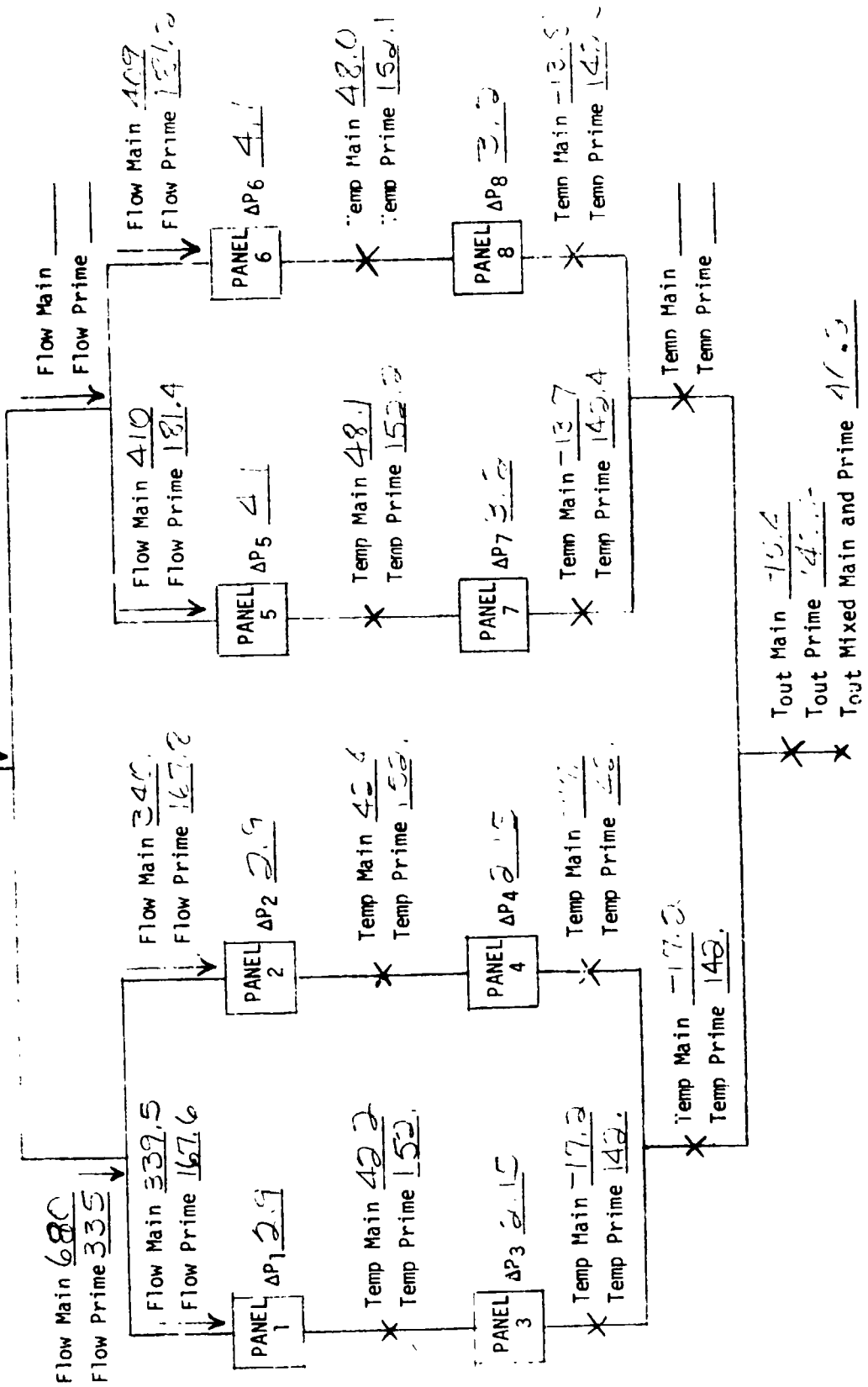
MAIN 116.0 (53.0 + 12.0) X Cp at = Qrej
 Tavg 12.0
 PRIME 205.1 (53.0 - 42.0) X Cp at = Qrej
 Tavg 42.0
 6,537.0
 Qtotal



WEEK 2nd
 TEST TIME 67.25 LAST MAIN TEST 30-1
 TOTAL FLOW 2200
 SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 70K
 ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
 SUN ON BELLY (CYCLIC CAVITY)

CONFIGURATION Y
 TEST POINTS 30-1
 * T_{in} Main 162.4
 * T_{in} Prime 162.4
 * Flow Main 1499
 * Flow Prime 1495

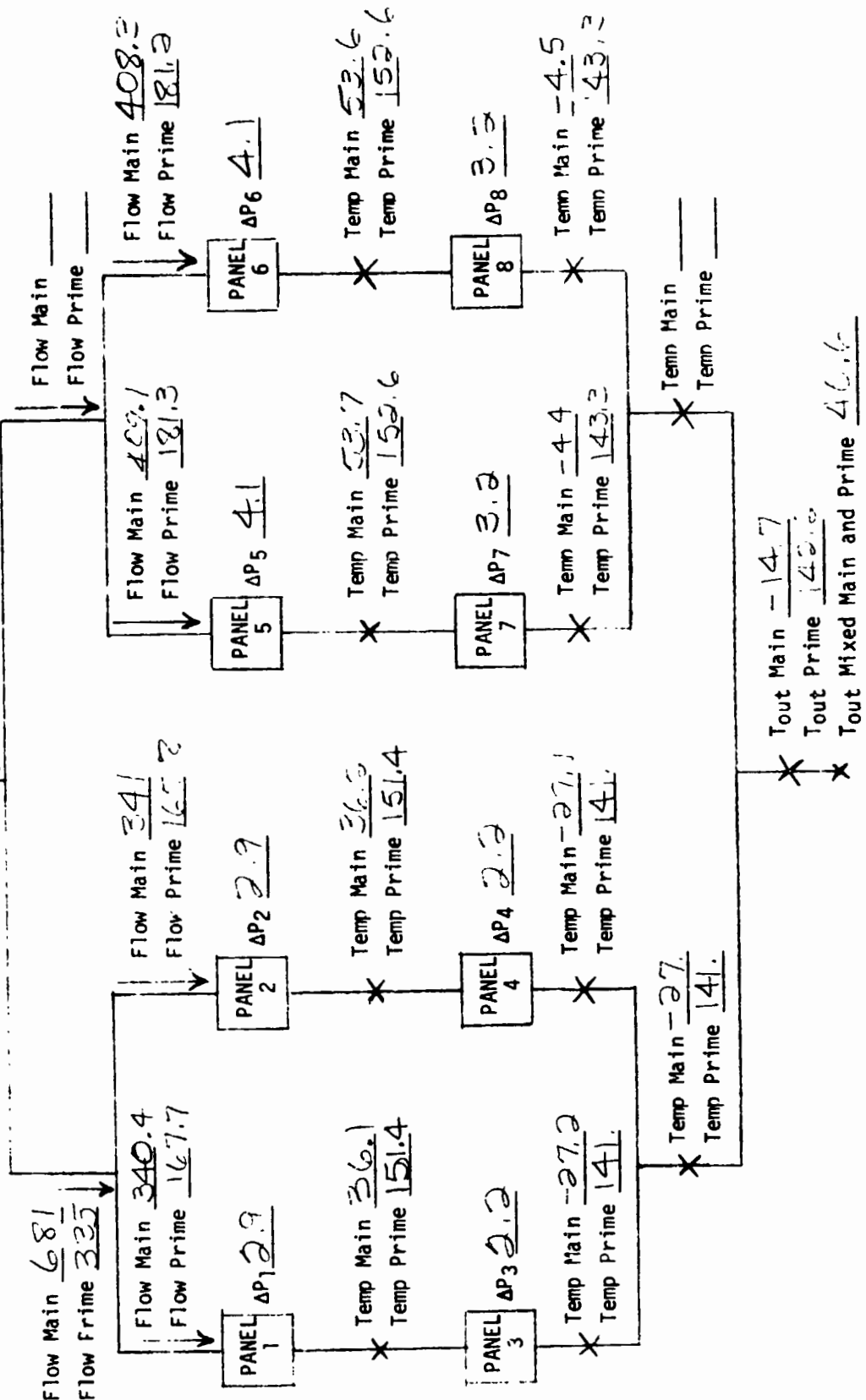
67,272.1
 2525
 MAIN $\frac{(499 \times 162.4 - (-15.4) \times 12.4)}{(162.4 - 12.4)} \times C_p \text{ at } = Q_{rej} \times T_{avg}$
 PRIME $\frac{(99 \times 162.4 - 142.2 \times 2.2807)}{(162.4 - 2.2807)} \times C_p \text{ at } = Q_{rej} \times T_{avg}$
 71,256.2
 Qtotal



WEEK 208
 TEST TIME 67.999 HIGH MAIN ORIENT TEST POINTS 50-2
 TOTAL FLOW 200.2
 SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 1122
 ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
 SUN ON BELLY (CYCLIC CAVITY)

CONFIGURATION Y
 50-2
 T_{in} Main 162.4
 T_{in} Prime 162.2
 Flow Main 1499
 Flow Prime 1498

MAIN 499 (162.4 - 14.7) / 2569
 FLOW X (T_{in} - T_{out}) X Cp at = Q_{rej}
 T_{avg} 395
 PRIME 198 (162.4 - 142.2) / 2807
 FLOW X (T_{in} - T_{out}) X Cp at = Q_{rej}
 T_{avg}
 60,836.7
 Q_{total}



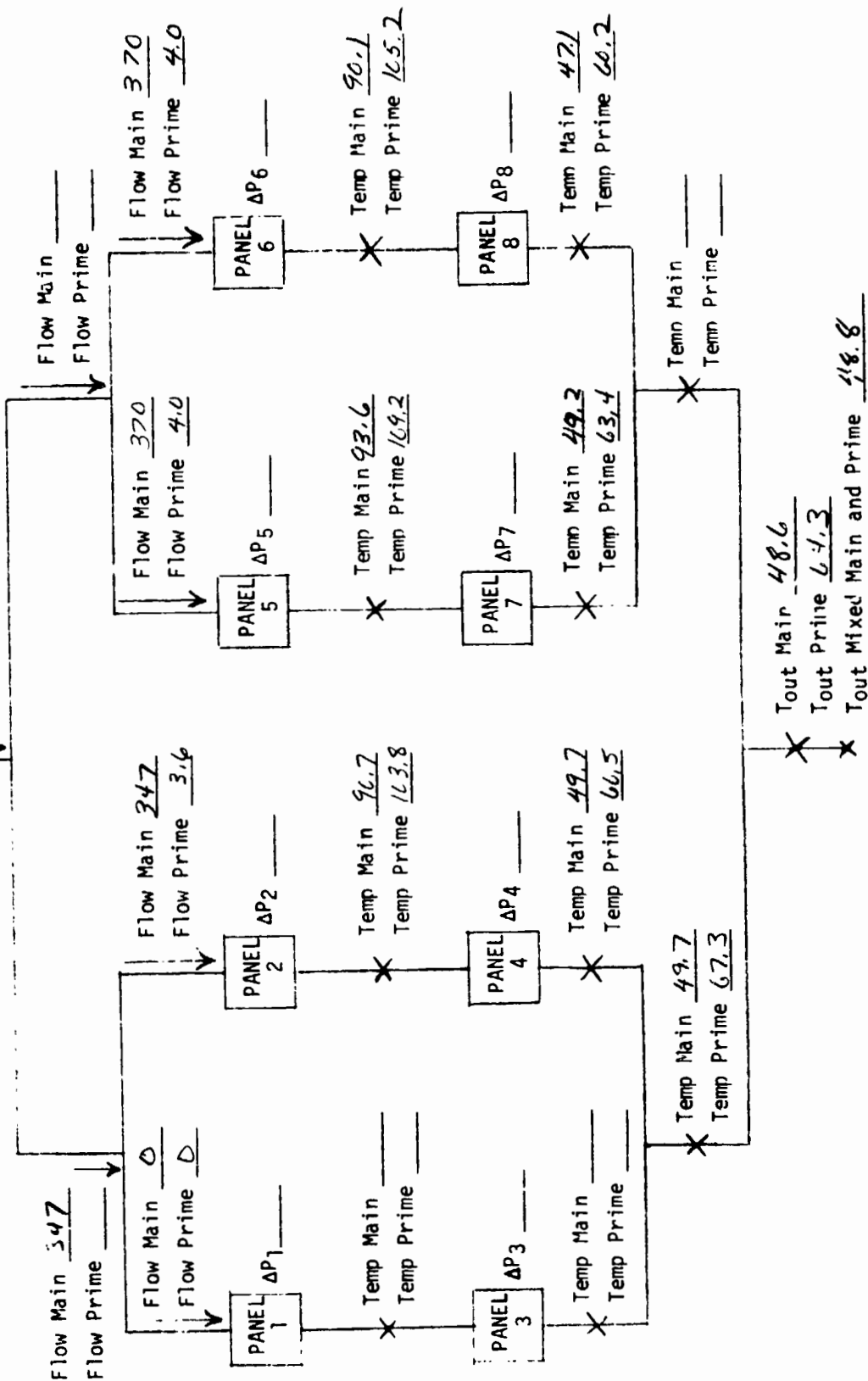
WEEK 3
 TEST TIME 4h
 TOTAL FLOW 1100
 SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 70,000
 ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
 SUN ON CAR60 RAY

CONFIGURATION Y-1,3
 TEST POINTS 31

MAIN $\text{FLOW} \times (\text{Tin} - \text{Tout}) \times \text{Cp at} = \text{Qrej}$
34460
 Tavg

PRIME $\text{FLOW} \times (\text{Tin} - \text{Tout}) \times \text{Cp at} = \text{Qrej}$
301
 Tavg

34761
 Qtotal



WEEK 2
 TEST TIME 8M
 TOTAL FLOW 2200 lb/hr
 SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 20,000
 ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
 SUN ON CARGO BAY

CONFIGURATION Y
 TEST POINTS 32

MAIN

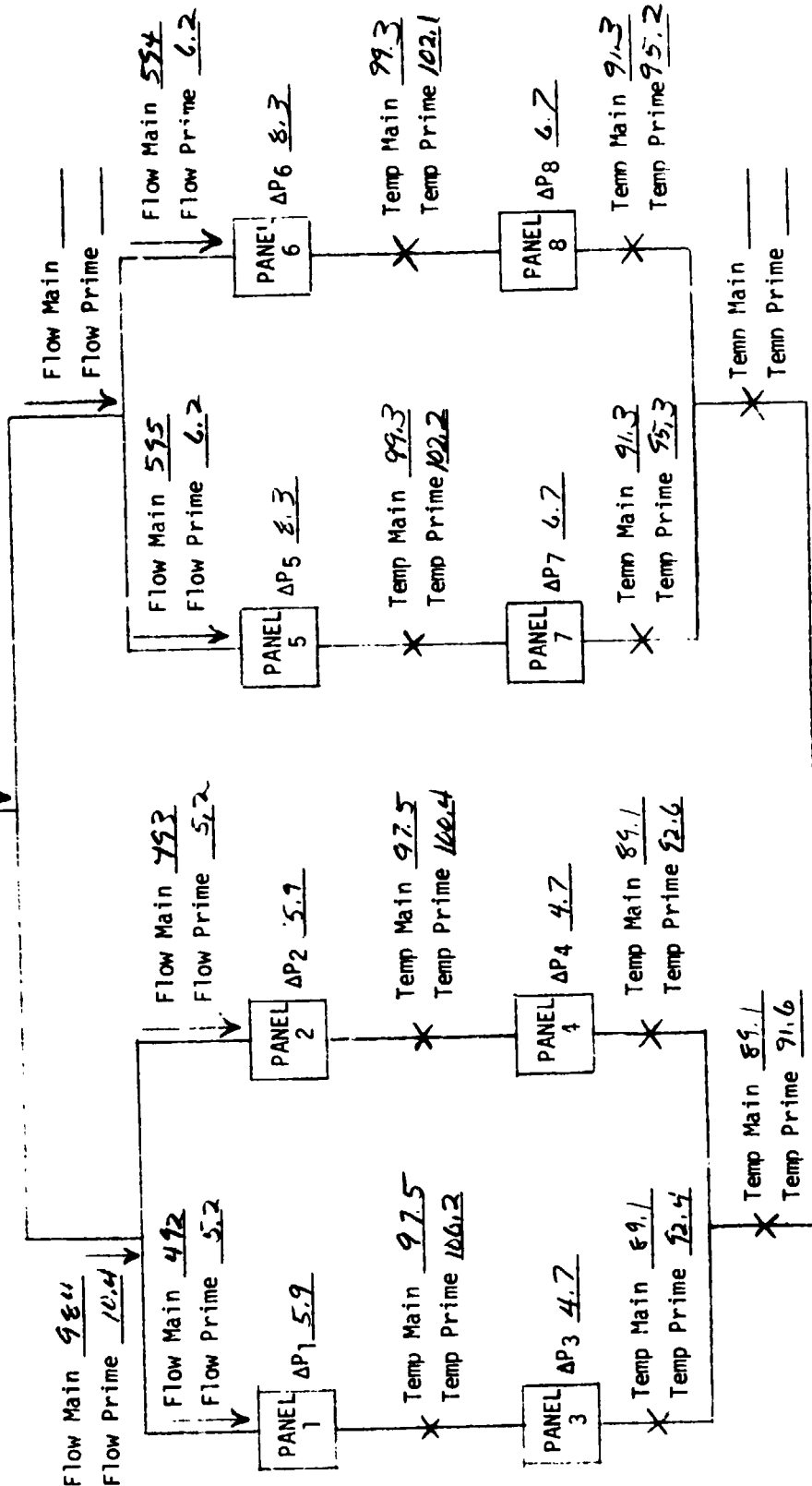
$$\text{FLOW} \times \frac{(T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}}{1850}$$

PRIME

$$\text{FLOW} \times \frac{(T_{in} - T_{out}) \times C_p \text{ at } T_{avg}}{106}$$

$$11956$$

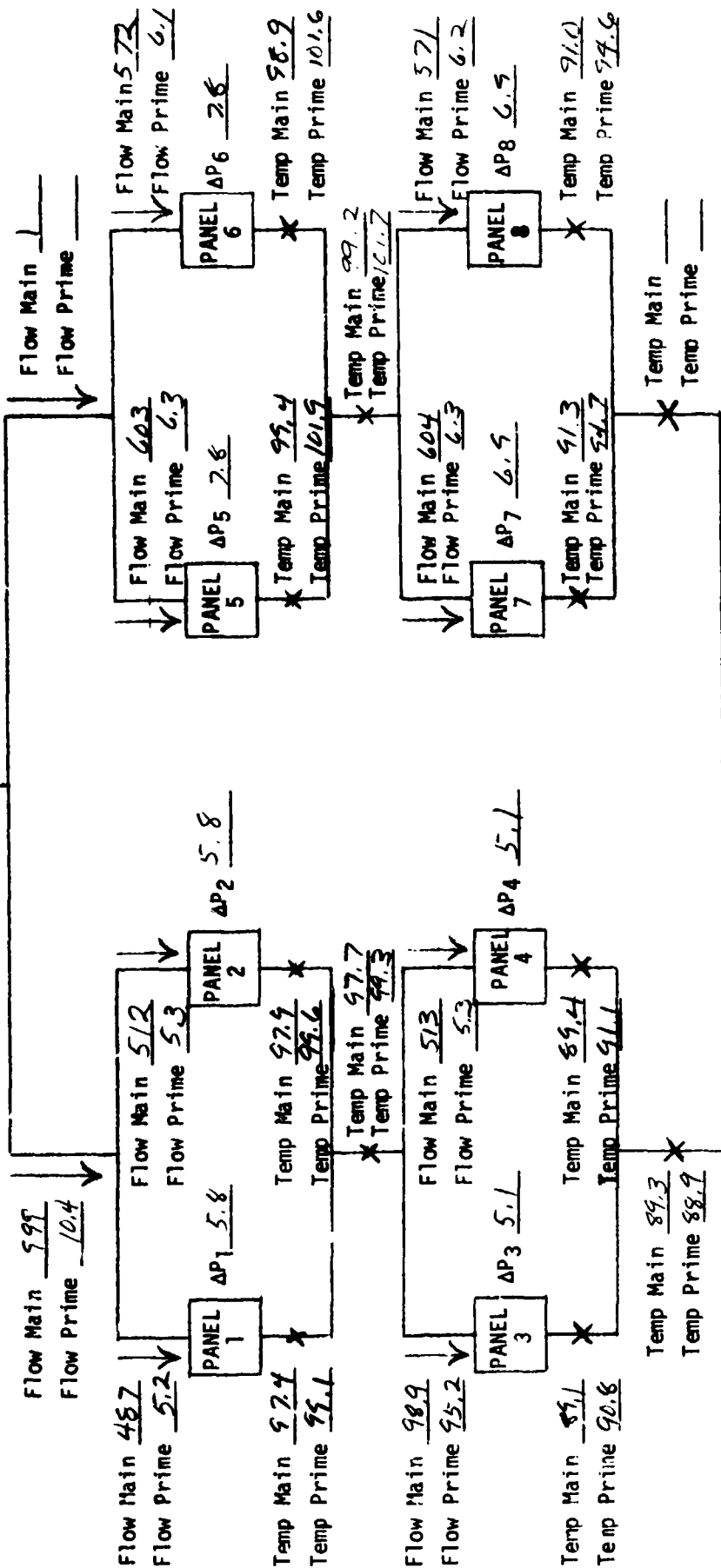
Flow Main 2120
 Flow Prime 228



WEEK 3
 TEST TIME 12 hr
 TOTAL FLOW 2200.16 lbs
 SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 20,000
 ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
 SUN ON CARGO BAY

CONFIGURATION 6
 TEST POINTS 23

Tin Main 111.2
 Tin Prime 111.2
 Flow Main 2174
 Flow Prime 22.9



MAIN $\frac{10337}{\text{FLOW} \times (\text{Tin} - \text{Tout}) \times \text{Cp at } = \text{Qreq}} \times \text{Tavg}$

PRIME $\frac{117}{\text{FLOW} \times (\text{Tin} - \text{Tout}) \times \text{Cp at } = \text{Qreq}} \times \text{Tavg}$
 10454
 Qtotal

Tout Main 90.3
 Tout Prime 91.5
 Tout Mixed Main and Prime 90.3

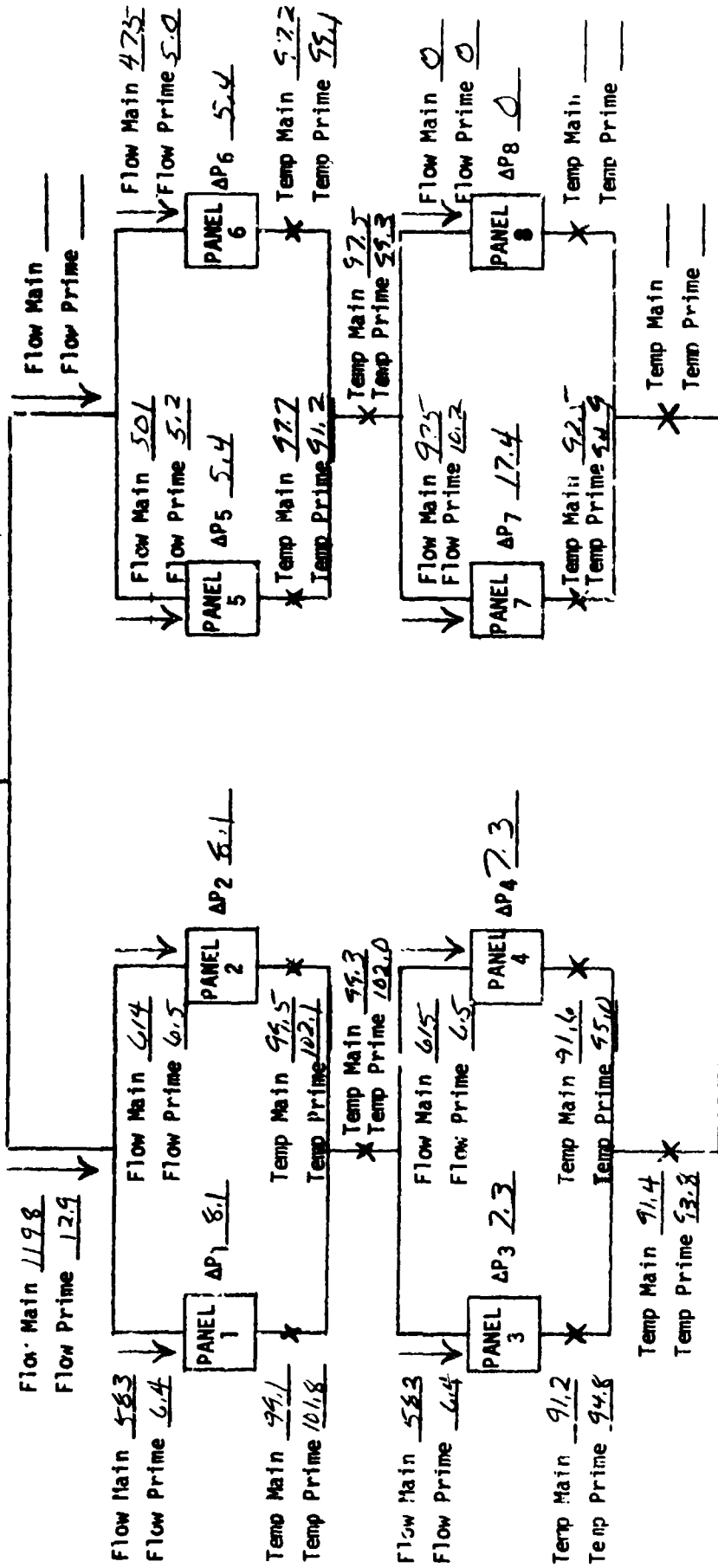
WEEK 3

TEST TIME 16 hrs
TOTAL FLOW 2360.68 L/hr
SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 20,000
ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
SUN ON CARGO BAY

CONFIGURATION 8*

TEST POINTS 24

Tin Main 111.2
Tin Prime 111.2
Flow Main 2173
Flow Prime 2324



MAIN FLOW X (Tin - Tout) X at = Qref .avg 10949

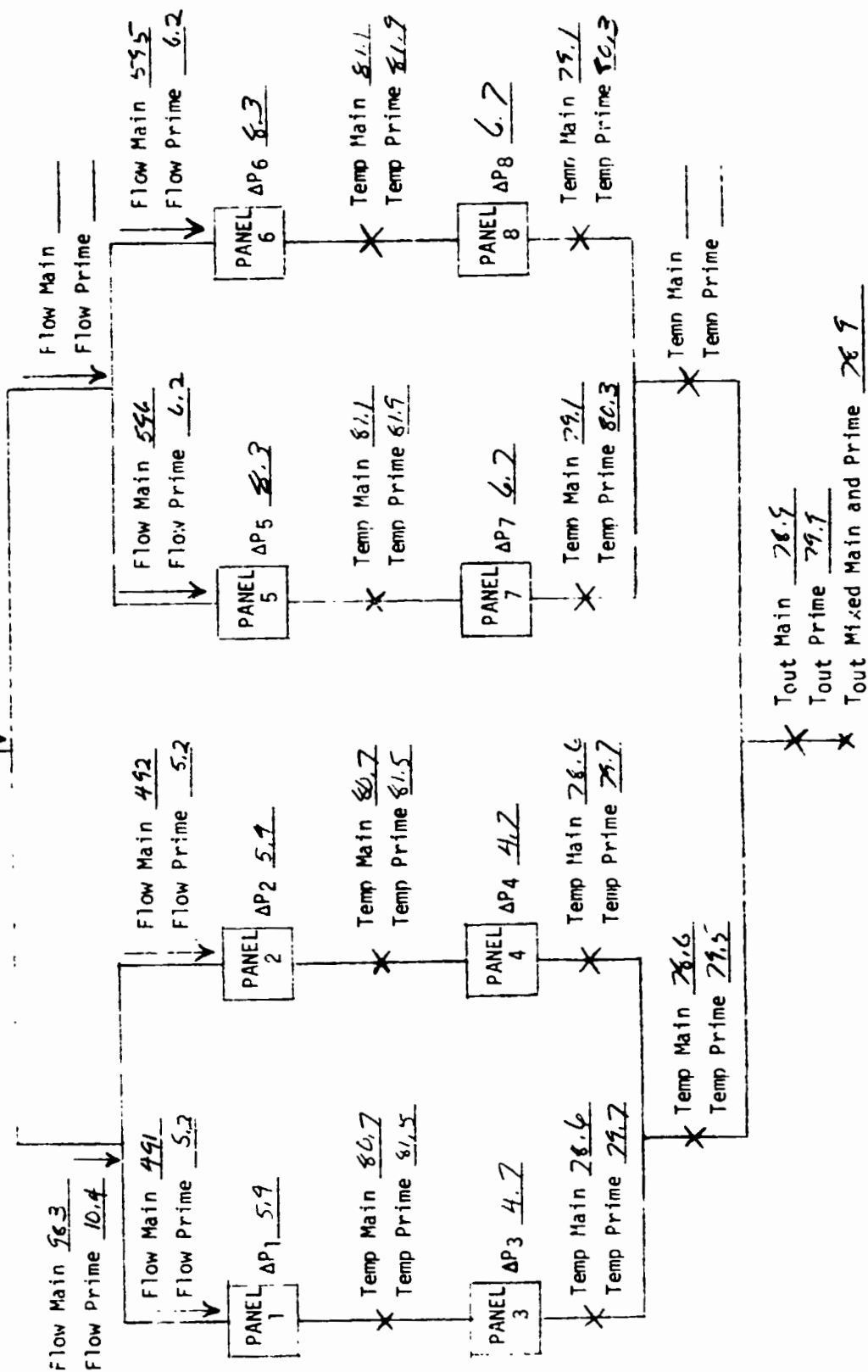
PRIME FLOW X (Tin - Tout) X Cp at = Qref Tavg 106
11055
Qtotal

Tout Main 91.9
Tout Prime 93.8
Tout Mixed Main and Prime 91.9

WEEK 3
 TEST TIME 22 JUL
 TOTAL FLOW 2200 lb/hr
 SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 31,000
 ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
 SUN ON CAROL DAY

CONFIGURATION Y
 TEST POINTS 35

MAIN $\text{FLOW} \times (\text{Tin} - \text{Tout}) \times \text{Cp at } \text{Tavg}$ 2874
 PRIME $\text{FLOW} \times (\text{Tin} - \text{Tout}) \times \text{Cp at } \text{Tavg}$ 24
2849
 Qtotal



WEEK 3
 TEST TIME 66 hr
 TOTAL FLOW 1100
 SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 7,000
 ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
 SUN ON CARGO BAY

CONFIGURATION Y - 1, 3
 TEST POINTS 36

MAIN

$$\text{FLOW} \times \frac{(T_{in} - T_{out})}{T_{avg}} \times C_p \text{ at } = Q_{rej}$$

2695

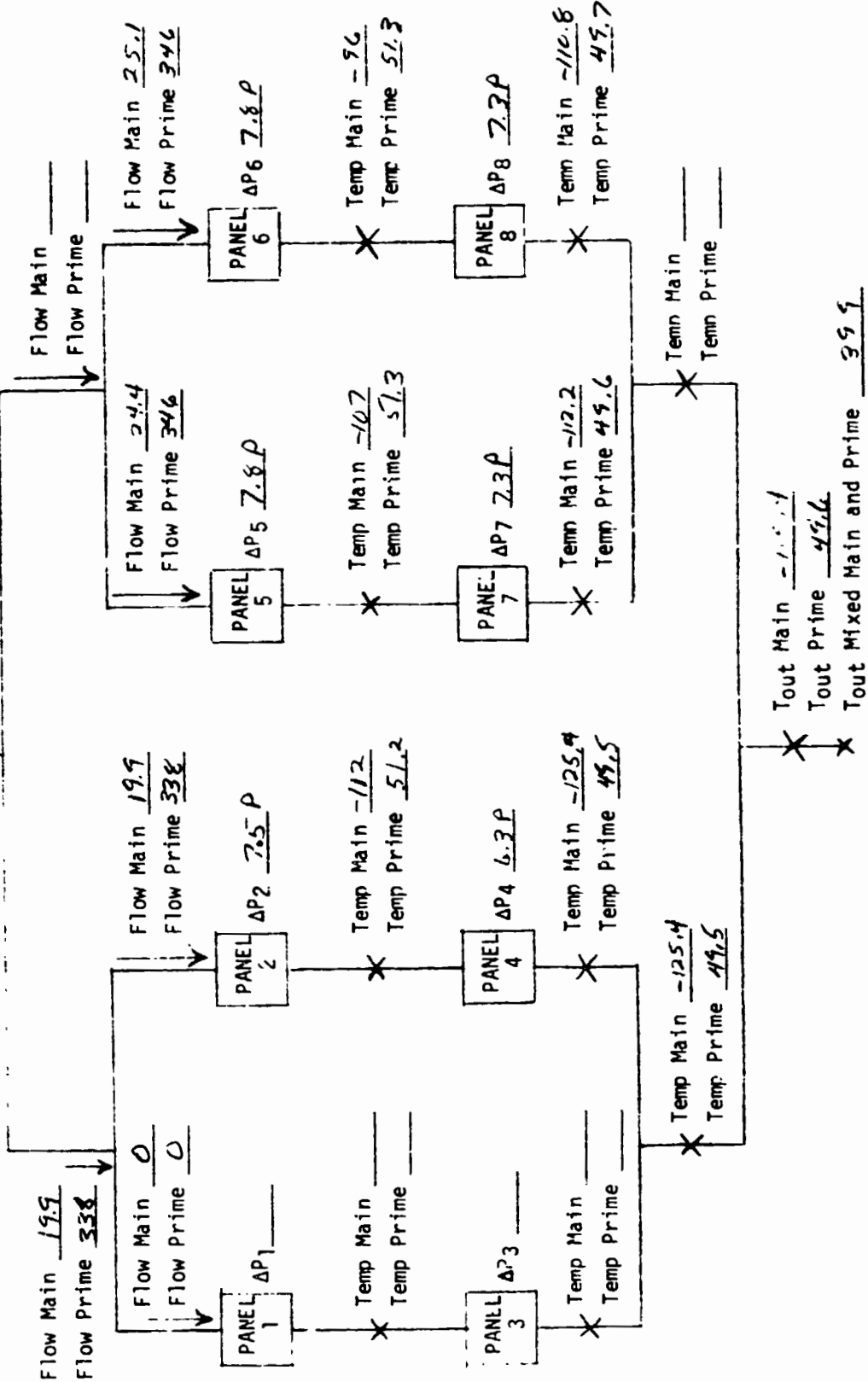
PRIME

$$\text{FLOW} \times \frac{(T_{in} - T_{out})}{T_{avg}} \times C_p \text{ at } = Q_{rej}$$

864

$$Q_{total}$$

3558



WEEK 20
 TEST TIME 20 600
 TOTAL FLOW 2000 1674
 SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 7000
 ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
 SUN ON 45° TO CARP BAY, 708 SHADOWED

CONFIGURATION Y
 TEST POINTS 32

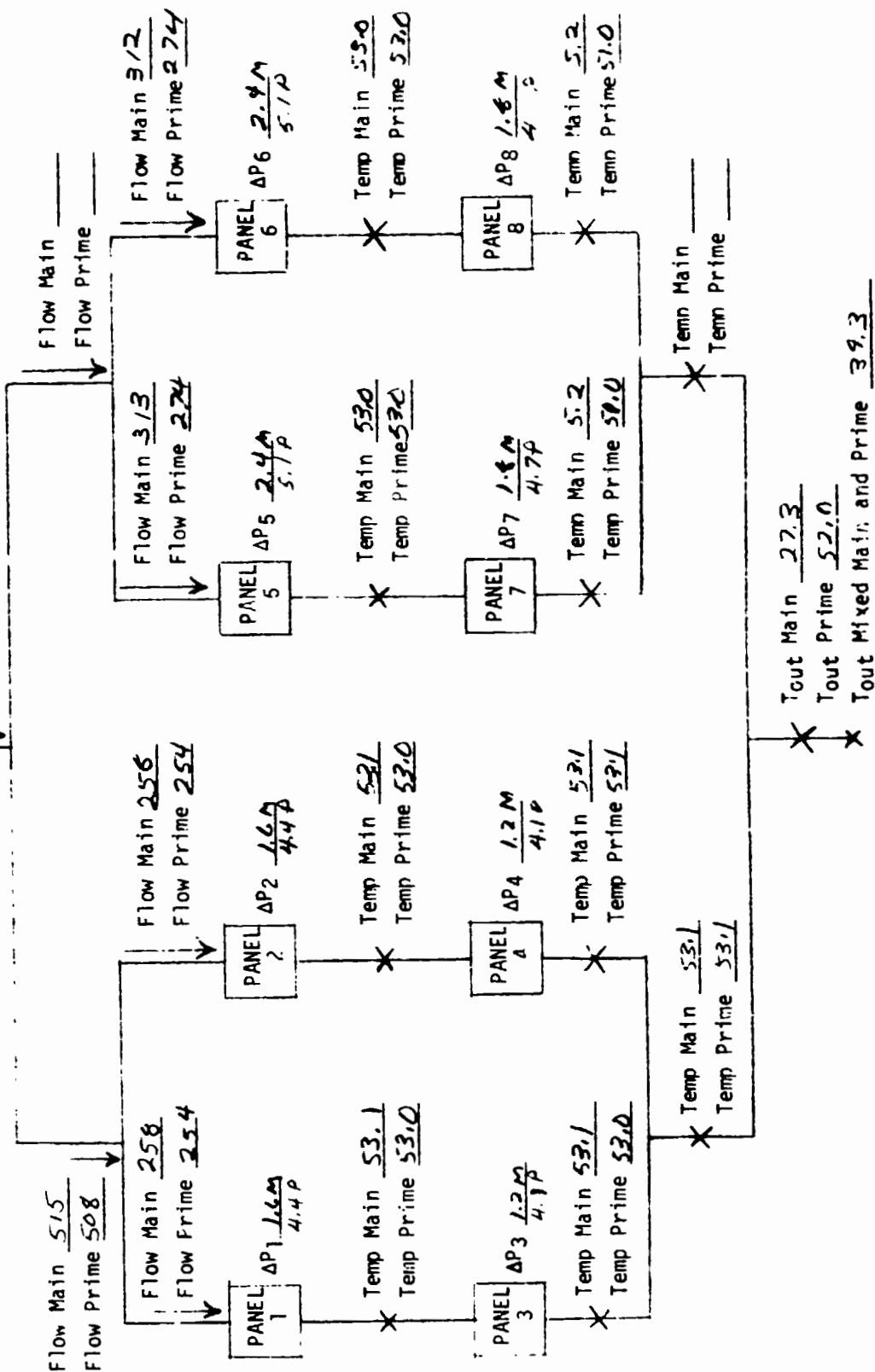
MAIN

PRIME

$$\text{FLOW X (T}_{in} - \text{T}_{out}) \times \text{Cp at } = \text{Q}_{rej} \text{ T}_{avg}$$

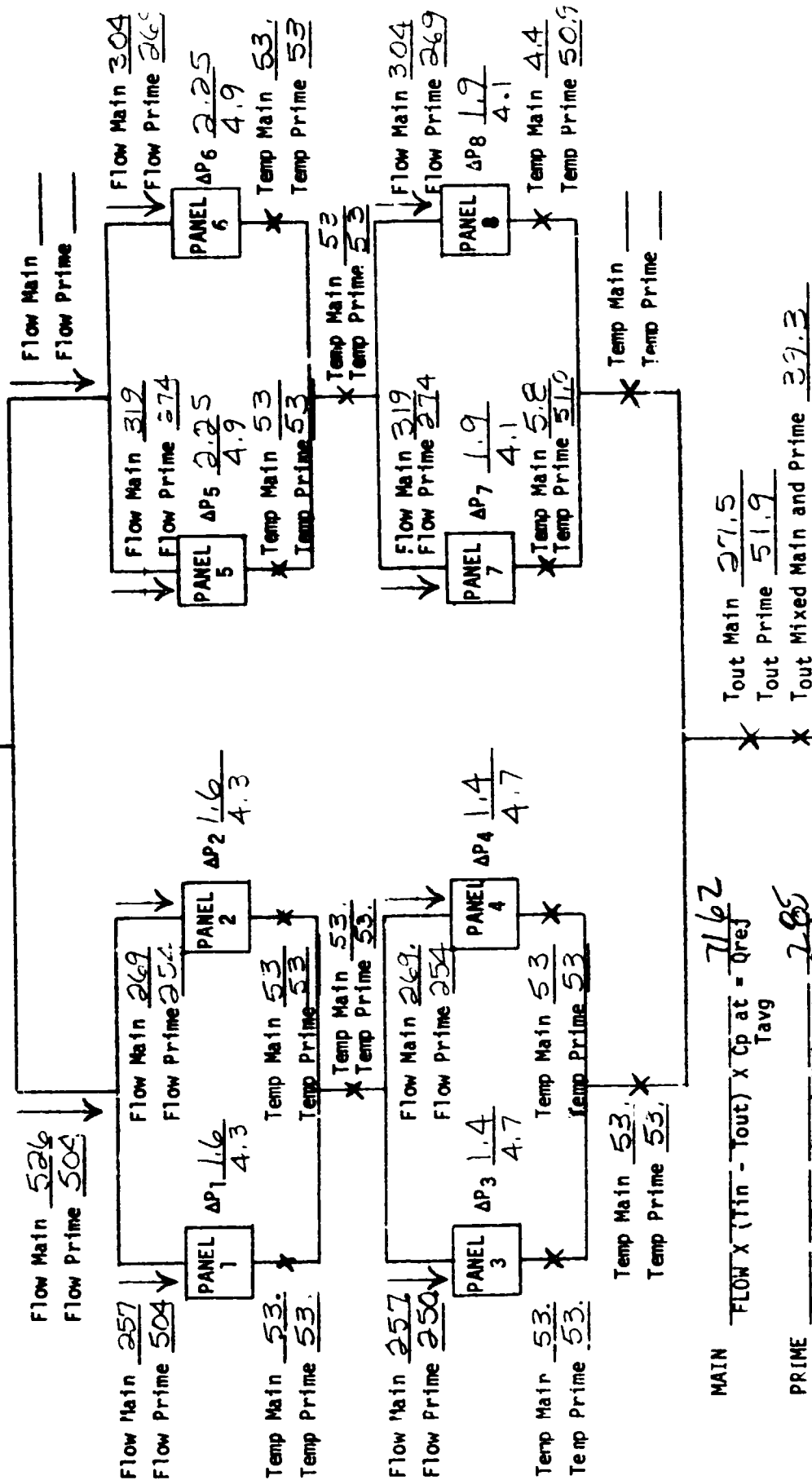
$$\text{FLOW X (T}_{in} - \text{T}_{out}) \times \text{Cp at } = \text{Q}_{rej} \text{ T}_{avg}$$

$$\text{Q}_{total}$$



CONFIGURATION 8
TEST POINTS 38

Tin Main 53.
 Tin Prime 53.
 Flow Main 1143
 Flow Prime 1047



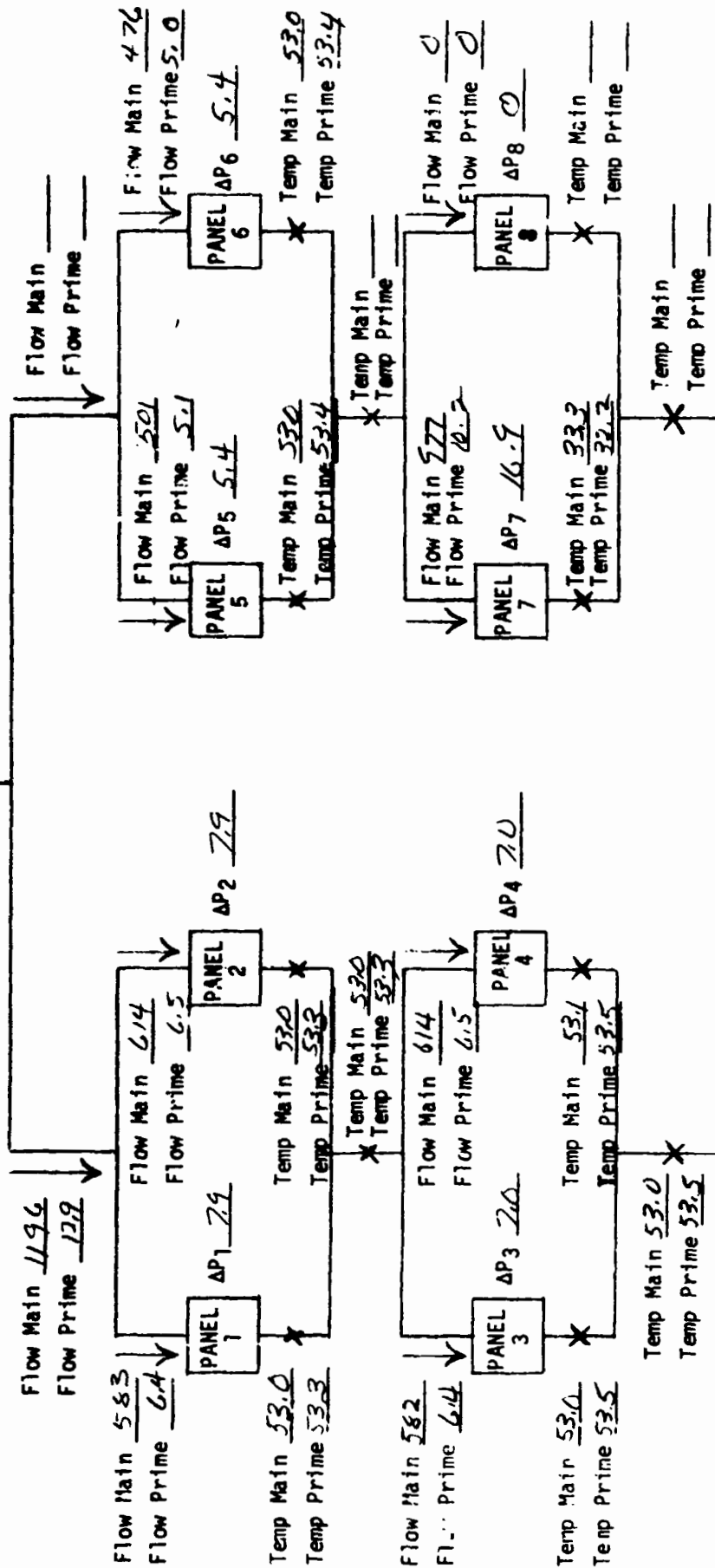
MAIN	$\frac{\text{FLOW} \times (\text{Tin} - \text{Tout}) \times \text{Cp at} = \text{Qref}}{\text{Tavg}}$	7162
PRIME	$\frac{\text{FLOW} \times (\text{Tin} - \text{Tout}) \times \text{Cp at} = \text{Qref}}{\text{Tavg}}$	7285
		<u>7447</u>
		Qtotal

WEEK 3 CONFIGURATION 6*

TEST TYPE 40 TEST POINTS 39

TOTAL FLOW 2300.16
SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 7.06
ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES SUN ON 4.5' TO CARPENTRY WITH PANELS 746 SIAK 1472

Tin Main 53
Tin Prime 53
Flow Main 3173
Flow Prime 233

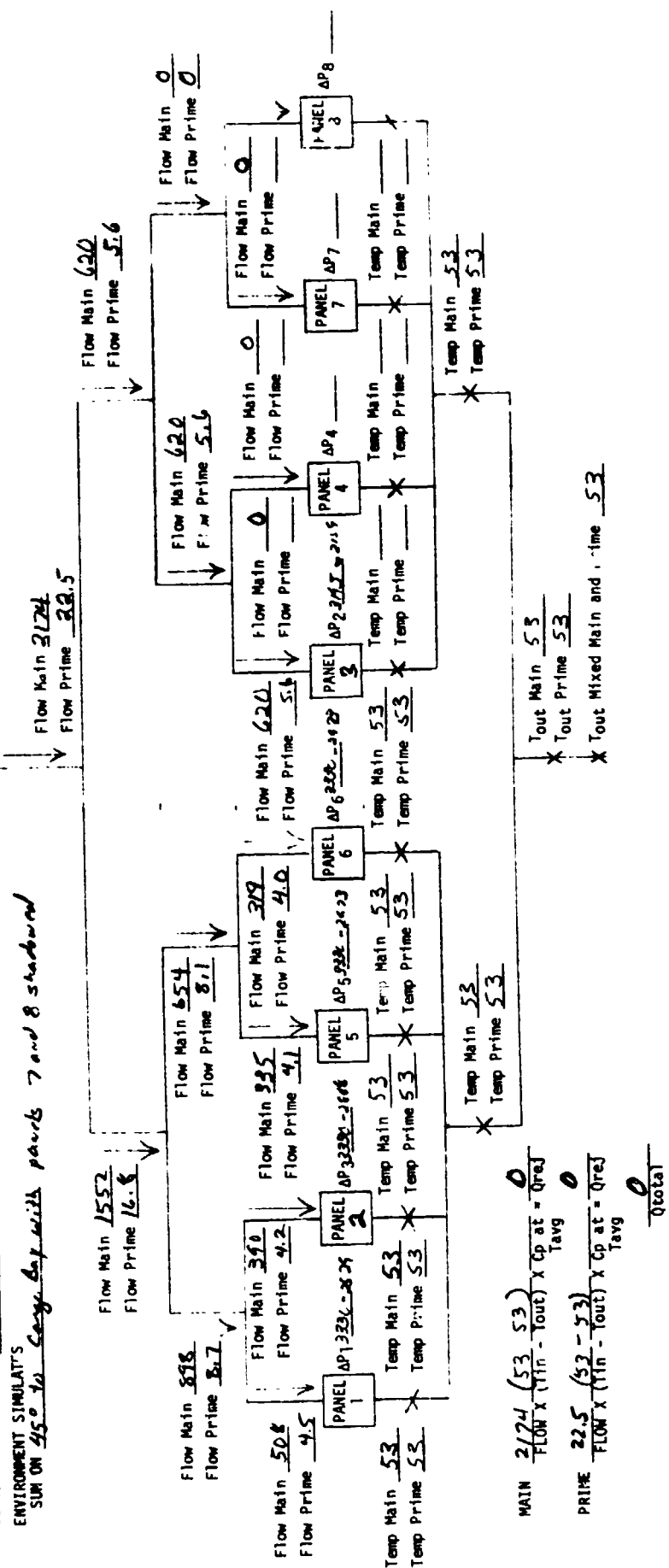


MAIN $\text{FLOW} \times (\text{Tin} - \text{Tout}) \times \text{Cp at } = \text{Qreq}$
Tavg

PRIME $\text{FLOW} \times (\text{Tin} - \text{Tout}) \times \text{Cp at } = \text{Qreq}$
Tavg

4656
50
4706
Qtotal

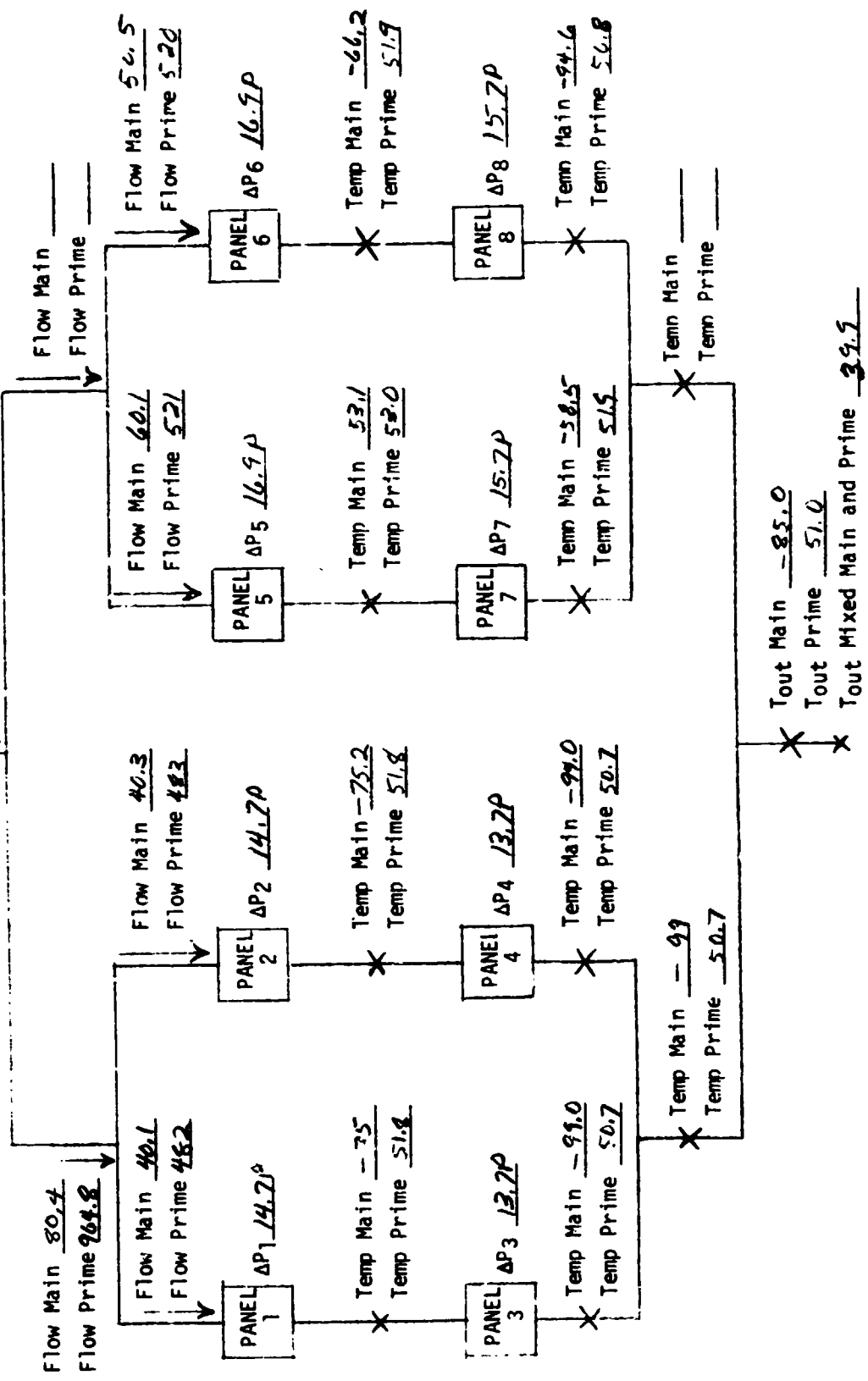
ENVIRONMENT SIMULAT'S
SUM ON 45° to carry day with parks 7 and 8 shadowed

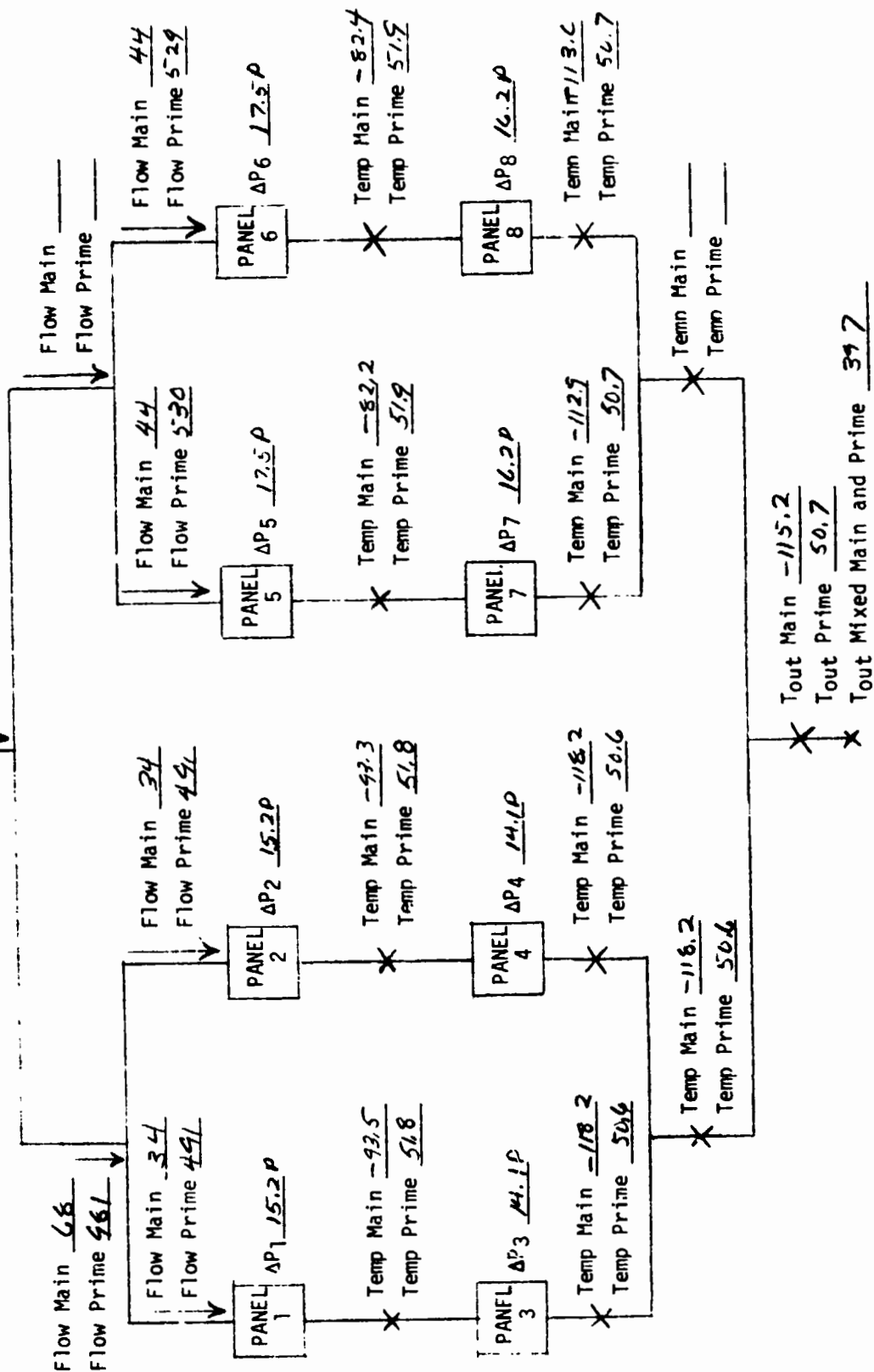


WEEK 3
 TEST TIME 5864
 TOTAL FLOW 2200 1416
 SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 2000
 ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES 12,346
 SUN ON 45° TO CAR60 BAY, 165 shadowed

CONFIGURATION Y
 TEST POINTS 42
 T_{in} Main 53
 T_{in} Prime 53
 Flow Main 191
 Flow Prime 2005

MAIN
 FLOW X (T_{in} - T_{out}) X Cp at T_{avg} 6222
 PRIME
 FLOW X (T_{in} - T_{out}) X Cp at T_{avg} 991
 7212
 Q_{total}

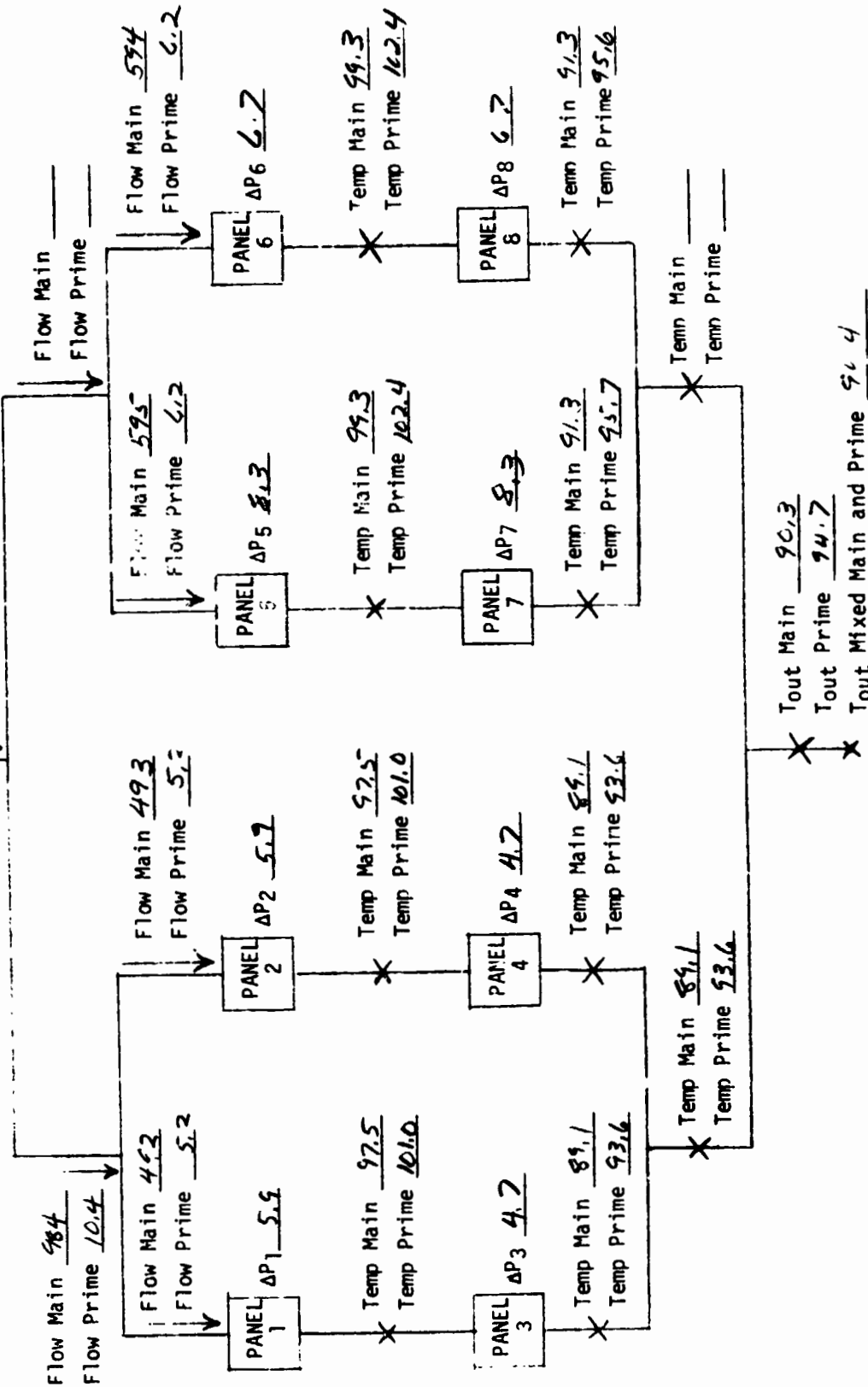


$$\begin{array}{r} 6164 \\ \text{FLOW X (Tin - Tout) X Cp at = Qrej} \\ \text{Tavg} \end{array}$$


WEEK 3
 TEST TIME 28
 TOTAL FLOW 220016/14
 SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 20,000
 ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES
 SUN ON CARGO BAY

CONFIGURATION Y
 TEST POINTS 44

MAIN $\text{FLOW} \times (\text{Tin} - \text{Tout}) \times \text{Cp at} = \text{Qrej}$
 Tavg 11850
 PRIME $\text{FLOW} \times (\text{Tin} - \text{Tout}) \times \text{Cp at} = \text{Qrej}$
 Tavg 98
11948
 Qtotal



WEEK 3
TEST TIME 84 hr
TOTAL FLOW 2200 #/hr
SIMULATED HEAT LOAD 70K
ENVIRONMENT SIMULATES CARGO BAY
SUN ON _____

X
T_{1n} Main LLL
T_{1n} Prime LLL

Flow Main 2174
Flow Prime 42

